For All Your
INSURANCE NEEDS
CONSULT
The Union Life
& General Insurance Co., Ltd.
FORT, BOMBAY.
LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, ACCIDENT.
Write TODAY for Agency Terms and Conditions.

Regd. No. B. 1665

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Air Surcharge 6 Pies

VOL. XXXVIII NO. 174 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

INSURE YOUR
LIFE AND PROPERTY
WITH
EAST & WEST
INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY
EVERYBODY DOES IT

More Hunger Deaths Reported

BUT MUNSHI SAYS, DON'T PANIC

Food Situation Said To Be Uneasy

NEW DELHI, July 25.

WHILE FOOD MINISTER MUNSHI WAS SAYING THAT THERE WAS NO CAUSE "WHATSOEVER" FOR PANIC IN REGARD TO INDIA'S FOOD SITUATION AND DISMISSING ALL TALK OF IMPENDING FAMINE AS "BASELESS", TWENTYFIVE DEATHS "FROM MALNUTRITION" WERE REPORTED FROM VARIOUS VILLAGES IN THE PURNEA DISTRICT OF BIHAR.

A member of the district board recorded that starvation deaths were occuring in many places in Bihar. The food situation in many villages in Kishanganj, he said was alarming. It was sated that many people are having a meal after an interval of three or four days.

One death from starvation has been reported from Ranga village in Gopalpur (Bihar). Acute food scarcity prevails in the Bhagalpur district. The President of the Bhagalpur District Congress Committee stated today that starvation had begun stalking three thanas in the district; he also mentioned cases of looting of food.

Other reports of the food situation in the country included:—

MADRAS: A Food Department spokesman said that the stocks of rice with the Madras Government were "fast dwindling". Complaints from five districts have reached the Government that ration shops in rural areas have of late been unable to maintain the supply of foodgrains to people. A supply of 80,000 tons of rice is awaited from the Government of India, who have been pressed further to increase the rice allotment.

HYDERABAD: The food procurement target of 100,000 tons by the end of September will still leave this State short of its requirements by 9,000 tons.

BOMBAY: Civil Supplies Minister Dinkarrao Desai gave a 'categorical assurance" that none in Bombay State would starve, "and for that matter none could afford to starve in Bombay with its hudred and odd textiles mills." Six-anna lunch baskets available easily in numeorus kiosks were forecast.

AHMEDABAD: Our correspondent wires that a businessman of Nadiad has accepted the challenge of Mr. Dinkarrrao Desai to bring out foodgrains fsom the blackmarket. This businessman has offered to unearth 500 tons of grains if he is not victimised or prosecuted under the rationing rules. It is understood that he has forwarded his offer to the Minister.

KARWAR: Our correspondent wires that Collector Jadhav has stated that the food supply position in Karwar district is satisfactory.

(Detailed reports on Page 7)

Villagers Go Hungry

MADRAS, July 25 (PTI). NEARLY 200 persons from a village in Salem taluk marched in a procession to the Collector's office yesterday morning and represented to him that they had no food supplies during the last week, according to a report received here from Salem.

The villagers presented a memorandum to the Collector stating that during the last three weeks the supply of foodgrains in the three ration shops in their village had been very unsatisfactory and last week no supply was made at all and that they were starving.

The Collector assured them that he would take immediate steps to rush supplies to the village.

Sowing Goes Well

BOMBAY, Tuesday: Good rains nearly all over Bombay State have helped resumption of agricultural operations and reports received from the four main divisions of the State show that the general sowing and transplanting work is satisfastory.

Except in Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Bijapur, the rains have been heavy and widespread.

In Gujarat division sowing and other agricultural work has, however, been held up by heavy rains in Baroda, Panch Mahals, Kheda, Broach, Surat and Ahmedabad districts. Slight damage has also been caused to the bajri, cotton and paddy crops in Ahmedabad and Baroda districts.

STOP THAT BEETLE!

SECUNDERABAD, July 25. (UPI): Hispa, a small bluish-black beetle, has been reported to be causing damage to paddy nurseries in Nizamabad, Meda and Hyderabad districts. If this pest is not checked in time, it is feared, it will spread to the transplanted crop and consequently cause considerable loss in yield.

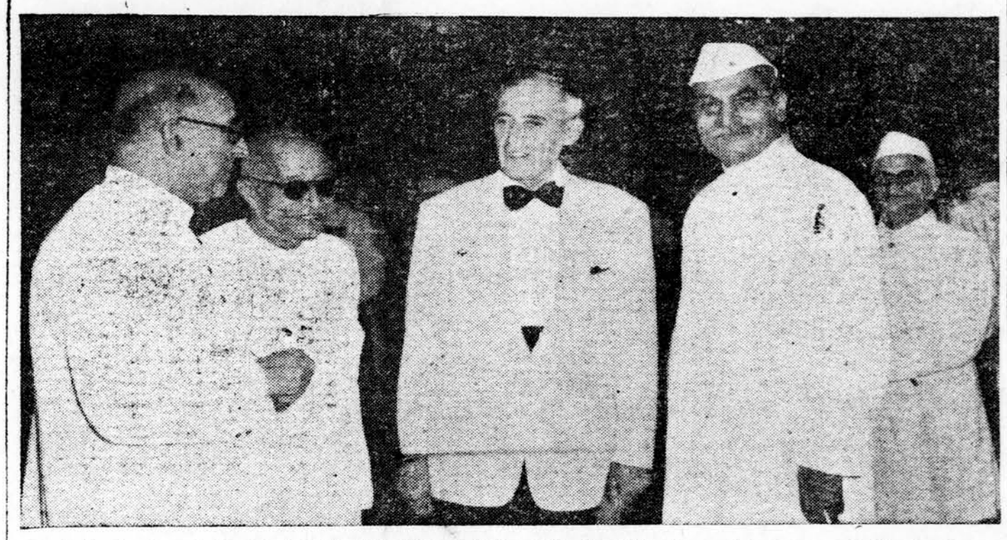
The plant protection staff of the Department of Agriculture has already attended to reports of hispa attack on paddy, says a press note issued today.

BRITISH AID TO U.N. IN KOREA

LONDON, July 5. (PTI-Reuter): The British Cabinet was believed to have considered at a meeting today to what extent Britain could give further aid to the United Nations forces in Korea.

The Cabinet was also said to have considered the question of tightening up measures to prevent sabotage at home following the announcement yesterday in Parliament that the fire and explosions in the naval base of Portsmouth on July 14 were caused by sabotage.

State Banquet For Liaquat Ali



Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Republic of India, held the State Banquet in honour of His Excellency Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan, at Government House, New Delhi on July 22. Photo shows H.E. Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan with the Hon'ble Mr. Rajagopalachari, Sir Owen Dixon, U.N. Mediator on Kashmir, Dr. Rajendra Prasad and the Hon'ble Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India.

Cholera Now Under Check

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Health Officer of the Bombay Municipality stated today that while the cholera position was now under check, the "cycle" would take another two or three weeks to spend itself.

With the admission of three fresh cases of cholera today and 28 yesterday, the total number of patients under treatment in the Arthur Road Hospital as at today, is 192.

Twenty-six patients were discharged from the hospital yesterday and four today. Five deaths were recorded yesterday and one this morning.

It is learnt that the work of the hospial is consibrably complicated by a number of patients suffering from diaorrhoea, seeking admission on the suspicion that they have cholera.

More Cases In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 25. (PTI): Deaths from cholera recorded a sharp rise in Calcutta last week, 73 as against 50 the week before according to the city health authorities.

A spokesman of the Calcutta Corporation said today the large influx of displaced persons, consequent insanitation and scanty water supply were accentuating the incidence of the disease. About one third of the cases were imported, he added.

Over 7,00,000 displaced persons are in the city, in addition to many more living in the suburbs, he said.

20 Deaths In Ujjain

INDORE: Cholera which broke out in Ujjain town last week is rapidly spreading and about 100 seizures and twenty deaths have so far been reported.

A team of fifteen doctors is being drafted for anti-cholera measures. About 21,000 persons have already been inoculated in the town.

WANTED A FINANCIAL DICTATOR

STRINGENCY NOT YET OVER

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 25.

THE three-monthly review of budgetary position recently concluded., has brought into broad relief the warning given by Dr. John Matthai, former Finance, Minister, that the "budgetary position is more difficult now than at the time I presented the Budget", it is learnt here.

The Ministry of Finance, as already reported, has recently warned all sister ministries that financial stringency was not yet over and therefore they should not undertake any fresh expenditure.

The Finance Ministry is expected to issue a further directive that schemes already approved, if not already undertaken, should not be launched; should be suspended if they were in their initial stages, or should be spread over a longer period than already approved of, if they were already in progress.

The important issue, however, is who would enforce the directive. Reference is made to Dr. Matthai's disclosure that "there is a general tendency among ministries today to disregard the authoriy of the Standing Finance Committee and to adopt proposals of expenditure either without or in anticipation of its approval."

One view here is that unless the authority of the Finance Ministry were restored to its normal and constitutional stature, it would be extremely difficult to resist inflationary forces which are threatening the economy of the country at present.

A sort of financial dictator with full powers to stop or curtail grants of any Ministry is suggested. The coming weeks will see Cabinet reactions to the Finance Ministry's economy plan.

U.S. Not Disappointed

LAKE SUCCESS, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Ernest Gross, deputy United States delegate to the United Nations said here today the United States was not disappointed at the response from United Nations members to the request from Secretary-General Trygve Lie for ground forces for Korea.

He added it was only fair to point out that because the United Nations and United States got under way quickly in the Korean conflict, the world expected others to do so.

Lie's Appeal For Troops

The Pakistan Prime Minister told reporters on his arrival that Mr. Trygve Lie's request for forces for Korea "would now be considered".

It had not yet been considered, he added, because he had been away.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said the question of Kashmir minorities and evacuee property had been discussed. He did not know what Sir Owen Dixon's next move would be.

CONSOLIDATE OUR UNITY

Nehru's Call

NEW DELHI, July 25 (UPI): Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru today called upon the peoples to foster the 'fundamental unity", which, he said was the basis of the very existence of a nation.

In a vast country like India, said he, there were bound to be slight diversities. Obviously there could be no regimentation. But unless all were agreed on one unified basis, the nation just could not make any headway.

Pandit Nehru, who was speaking at an Id re-union function in New Delhi this evening, said that the world today was torn by strife and conflict. There was tension and uncertainty and nobody knew what might happen.

As a matter of fact, the Prime Minister went on, the world was sitting on the top of a valcano. In such circumstance they in India had an important role to play, they had to consolidate their fundamental national unity in the context of the international developments. "For doinng that it is essential that we should concentrate on great and fundamental things and not entangle ourselves in minor trappings", he added.

About 300 guests including President Dr. Prasad, Cabinet Ministers and leading citizens and officials belonging to all communities, were present at the function.

Arrests In Damascus

DAMASCUS, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): About 500 Communist demonstrators were arrested after a clash with the police at Kamishlya in the Djezira area of North Syria today.

There were casualties on both sides after the police had encircled the demonstrators who were protesting against "American aggression in Korea".

YANKS RETREAT FROM YONGDONG

Terrific Onslaughts By Reds

THREE-FOURTHS OF SOUTH KOREA CAPTURED

WITH MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS IN KOREA, WEDNESDAY JULY 26, (PTI-REUTER):

POWERFUL NORTH KOREAN FORCES TODAY THREATENED FROM THREE SIDES THE LAST QUARTER OF SOUTH KOREA HELD BY THE UNITED NATIONS FORCES.

General MacArthur's midnight communique though not mentioning the fall of Yongdong on Tuesday forecast that further withdrawal may be necessary in the western and central sectors.

In the centre, the badly mauled 24th American Division fell back from Yongdong after bloody fighting to take up new positions further south along the main road and railway line to Taegu, South Korea's temporray capital.

In the deep south-west, North Koreans swept round the coast and turned east to threaten the underbelly of their defence. Down the east coast, the invaders pressed hard from Communist-held Yongdong towards the American beachhead at Pohang.

NEW CONCENTRATIONS

The fall of Yongdong had cleared a key obstacle from the path of powerful Communist forces heading southwards down the main road and railway line towards Taegu. New concentrations of North Korean armour and transport were found and battered by allied planes at Hamchang, 35 miles north-east of the Yongdong battle area.

In the south-west, the Northerners sliced almost unopposed through the water-soaked plains. With Kwanju, Haenam and Kurye firmly in their hands, they were posed to strike along three main highways at Sunchon, vital road and rail junction directly linked with Pusan.

At Yongdong, one of the grimmest battles of the Korean war so far, ended with a desperate rearguard action to protect the withdrawal of the main body of American forces to new positions further south, astride the road and railway line to Taegu. American soldiers, attacked from these sides, fought tenaciously under withering North Korean fire to hold open an escape route.

GIs began retreating from Yongdong when tanks suddenly appeared in the town, and hordes of Communist infantry overwhelmed the American frontlines. Reports from the battle area said wave after wave of North Korean infantry in hundreds rolled forward, undaunted by American guns pumping shells into them over open sights.

Anglo-American naval task force, meantime, launched lightning air strikes against military targets in the south-west corner of Korea, where North Korean forces have been cutting through the defences of Korean police and small army units.

Fortyfour sorties were made from the decks of carriers under a protective screen of British-manned aircraft.

Further withdrawals of United States forces on the road linking Yongdong to Taegu may be necessary, General MacArthur's communique said at midnight.

THE BOOTY

TOKYO, July 25 (UPI). NORTH KOREAN High Command's communique issued today a long list of trophies captured from American forces during the last two days: 479 lorries, 9 tanks, 27 armoured cars and huge quantities of guns, howitzers, machine-guns, radio sets and mountains of ammunition, including a train load of military stores.

Another communique stated the names of various superior officers and the number of G.I. prisoners captured. It contained a claim that the People's Army continued the offensive on all fronts.

NO "SECRET, PERSONAL APPEAL"

NEW DELHI, July 25, (UPI). A spokesman of the External Affairs Ministry today denied knowledge of any "secret personal appeal" from Prime Minister Pandit Nehru to the U. S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, "in a further effort to have Communist China seated in the United Nations."

The spokesman, who was commenting on a Washington report mentioning this move, said that the last communication addressed by the Prime Minister to Mr. Acheson was the letter which he sent on July 19, in reply to Mr. Acheson's letter to him of the 18th No Communication of any kind, he stated, had been made to Mr. Acheson by the Prime Minister after that.

ROUTINE CALL

LONDON: Official Indian quarters here today denied reports that the Indian Goverment had made further moves in connection with the Korean issue through diplomatic channels in London. Indian officials today denied that the High Commissioner was making any further attempts. They stated he made a routine call on the Soviet Ambassador last Tuesday and that this visit was not in any way connected with the Korean situation.

An Incomplete U.N.

ISTANBUL, July 25. (PTI-Reuter): Indian proposals in regard to the settlement of the Korean question were made not to please one bloc or the other, "but for Humanity and world peace," Mr. C. S. Jha, Indian Ambassador to Turkey, told a press conference here.

"Our impression is that the United Nations is not a complete establishment, as it is today," he said.

"That is why we request that Communist China should be admitted."

Summons On Australian Publisher

SYDNEY, July 25. (PTI-Reuter): The Australian Government today served a summons on the publisher of the Australian Communist Party newspaper "Tribune", charging him with using seditious words in a number of articles in the newspaper on the Korean war.

The publisher is Mr. William Fardon Burns, a member of the Waterside Workers' Federation.

DIXON MEETS C.R.

NEW DELHI, July 25, (UPI): The U. N. Mediator on Kashmir, Sir Owen Dixon, who is staying on in Delhi, met Mr. C. Rajgopalachari, Minister without Portfolio, this afternoon at the latter's residence and was with him for nearly two hours.

The Mediator's programme has not yet been fixed. According to U.N. circles in Delhi, he is expected to stay here "for sometime more" until he decides upon his his next move.

Squatters Get Land Near Wadala

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay have passed orders allowing the use of a plot of land near Wadala to those people who have been ejected from the tenements demolished recently at the Mahim causeway.

This concession, according to the order, has been given to them upto the end of the monsoon.

Dr. M. S. Bakshi, Secretary of the Greater Bombay Tenants' Union who was one of the accused in the Samudra Mahal Trespass Case" was found guilty and convicted by Mr. V. K. Muranjan, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court today. Dr. Bakshi was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default to suffer further imprisonment for two weeks.

The case against Dr. Bakshi was that on July 22 last he, along with 200 other persons, unlawfully entered the palace of the Maharaja of Gwalior at Mahalaxmi and occupied one of the halls of the palace.

Dr. Bakshi and his companions were asked to leave the palace by the Palace Superintendent, but they refused to do so, whereupon police help was sought.

The police officer who went to the spot asked the accused and others to leave the palace, but they refused to do so. About 60 of them were then taken into custody while the rest left the palace.

Dr. Bakshi, pleading not guilty to the charge, in his written statement said that the object of the organisation of which he was the secretary, among other things, was to bring about improvement in the present deplorable housing conditions and to impress upon the Government the urgent necessity of providing adequate housing accommodation to the thousands of homeless people in Greater Bombay.

TOKEN DEMONSTRATION

The statement further said that the Bombay Government had failed to provide alternative accommodation to those persons who were dislodged from their hutments at Mahim. They had entered the palace to make a token demonstration and had no intention to annoy any one.

The Magistrate in his judgment observed that the intention of the accused was clear. He wanted to remain in the palace and was bodily lifted and removed from there.

"No doubt," the Magistrate further observed, "social order was one of the duties of the State. Happiness of the people would be an objective before the State, but if, for any reason, the State is unable to cater, the citizens need not think that Article 38 of

(Continued on page 7)

Plebiscite Only Solution To Kashmir Issue

LIAQUAT ON DELHI TALKS

KARACHI, July 25, (PTI).

MR. LIAQUAT ALI KHAN, Prime Minister of Pakistan, arrived here this afternoon after a five-day talks at Delhi with Prime Minister Nehru and Sir Owen Dixon, United Nations Mediator, on Kashmir.

He told pressmen at the airport that he would sum up the Kashmir talks in three words 'Nishastan, Guftan, Burkhastan" we met, we talked and we dispersed.

Answering a question, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said that he was sure that the Kashmir talks would have no repurcussions on other matters relating to India. "It is our policy to have settlement in all matters and we will continue our efforts."

Asked if there were other methods than a plebiscite to settle the Kashmir question, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said that a plebiscite alone could provide a solution as it was accepted by India, Pakistan and the Security Council. He added that the talks would be continued in Karachi but no date had been fixed so far.

NO-WAR PROPOSAL

Asked whether the two Prime Ministers discussed Pandit Nehru's "no-war declaration" proposal, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said he replied to the proposal in February last and was still awaiting a reply to that from Pandit Nehru.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan said that he had discussion with the Indian Prime Minister on the Delhi agreement. The flow of refugees, he added, still continued on both sides and steps would be taken to stop it.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS per word

Plus advt.-tax at one anna

Per rupee

Minimum Rs. 1/8

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

M. T. B. College, Surat:—Wanted a Lecturer in Mathematics. Scale Rs. 150-10-300 plus Dearness Allowance at Government Rate. Apply immediately to the Principal stating precisely qualifications (with subjects and classes), age, minimum salary acceptable and experience of teaching in colleges (names to be mentioned.) (8304)

Wanted hardworking Canvassers for getting orders for printing and book binding on commission basis. Apply Dhanalakshmi Press, Jayabharat Building, Khetgalli off Gokhale Road. 1987

Wanted an Engineer with workshop experience of at least 3 years, preferably in a Cycle Factory. Pay Rs. 250/- to Rs. 450/- with free furnished quarters and facility of a joint Mess if desired; Good future prospects, A higher salary can be considered for a more experienced and qualified person. Apply giving full details. with testimonials to Box No. 1977 "The Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for special making up classes now starting for late entries, for Specialised and General Commerce Diploma Courses suitable for Graduates, Undergraduates and others. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (1989)

Learn Shorthand by post in 6 weeks, practical training. Booklet free. India College of Shorthand, Guntur. 1954

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

BOOKS AND PERIODICALS

"Guide to Health". An 84 page book explaining how to prevent and treat diseases easily, quickly and economically. The book is running in its 16th edition and, as one doctor of repute has said, "It is worth its weight in gold". Send as. 8 in postage stamps. J. & J. Dechane. Hyderabad—Dn (8167)

MEDICAL ADLET

Save Millions from Snake Bite by giving immediate first-aid and administering "Snakam", the famous Inhalant Rs. 4/- per 4 drams. Free Booklet. Cotton & Co., Colgong. E. I. Ry. Loop., Bihar. (1997)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

A Mill on Sale:— The following Machinery and Tools, one cotton Press, 16 Ginning Machine, one Opener, 3 Rice Hullers, 12 Oil Kolloos (Amritsar Type) 95 H.P. Ruston Oil Engine. Cold Start. Apply for terms to Bool Chand Karori Mal, Oil Mills, Shamli, Dt. Muzaffarnagar. 1983

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to: Mr. G. S. Monga, Ltd. Post Box No. 119, Baroda. (1994)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure orders from Schools and Colleges for Ink Powder. Anil Ink Manufacturing Company, Shah Khaki, Meerut. (1995)

Wanted Agents and Distributors for Indo-Quinine and other Medicines. Indo-Quinine Manufacturing Company, Jattiwara, Meerut. (1996)

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Co., Howrah. (8052)

PHOTOGRAPHS FOR SALE

Beautiful Collection of Rare Art Photographs for sale: Send Re 1 for sample:— Mukherjee, 65A—1 Nimtola Calcutta. 1988

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Accounts Writing Regularly, preparing final accounts, returns of Income-tax and Sales-Tax undertaken by experienced graduate accountant, on Part-time Contract basis. Apply Bombay Chronicle Box No. 1986.

PUBLIC NOTICES

3 PER CENT BOMBAY STATE DEVELOPMENT LOAN 1960

ISSUE PRICE RS. 99 AS. 8 PER CENT.

Open At 10 A. M. (Indian Standard Time) On 31st July, 1950 For ONE DAY Only.

The loan will be closed as soon as a total of approximately Rs. 3 Crores has been subscribed, and in any case not later than the close of business on the 31st July, 1950.

The applications will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, at Bombay, Calcutta, Delhi and Madras and at the Branches of the Imperial Bank of India in the State of Bombay.

Full particulars can be obtained at any of the Offices or branches mentioned above or at any Treasury or Sub-Treasury in the State of Bombay.

(8300)

INDIA EQUITABLE INSURANCE CO. LTD.

Head Office: CALCUTTA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN for information of the public that this Company has severed all connections with Mr. Anthony F. D'Costa, formerly Controller of Agencies at its Bombay Organisation and they are requested not to make any transaction with him in the affairs of this Company. (8302)

THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 51696 on the life of CHIMANLAL CHHOTALAL DESAI, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date.

T. C. KAPUR, Manager.

Bombay Mutual Building, Fort, Bombay.
Date: 5/5/50 (1804)

LEGAL NOTICES

BEFORE THE ADDITIONAL SUBORDINATE JUDGE MASULIPATNAM

O.S. No. 37 of 1950

ACHANTA SATYANARAYANA .... Plaintiff.

(1) SHAH MAKKAJI VIRCHAND, a firm, (2) SAKALCHAND ROOPCHAND, (3) MAKKAJEE NANLALJI, (4) VIRCHAND RATNAJI, (5) PRATAPCHAND JEEVANMAL, 68, Sutar Chawl, Bombay .... Defendants.

To the abovenamed defendants

TAKE NOTICE that the suit filed against you stands posted to 16-8-1950 at 11 a.m. for your appearance. If you fail to appear the suit will be decided exparte.

S. V. SURYANARAYANA and S. M. PRASAD
Counsel for Plaintiff.

Masulipatam 19-7-1950.

NOTICE

ZINC OXIDE (Secondary Grade) Manufactured by Rohm and Haas Co., U.S.A., available from ready stock. Please ask for sample and other details: Amritlal & Co. Ltd., P. O. Box 256, Bombay. (8301)

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT

O. O. C. J.

I. C. No. 174 of 1950.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913.

and

In the matter of INDUSTRIAL ALLIANCE LTD.

M. A. HAFIZ SIDDIQUI and Anr. ..... Petitioners.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition for the winding up of the abovenamed Company by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay was on the 14th day of April, 1950, presented to the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee by M. A. Hafiz Siddiqui and Hakim Siddiqui creditors of the said Company. And that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Hon'ble the Sitting Judge (In Chambers) on the 25th day of August 1950; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company, desirous either to oppose or support the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same, by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 26th day of July, 1950.

GODAMBE & JOGLEKAR,
Attorneys for the Petitioners (8302)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF GITA PICTURES WITH ITS IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT MARAVALI VILLAGE CHIMBOOR.

SALE ON SATURDAY 5TH AUGUST 1950, AT 4 P.M. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

Messrs. Sorabjee Cowasjee & Co., under instructions from Messrs. Patel and Ezakiel, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, Bai Jivibai, daughter of Abdulhussain Bandukwalla and wife of Gulamhussain Esufally Bandukwalla and another and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors, Messrs. Rameshkumar Nanalal Vyas and Ambalal Bapuji Shah, trading in partnership under the name and style of "Gita Pictures" will sell by Public Auction on the above stated day the following:—

Land with buildings standing thereon admeasuring about 11,763 sq. yds. lying and situate in the Village of Maravali Chimboor, bearing survey No. 21, Hissa No. 2, and assessed at Rs. 5-12/- and survey No. 22 Hissa No. 4 assessed at 3-6-0 in South Salsette Taluka, Bombay Suburban District, and in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and whole property being divided by the Tata line passing through.

(1) Together with one sound recording machine with accessories which recording machine is fitted in Chevrolet Truck bearing No. BMT 3656 and Battery Charger.
(2) One lorry No. BMY 9440:
(3) One Station Wagon No. BMX 7285.
(4) All building materials lying on the premises.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the abovementioned Solicitors, Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, Hornby Road, Fort, or from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows St.

AUCTION SALE of the right, title and interest of Cassamally Munji, the deceased Debtor in the valuable property at Samuel Street, (Khoja Moholla) with the consent of the Mortgagees will take place (TO-DAY) Wednesday, 26-7-50 at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the premises.

The sale will be confirmed by the Official Assignee on the spot.

BENNETT & CO. (8302)

'REVENGEFUL ACTION AGAINST THE PRESS'

5 Karachi Papers Deplore Pakistan Officials' Step

KARACHI, July 25, (PTI).

FIVE leading daily newspapers in Karachi in a joint editorial today accused the Pakistan authorities of attempting to intimidate the Press "through secret gerrymandering, direct pressure, and revengeful action."

The papers are: the "Civil and Military Gazette", "Anjam", "Jung", "Imroz", and "Millat."

The joint editorial follows the arrest and release of the proprietor of a Karachi Urdu newspaper, who had been asked to vacate the newspaper's premises, but declined to do so.

The Administrator of Karachi stated that his arrest was not conected with his journalistic activity, and on furnishing an undertaking to vacate his premises, he was promptly released.

Pleading for "the fullest scope and freedom fo ventilation of the aspirations of the common man', the joint editorial added, "certain elements in Pakistan's public life are, however, attempting to limit the scope of unfettered expression of views and fearless expression of opinion, and are making frantic efforts to convert journalism into the handmaid of personal loyalties."

Accusing such "elements" of being "blatantly dictatorial and fascistic", the five papers stated that those who were deluded into thinking that the free Press of Pakistan could be coerced by the might of repressive legislation were ignorant of the lessons of the past.

The papers warned that whenever there was any encroachment upon fundamental rights they would all unite to prevent their rights being dissipated.

RECOVERY OF LOANS FROM D.P's

Centre's Note To States

NEW DELHI, July 25 (UPI): The Government of India have asked all the State Governments who are resettling displaced persons from East and West Pakistan, to consider enactment of legislation wherever necessary for the recovery of loans advanced to the displaced persons as if these advances were arrears of land revenue.

This step has been necessitated because a number of cases have come to the Government's notice where displaced persons, after receiving rehabilitation loans left the jurisdiction of the State where they got the loan for resettlement in other states, without refunding the loan money or even informing the State Government of their new address.

PROGRESS DURING LAST 3 YEARS

AICC Publications

NEW DELHI, July 25 (UPI): The publications department of the A.I.C.C. Secretariat are busy bringing out two publications entitled "The Third Year of Freedom" and "The Chief Ministers Speak", which will be available to the delegates during the Nasik Congress Session.

The first one will contain details of the progres msade by the country in general, with particular references to the various States of the country, during the last three years of independence.

The second publication. which is a novel endeavour, is being brought out to make available to the people of India on the occasion of the 56th annual session of the Indian National Congress an over all account of the achievements of the various Ministries both at the Centre and in the States written by the Chief Ministers themselves.

INDEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATIONS

JULLUNDUR, July 25 (UPI): The Punjab Government has in a circular to the Commissioner, Jullundur Division, laid down the official programme of the Independence Day to be celebrated on August 15.

According to this circular letter, there will be no military parades on this occasion this year. National flags will be flown on all public buildings and there will be no restrictions on the flying of flags on house tops by members of the public on that day.

Public Enquiry Into Sadhu-Police Clash

PURI, July 25 (UPI): The public enquiry into sadhu-police clash which was to be held immediately has been postponed to a further date, it is learnt.

Shri P. C. Mahanti, District Magistrate of Sundergarh, has been appointed by the State Governmnet to lead the enquiry.

In this connection police searched the house of Swami Vidyanand, exruler of Athgarh state in Orissa yesterday and seized some relevant papers.

Contest For Parliament Seat From Orissa

CUTTACK, July 25 (PTI): The Minister for Supply and Industry, Mr. Hare Krishna Mahatab, Mr. Sarat Patnaik (Communist) and Mr. Rajaram Dube (an independent from Sambalpur) filed their nomination papers today for the election of one member by the Orissa Assembly to the Union Parliament. The vacancy has been caused by the resignation of Mr. M. Pandit.

The election will take place on August 8.

Control Of 'Melas' In City

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Commissioner of Police, Greater Bombay, has framed rules for the control of 'melas' in the City. Under the rules, no one will be able to organise a mela without a permit from him.

Every application for a permit, which should be in writing, must be delivered at the office of the Superintendent of the Division in which the mela is organised, at least 21 days before the date of the festival concerned, together with the script of the songs, plays, etc., intended to be sung or performed at the mela. A fee of eight annas will be charged for every permit.

The rules prohibit the employment of boys or girls below the age of 10 and females over the age of 12 as artistes in melas.

A mela is defined as a team of two or more persons organised for the exhibition of music, dramatic, dancing, mimetic and other performances of public entertainment.

Asoka Mehta Criticises Madras Government

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Asoka Mehta, General Secretary of the Socialist Party, in a statement here today criticised the action of the Madras Government in arresting the leaders of the Hind Kisan Panchayat of Tamilnad and peasants who offered Satyagraha in Madura. He urged the Government to intervene and bring about a settlement of the dispute between the peasants and the landlords.

LABOUR CORPS IN WARDHA COLLEGE

Students Till Land

(From our Correspondent)

WARDHA, July 25.

History was made in Indian education when the Labour Corps of the Seksaria College, Wardha, was formally inaugurated by Principal S. N. Agarwal. About 30 students of the College constituting the Labour Corps have started cultivating about five acres of land in the College colony. Agricultural operations are being carried by the students under the guidance of a few professors of the College staif. The proceeds of agriculture at the end of the season will be distributed among the students according to the number of hours devoted to the agricultural work by each student. As the work goes on, more students are being attracted to the College Labour Corps. Prof. Bang and Prof. Hatekar are guiding the agricultural operations.

Grow More Food campaign has been started in the College hostels also. Students are being encouraged to grow as many vegetables as possible for their own use.

Inaugurating the College Labour Corps Principal Agarwal observed:

"In the United States of America about 50 per cent students earn their fees through different types of labour including hard-work in the fields and orchards. Even rich students engage in such work because they experience dignity of labour in earning while learning. Such work will not only help them financially but will also imbue them with the spirit of self-help, dignity of labour and national service. Without hardwork nothing great can be achieved. In India our main wealth is the labour of 35 crores of people. If we want to make the country rich, every one of us must work hard in fields, factories and workshops."

In the Seksaria College students are also encouraged to earn their expenses of College education through various types of work. Besides agriculture, they are provided work in the College library, College Bank, Sickness Insurance Society, the Lending Library, the Consumers' Society, the Village Service League, the Statistical Society, the College printing press, the College hostels, and the games department. Instead of giving them scholarships, the College authorities prefer to give them monthly allowances in lieu of their work in the abovementioned departments conducted by the College in the form of extra-curricular activities. The progress of this scheme of self-help and manual labour in the College will be followed with great interest.

OPPOSITION TO LABOUR RELATIONS BILL

Petition To Be Sent To Parliament

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A petition to Parliament to express opposition of the working class to the Labour Relation Bill and the Trade Unions Bill has been prepared by the Hind Mazdoor Sabha.

The Working Committee of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha, which met in Bombay on Sunday, decided to organize meetings all over India during the fortnight August 7 to August 21, to focus public attention on these two labour bills and to collect signatures of workers on the petition.

The Working Committe exepressed serious concern about the growing unemployment especially among the middle-classes, and directed unions in large cities like Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Delhi and Hyderabad to hold, in the near future, conferences to focus public attention on the middle-class unemployment and to help middle class employees to develop their organizational strength.

APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT

The recent rise in prices and the consequent increase in the cost of living was considered by the Working Committee. It was felt by the Working Committee that the Government should be advised to meet the situation in a firm manner. Steps must be taken to see that industrial units work to their full capacity. It will also be necessary to increase imports of essential articles to privide stockpiles by the Government to prevent speculative rise in prices. Rationing will not only have to be tightened up but its scope both in area and in articles may have to be extended. The Working Committee was unanimously of the opinion that an understanding must be reached with Pakistan that would enable normal trade relations to develop between the two countries, to help to check the rise in prices.

The Committee appealed to the workers to organise themselves into anti-profiteering squads for picketing demonstrations and other peaceful ways to combat blackmarketing and profiteering.

The Committee favoured a joint meeting with the representatives of the Hind Kisan Panchayat with a view to co-ordinate the activities of the two organisations.

The Committee accepted the invitation received from All-Pakistan Federation of Labour and Mr. H. R. Gokhale of Baroda, a member of the Working Committee of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha will be attending the Federations' Conference at Karachi on 19th and 20th of August."

Railwaymen To Discuss Labour Bills

MADRAS, July 25 (UPI): The Working Committee of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation will meet in New Delhi on August 18, 19 and 20 next, announces Mr. S. Guruswami, General Secretary of the Federation.

At this meeting, the Committee will, among other things, consider the Labour Bills and also the scheme of regrouping of railways.

FINDING HINDI EQUIVALENTS

Agriculture Ministry Sets Up Committee

NEW DELHI, July 25 (PTI): The Ministry of Agriculture has set up a Committee with Shri K. M. Munshi as Chairman to have English terms employed in various branches of agriculture translated into suitable and simple Hindi equivalents. This is in accordance with the directive in Article 351 of the Continuation of India regarding the spread of Hindi language and its development so that it may serve as an effective medium of expression in all sphers to thought.

The Committee will consist of 21 members.

Officers Transferred Too Quickly

SHOLAPUR, July 24, (PTI): The Sholapur Municipal Education Board is to hold a special meeting to consider the question of frequent transfers of administrative officers sent to them by the Bombay Government.

The Chairman of the Board, Mr. Hifzurrahiman Vakil, said today that such transfers were telling adversely on education in the municipal schools here.

The present incumbent of the post, he said, was sent to the Municipality some three months ago with definite promise he would not be transferred for another two years at least, but already there were orders for his transfer. "In this way we have had eight administrative officers within six yaers", Mr. Vakil added.

Stone Chakkies For Pounding Rice

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Stone chakkies for pounding rice are to be introduced at the existing khadi centres in the Bombay State, which are being run by the Village Industries Committee. The necessary grant-in-aid to the Committee for the purpose has been sanctioned by the Government.

The output of a stone chakki is four times greater than that of ordinary pestles and mortars. Two women can husk about 10 maunds of paddy in a day with the help of this chakki.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

HOTEL RACKET WILL BE ENDED

Desai's Promise Of Cheaper Food

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Government of Bombay are seriously perturbed at the manner in which local hoteliers and restaurant owners have pushed up the prices of food in their establishments and Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister for Food ahd Civil Supplies, commenting on these extortionate methods adopted by the catering trade, said, "where will these merchants land us in the end, I wonder"?

He uttered a stern warning to this class of exploiters when talking to a representative of this paper and disclosed that the Government were considering the imposition of some sort of control on the activities of catering establishments in Bombay. The controls would, most probably, stipulate the maximum price which can be charged for a single dish and the minimum quantity that must be served for the amount.

PEOPLE CAN HELP

He said that Government were very much interested in bringing down the present price level in hotels. In order to achieve this, people themselves could start co-operativ eeating houses. A beginning in this direction was shortly going to be made, according to the information which he had recieved, by the wife of the present Food Minister of India, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi. It was the intention of the sponsors of this cheap-meal scheme to provide lunch baskets with sufficient fare for the low price of annas six per basket. Each basket would contain nutritious food in adequate quantity, and would ease the pressure on the office goers' purse considerably. The idea was to stop this class from being fleeced by the City's hotel trade.

MORE COMING

Mr. Desai felt that this would only mark the beginning and in course of time the whole of Greater Bombay would be dotted by a network of such lunch basket kiosks, most o. them being started by private enterprise.

According to Mr. Desai, the whole of the State of Bombay could not be having more than 10,000 tons of cereals in the black market and Bombay City not more than a hundred tons, as against an average consumption of 1,000 tons per day in Greater Bombay.

"The small trickling down of material into the black market is very difficult to check", he stated. He added that it was not possible to search every house and every person as this would cause great inconvenience to people and the gains would not be commensurate with the inconvenience caused

NO STARVATION HERE

The Minister gave a categorical assurance that none in Bombay would starve "and for that matter none could afford to starve Bombay, with its hundred and odd textile mills", which were the chief source of the country's exports, not to mention the other multifarious industrial activities centred in the city.

When it was pointed out to the Minister that the prices of cloth had shot up and that people who had the money had started hoarding, he said there was no reason for this to happen and people were themselves to blame if they paid higher prices. There were 13 Government shops in the city which stocked the best material of which there was plenty to go round. If Government felt that the demand in these shops was adequate, they would increase their number. At present however, most of these shops were doing very poor business.

Mr. Desai, whose attention was drawn to irregularities in milk distribution at certain centres, disclosed that any one with a grievance had only to dial 43501, between distribution hours, and a liaison officer stationed for this purpose, would immediately hasten to the spot and investigate the complaints.

With regard to sugar he said, the position would not "deteriorate" further, "at least in the current month and the next", and the moment one lakh tons of sugar were imported, the position wou'd improve considerably. Imports were already on way.

Depression Near Calcutta

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 25.

Following is the daily weather summary for Tuesday:

The unsettled conditions at the head of the Bay of Bengal have concentrated into a depression which is centred this morning about 100 miles south of Calcutta. It is likely to move west-north—westwards and may slightly intensify further. In association with the depression, the monsoon has been strong in Orissa. Fairly widespread light to moderate rain has also occurred over the country outside Assam, Bihar, the plains of the Punjab (I) west Rajasthan, Surashtra and Kutch, Deccan (Desh) south Hyderabad, Mysore, Rayalaseema and Tamilnad where local or scattered showers have occurred.

FORECAST valid until the evening of 26th:—The monsoon will be active over the whole country outside Assam, sub-Himalayan West Bengal, North Bihar, East Uttar Pradesh Tamilnad and Rayalaseema where local or scattered showers are likely. Rainfall will increase in Gujarat, Deccan (Desh) and Hyderabad.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Heavy rain is likely in Orissa, the central parts of the country, in east Rajasthan and the Konkan during the next 48 hours.

The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st July 1950 and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 hours I.S.T. on 25th July 1950:

Ajmer 89 74 1.4 11.8 plus 4.2 Allahabad 90 78 0.4 10.9 minus 4.3, Bangalore 79 66 0.1 2.6 minus 3.3, Baroda 87 77 0.5 29.0 plus 12.3, Bhopal 82 74 0.1 10.3 minus 12.3, Bhuj 87 78 0 6.9 plus 0.3, BOMBAY 83 76 0.3 31.5 minus 8.9, Calcutta 92 79 1.3 24.4 plus 23, Cherrapunji 73 67 0.1 184.7 minus 4.1, Cochin 82 74 0.7 51.9 plus 4.0, Cuttack 83 78 0.7 12.8 minus 7.8, Delhi 92 78 0.1 17.7 plus 8.0, Hyderabad 84 72 01 10.6 plus 1.3, Indore 81 72 0.5 7.3 minus 7.7, Karachi 88 81 0 0.2 minus 3.0, Lahore 93 81 0.2 3.2 minus 2.7, Lucknow 84 79 0.1 7.9 minus 6.4 Madras 97 80 T 3.7 minus 1.0, Multan 90 76 0.2 0.5 minus 1.4, Mussoorie 67 60 2.6 32.7 plus 3.3, Mysore 79 67 T 3.4 minus 1.3, Nagpur 87 74 0.8 14.7 minus 6.1, Pachmarhi 74 68 1.7 36.7 plus 6.6, Poona 79 71 0.1 9.1 minus 0.7 Rajkot 87 76 T 23.7 plus 10.9 Ranchi 85 73 0.5 29.8 plus 7.5, Trivandram 83 72 0.2 12.1 minus 7.6.

BARSAAT RE-ENACTED

Raj Kapoor and Nargis re-enacted a romantic scene from 'Barsaat' while Lata Mangneshkar (seated on the right) sang the play back song in the variety show 'Morning Star' which was organised by the Rajasthan Relief Society in aid of East Bengal refugees.

SEIZURE OF ILLICIT LIQUOR

High Court Sets Aside Conviction

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

THE Appellate Bench of the High Court consisting of Mr. Justice Bavdeker and Mr. Justice Vyas quashed the conviction and set aside the sentence of three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 passed against one Makan Ratanji.

The prosecution case was that on June 19, 1949, at about 9-30 p.m. the police accompanied by panchas and one Sunder, the informer, raided the appellant's premises and attached a pot containing about 1½ gallons of illicit liquor. The pot was actually pointed out by Sunder. The police arrested the appellant and one Shantabai Baboo, who was present there. The trial court acquitted Shantabai holding that excepting her presence at the time of the raid there was no circumstance connecting her with the contraband and convicted the appellant as above. Giving evidence on behalf of the appellant his wife stated in the trial court that Sunder himself had left the pot in their room stating that there was oil in it and that it was meant for Shantabai.

The appellant submitted that on the day of the incident he returned home at 8-30 p.m. from his native place and that he had no knowledge of the presence of the contraband in the house. It was further pointed out that Sunder who was admittedly an externee had deliberately planted the pot in his room in his absence and then informed the police.

Besides, the appellant submitted, the pot bore the name of one Padmina Baboo Shetty. It was further pointed out that the contents of the pot were not chemically analysed and found to be liquor. Hence, it could not be definitely said that it was alcohol.

CONVICTION QUASHED

Their Lordships asked the Asstt. Government Pleader to explain how Sunder could know about the appellant's possession as to actually point out the pot in a particular place. Finding no satisfactory explanation, Their Lordships quashed the conviction and acquitted the appellant remarking that the prosecution should have examined Sunder and recorded his explanation especially when it was shown that he was a bad character and on unfriendly terms with the appellant.

Mr. T. N. Jungalwala and Mr. Phiroze R. Vakil appeared for the appellant. Mr. B G. Thakore, Asstt. Government Pleader, appeared for the State.

OCCASIONAL SHOWERS IN CITY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

There will be occasional showers in the city and suburbs, which will increase in frequency, within tonight or tomorrow. The showers may be accompanied by gusty and squally winds, says the mid-day forecast of the Santa Cruz Weather Bureau.

The monsoon is likely to strengthen in the Konkan during the next two days, and cause heavy rainfall there.

Upto 8-30 this morning Bombay's total rainfall for the season was 31.5 inches, the deficit being 8-9 inches.

HOTEL LICENCE RESTORED

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. B. J. Shrivastav, the proprietor of the Majestic Lodge, Baroda successfully appealed against the order of the District Magistrate, Baroda cancelling the licence issued to him to run the Hotel. Mr. Shrivastav contended that his licence was cancelled under rule 15 of the District Police Act on April 21, 1950 without being given an opportunity to make his submissions.

Their Lordships the Chief Justice and Mr. Justive Gajendragadker, before whom the petition came up for hearing upheld the contention and observed that the District Magistrate acting under rule 15 of the District Police Act is exercising judicial or quasi-judicial functions and hence an opportunity should be given to the person concerned to have his say; otherwise the proceedings are opposed to the fundamental principles of natural justice. As no such opportunity was given to the petitioner the order of cancellation was set aside.

The licence of the petitioner, it may be recalled after the incident of "Shanta murder case" took place in the Hotel. Mr. K. A. Sonjee with Mr. R. T. Leuva appeared for the petitioner; the Government Pleader appeared for the State.

NON-CEREAL LUNCHES

Parsi Ladies' Initiative

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Parsi ladies of Bombay have taken a lead in the cereal-saving drive.

Numerous Parsi women's organisations, charitable and other, are considering proposals of pooling their resources to produce on a non-profit-making basic some supplementary food items to be available, fresh and nutritious, from various catering establishments.

The idea is to popularise non-cereal menus through existing channels of hotels and eating houses so as to probe into the possibilities of serving tolerably good eight-anna meals in industrial areas. The proposal will be discussed, among others, at the women's meeting on Thursday afternoon to cultivate public opinion on "new kitchen craft."

MAHALAXMI DACOITY

One More Arrest

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Dadar Railway Police arrested one more person this morning on connection with the Mahalaxmi Temple Dacoity.

Early this morning while Sub-Inspector G. H. Mangrulkar and Police Constable Athanikar were on duty at the Dadar Railway Station they noticed Hardatsingh Sajan Singh loitering on the platform. Recognising him from a description circulated by the C.I.D. as one of the men wanted in connection with the Temple Dacoity, they immediately took him into custody.

Hardatsingh, who is described as a notorious pick-pocket with four convictions to his credit, alleged to have helped in the disposal of part of the stolen property.

Insurance Brokers Mourn Association Chief's Death

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The members of the Bombay Insurance Brokers' Association laments the sudden death of their President, Mr. Usman Haji Mahomed Kadwani. He formed this Association in 1927 and several as one of the Committee members as well as Directors since the beginning till his death. He was one of the Honorary Joint Secretaries from 1926 to 1934, and then he was elected as a Vice-President from 1934 to 1940. In 1940 he was elected as a President, which post he held till his death in June last.

Food Minister Clarifies His "Challenge"

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Clarifying his "challenge" at a public meeting in Bombay some days ago that he would grant immunity to any person who could produce a thousand tons of cereals from the black market, Mr. Dinkerrao Desai, Minister for Food and Civil Supplies, Government of Bombay, told a reporter of this paper that the "challenge" pertained to any one specified area and not the whole of the State.

When informed that a gentleman signing himself as 'Manordas Narielwala", had written to a local language newspaper that he was prepared to pick up the gauntlet and he could produce the required quantity if adequate transport was provided and immunity guaranteed, the Minister said, "I have not received any such acceptance of the challenge yet. If and when it comes to me, I will consider the terms of the other party".

Mr. Desai felt certain that the black markets of the City of Bombay, could not yield more than a hundred tons of cereals, as against the daily requirement of 1,000 tons. In the whole of the State, he was certain there would not be more than 10,000 tons of cereals

The condition of his challenge was that the person who accepted it should produce, 1,000 tons from the black markets of Greater Bombay and not the whole State. The Minister said that he was prompted to make the challenge because certain interests were trying to make out that there was a sufficiency of foodstuffs in Bombay, but most of it was in the black market

CITY & SUBURBS

Today's Engagements

BOMBAY SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: Meeting at the Corporation 3 p.m.

STANDING COMMITTEE: Corporation 3-30 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Study Class on "Cyclic Impression and Return and Our Evolution"; Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain, 6-15 p.m.

RAHNUMAE-MAZDAYSNAN SABHA: Dasturji Framroze Bode will deliver a lecture on "An Authentic Life of Prophet Zarathurshtra", K. R. Cama Oriental Hall, 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Educational and Informative films will be shown at the Town Hall 6-30 p.m.

INDIAN PHARMACEUTICAL ASSOCIATION: Dr. A. Sreenivasan will speak on "Functional Significance of Folic Acid", Department of Chemical Technology, Matunga 6 p.m.

TODAY'S RADIO

WEDNESDAY, July 26.

BOMBAY

7-45 Hindi by radio, 8-15 N. Vyas, kh. deshkar, 12-45 Tantrakari 12-50 p.m. I Kumar G geet, 1-40 Light Variety 4-20 School broadcast, 5-0 Shalini Dhavale, vocal, 5-20 T. R. Singh, guitar, 5-30 I. Parikh, G geet, 6-10 V. N. Patwardhan Music lessons, 6-30 Air artist, compositions of K. Queresh, 6-45 K. N. Tulpule, kh. purvi, 7-10 Locals, 7-20 A. Navsariwala, thumri and G ghazal 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-30 I. Parikh, G geet, 8-45 D'Amel. Radio Orch., 9-15 K. Tulpulee, kh. kamod, 9-30 Film songs 9-45 M. R. Masani, week in retrospect, 10-0 J.S. Bach.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. Mangal Prabhat, 7-40 Today's prog., and tomorrow's 8-0 P. Mudaliar, gottuvsdyam, 8-45 Gulabbai Bijapurkar, Rangnekar's compositions, 1-0 p.m. M. M. Ghode, bhabgeet, 1-10 Vividh sangeet, 1-50 T. R. Singh, guiter, 2-0 Natya sangeet, 5-30 Gulabbai Bijapurkar, M songs 5-45 G. S. Yellapurkar, K songs, 6-0 M. M. Ghode, 6-20 Prog. for villagers in M and 6-50 in Kannada, 7-30 Comm. news, 8-15 Hindi by radio, 8-30 A. Dholekar's "megndoot", 9-0 M. M. Ghode, M songs, 9-45 M. Ismail, sarangi, 10-0 Shalini Dhavale, ci music 10-20 N. Vyas.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Binati, 7-45 Progs. for today, tomorrow, 7-50 Ashram bhajanwali selections, 8-15 Air quartet, 8-30 Hirabai Barodekar, 5-30 For women, 6-10 S. Mistry, 6-30 For rural listeners, 7-0 Raas Rammana 7-15 M. B. Patel abhivnav kayvya, 7-30 Phool Chhab, 8-0 Kamooben Thakore's party G songs, 8-10 Locals, 8-30 Air artist, 8-45 S. Mistry kh, baghesree, 9-30 U. A. A. Khan.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Prabhat, 7-40 Raag sangeet, 8-15 As in Baroda, 8-30 S. Panchal's party, bhajan, 5-30 L. Goswami, kh. madhuvanti, 5-45 K. Makwana, dilruba, 6-10 As in Baroda, 6-30 Geet sudha, 6-45 K. Makwanam, dilruba, 7-0 L. Goswami, bhajan, 7-15 As in Baroda, 7-30 For industrial workers, 8-0 Locals, 8-5 S. D. Batish, 8-30 Listeners' requests 9-40 As in Baroda.

B. B. C.

FAR EASTERN SERVICE: 5-30 a.m. English 1/2 hour 7-0 Progs in Kuoyu.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 6-0 Regent Orch., 7-0 Meet the Commonwealth, 7-45 'On the sweeter side', 8-30 BBC Scottish Orch., 10-10 J. Leach and New Organoilans, 10-30 Listeners' choice, 11-0 Light Orch. music, 11-45 Sports review, 12-00 p.m. G. Mitchell Glee Club, 1-0 Sir E. Shackleton in 'South with Shakleton', 2-15 Monia Liter quarter, 2-30 'Here's Howard', 4-45 'Trent's last case', 11-30 'Work and worship' 5-0 BBC Welsh Orch., 7-0 'Much-binding-in-the-march', 7-45 'Honage to Bach', 9-15 A shonfield on 'Balance of Europe', 9-45 Music for dancing, 10-30 Mid-Week talk.

COLONISATION PLAN FOR DHARWAR

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A scheme for the agricultural colonisation of the village of Arwatgi, in the Dharwar Taluka, has been sanctioned by the Government of Bombay. The village is situated in a backward tract where a concentrated development programme under the auspices of the Sarvodaya Scheme is being implemented. The scheme, which has been prepared by the District Sanchalak of the Sarvodaya Scheme, will be worked through the agency of the local Sarvodaya Tenants' Co-operational Farming Society. It is estimated to cost Rs. 79,880. Out of this amount, Rs. 73,755 is to be given to cultivators as loan, which is recoverable in instalments, while Rs. 6,125 will be spent on repairs to minor irrigation works, land reclamation work and construction of cattle-shed and godowns.

Government waste lands involved in the scheme will be granted to the Sarvodaya Tenants' Co-operative Farming Society on certain conditions. One of the conditions is that the society should grow foodcrops on at least 50 per cent of the lands for a period of five years.

Saurashtra Allows Two P. C. Alcohol

RAJKOT, July 25. (PTI)

The Saurashtra Government has exempted fermented liquors, fruit juice and other drinks with alcoho contents not exceeding two per cent from excise duty.

The Government has also decided to allow import, export, possession drinking or use of such drinks within the state.

ARRESTED FOR THEFT OF COTTON BALES

Accused Released On Bail

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Umadmal Visaji was arrested on Sunday by the Princess Street Police for alleged theft of bales of cloth from a godown at Old Hanuman Lane.

Producing the accused before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court this morning, the police stated that the accused had broken into the godown and removed six bales of cloth, valued at Rs. 7,000 which he disposed to various dealers. Some of the bales were recovered from five different shops, the value of the property recovered being Rs. 2,400.

The accused was apprehended on Sunday at Poona and brought to Bombay

The accused was ordered to be released on bail.

I.N. FRIGATE FLOTILLA IN MADRAS

MADRAS, July 25. (PTI): The Indian Navy frigate flotilla consisting of the "Jumna", the "Tir" the "Kistna" and the "Sutlej" arrived in Madras this morning for a three-day stay here.

As the ships are to get stores for the remainder of the summer cruise off Mandapam they are not open for visitors.

"LAIK ALI'S ESCAPE, NOT AN OFFENCE"

Defence Plea Before Court

SECUNDERABAD, July 25, (UPI): Mr. A. A. Peerbhoy, Defence Counsel in the case against Mir Laik Ali and seventeen others told a full bench of the Hyderabad High Court today that the detention of the former Prime Minister was illegal and, therefore, his escape was not an offence.

He said that the order served on Mir Laik Ali had no time limit, no advisory board was constituted, nor any provision made for representation. In short, the court was deprived of its jurisdiction by the order of the Inspector-General of Police under Section 2 of the Hyderabad Public Safety and Public Interest Regulation, which was 'ultra vires' of the Indian Constitution.

Film Enquiry Body

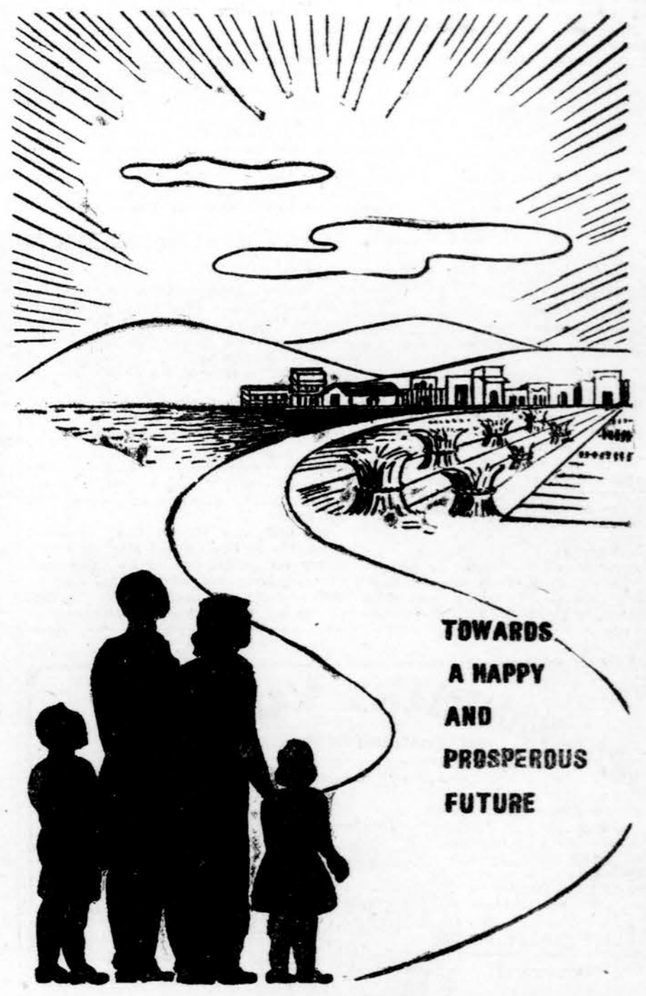
MADRAS, July 25, (PTI): The Film Enquiry Committee appointed by the Government of India will commence its session here from July 26. Mr. S K. Patil, Chairman of the Committee, is expected to arrive here tomorrow from Bombay.

Day After Tomorrow
COMES
A Really BIG PICTURE
Raj Mukut
*
Starring:
NIMMI, VEENA, JAIRAJ, RAMSING, SAPRU, MISRA, Gulab & Baby TABASSUM.
Due to heavy booking please book in advance.
(10—12 & 4—6).
SWASTIK—CAPITOL
JAI HIND * RIVOLI *
BANDRA TALKIES * ALWIN *

DILJIT'S MYTHOLOGICAL
NARAD MUNI
BABU RAJE. PURNIMA, LATA. DEVENDRA.
Director: R. B. DESAI.
FRIDAY, 28th at.
CENTRAL
Booking: 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
AJIT Release.

7TH BIG WEEK!
BEST FILM in TOWN!
*New Theatres' Unique I.N.A EPIC!
PAHELA ADMI
KRISHNA 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 | CHITRA 3-30, 6-30, 9-15

REMEMBER THIS DATE AUGUST 11
IT BRINGS TO THE SCREEN OF
CENTRAL, EXCELSIOR
AND BANDRA TALKIES
THE RICHEST ENTERTAINMENT OF THE SEASON
NIRDOSH
FILMISTAN'S DELIGHTFUL SOCIAL
Produced & Directed by NAJAM NAQVI
Music: SHYAM SUNDER
Story: RAKHEN
Starring: REHANA, SHYAM, KULDIP
With K. N. SINGH, OM PRAKASH, S. L. PURI, MISRA, etc.
Also at other Theatres— WATCH FOR ANNOUNCEMENT.



Defeat the Food Crisis
GROW MORE FOOD
AC.137

Breathing Space For Indo-China

NO RED ATTACK LIKELY AT PRESENT

IN spite of the Communist policy of attack in Korea, there is not yet sufficient evidence to suggest that Indo-China might soon be the object of a second aggression in Asia. Inside China Communist troops are still moving northwards from the southern districts, although it is also reported that concentrations being made for the invasion of Formosa have been suspended.

If Indo-China were to be invaded in strength some of these troops would almost certainly have to be brought south. On the other hand, the Chinese have been repairing the roads facing the Indo-Chinese frontier, and some of these have now been built to carry heavy traffic.

Chou En-lai, the Chinese foreign minister, was furious about President Truman's declaration of American intention to put its Seventh Fleet between China and Formosa; indeed, this move may yet create a greater risk of world war than did Washington's decision to resist in Korea. Already it is hard to see how Chow En-lai can climb down from his twice recently repeated statement that he will undoubtedly fight if the Chinese do attempt to invade Formosa.

The Americans are without British support in this matter since (a) London still favours getting on terms with China if possible, (b) it hopes at almost any cost—to restrict the fighting to Korea so long as there is no world war, and (c) the United Nations has passed no resolution on Formosa.

In Viet Nam, therefore, the French and Viet Namese forces of Bao Dai probably may still have a breathing space. What can and may they do with it? Some recent outstanding developments in the struggle in Indo-China (of which Viet Nam now forms one third, along with Laos and Cambodia) have been:

A.—The French have:

1. Managed to keep going in their slow offensive in Tongking. The next few months are quite likely to see considerable progress. The value of this drive in the delta and valley of the Red River is that it is gradually making it more difficult for the Viet Minh rebels to ensure their rice supplies. If they were completely driven out of the rice areas, they would be in a difficult, though not impossible position.

2. Retained control of their valuable fortified positions astride the two main routes through the mountains into China. Certain other posts on this frontier have also been kept supplied and reinforced by air. In spite of the cost and effort, this has limited the supplies which the Viet Minh are now receiving from China.

B.—The Viet Minh have:

1. Succeeded in obtaining some heavy equipment from the Chinese Communists. They now use mortars and light artillery more frequently than they did six months ago. They have not, however, obtained any aircraft.

2. Retained their position throughout most of the rest of the country apart from Tongking. Thus the French still only get intermittent armed convoys right through by land along the coast road from Saigon to Hanoi.

3. Embarked on a systematic policy of assassinating leading political opponents. This terrorism might well have more favourable effects for the Viet Minh than a geat deal of guerilla activity.

Now that the French may look forward to increasing American material support, even if only on a limited scale their military chances should improve, provided that their present hold on the Chinese frontier does not weaken.

POLITICAL OUTLOOK

French political fortunes, however, in all three of the new states—Viet Nam, Laos, and Cambodia—will be affected by the success or failure of the conference now taking place at Pau in the Pyrenese. Its object is primarily economic, to re-create in effect the customs union which embrace the whole of Indo-China before the partial transfer of French power last year.

Unfortunately for the French, this is a difficult and tricky question: Laos, for instance, with no seaboard, hates the ideas of all the port dues of Saigon accruing to Viet Nam. And while the French will be the only centralising influence during the conference, they will stand to receive more blame than credit.

The long-term outlook for the French in Indo-China is very glomy, even if there is no direct interference from China and if the war with the Viet Minh is won. They have spent far more on the present war than they could get out of trade with any probable future form of independent or semi-independent Indo-China for a great many years. Nevertheless, even Socialist opinion in France has lately hardened in favour of holding on, and Korea has certainly reinforced this view. Longterm trends seem to be for:

1. Both the local population in Indo-China and many Americans to want to oust the French. Now that Washinton is coming to play a constantly greater part in the affairs of South-East Asia, the traditional anti-colonial attitude of Congress is likely to prove a severe embarrassment to the French On the other hand, a considerable body of opinion, particularly since Korea, understands the value of having the French on the spot.

2. The French themselves to be split on the issue of a tighter or looser Empire. In the past their attitude has led to a policy of linking the Colonies more closely with metropolitan France. Lately, however, a school of thought has grown up favouring a French Union on the lines of the Commonwealth—as is shown by the new appointment of M. Letourneau as the first Minister for the Associated States of Indo-China.

Unfortunately, the French are unable to get away from juridical forms, and seem unable to appreciate that what has made the Commonwealth is family feeling. There seems, in any case, little chance of their being able to create Commonwealth in which the inhabitants of Indo-China would willingly join.

INCITEMENT IN BURMA

There is now reason to fear that Chinese Communist troops are more likely to infringe the frontier of Burma than that of Indo-China. Since last week, further news has come in of the aggressive activities of Chinese Nationalist troops who have fled out of Yunnan and into Burma. They are reported near the town of Keng-tung.

Instead of being disarmed, their leaders are making inflammatory statements and promising retaliation against their pursuers. This is nothing but an embarrassment to the anti-Communist powers. It provides in fact a dangerous excuse for the Chinese Communists, who have considerable forces on the loose in Yunnan with nothing to do, to cross the frontier. It is virtually undefended, and China has a traditional claim to the whole of Upper Burma.

BEVIN RESUMING SOON

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Ernest Bevin, Britain's Foreign Secretary will return to London to resume charge of the Foreign Office next Thursday, it was officially learned here yesterday.

Mr. Bevin is now at East Bourne for a rest

Mr. Bevin is booked to sail on September 7 to New York where he will take part in tripartite talks with Mr Dean Acheson and Mr. Robert Schuman on September 12 and in the twelve-power meeting of North Atlantic Treaty Foreign Ministers on September 15.

He will also attend the General Assembly of the United Nations which opens on September 19 at Lake Success at least for part of its session, but is expected back at the Foreign Office by the end of September.

WHAT NEXT FROM KREMLIN?

Time's Analysis On Russian Tactics

TOKYO, July 24.

For its special report on the War in Asia, in its issue of July 17th, TIME correspondents in Washington, London, Paris, Berlin, Rome & Tokyo asked the West's export's on the Soviet mind how the world looks to the Kremlin in this summer of 1950, and what moves the Russians might make in the near future. The portrait of Stalin appears on the cover on this issue.

The Kremlin had an unexpected fight on its hands in Korea, says TIME Magazine's composite report on the view of the experts. "While serious, the Kremlim mistake was not vital. The U. S. S. R.'s stooges may still overrun South Korea, in which case the U. S. will lose much new-found face in Asia. And if the North Koreans are beaten the main elements of Communism's power are still untapped ready to fight another day. But what day and where?"

Chief targets in sight, explains TIME, are: Indo-China, Iran, Turkey, Yugoslavia, Germany.

"As part of the Korean decision, the U. S. had deceided to strengthen its help to anti-communist forces in Indo-China. If the U. S. moves fast, Indo-China can be saved—unless a Chinese Communist army crosses the border. But that would be a costly move for the Kremlin. Indo Chinese do not like Chinese and Asiatics would be horrified at such 'imperialism' by one Asiatic country against another.

NEXT IRAN

"Iran is the most tempting in some ways. It has a lot of oil and is militarily helpless. But if the Kremlin pounces it will have to pounce with Russian troops. That means risking all-out war with the U. S. which (the experts believe) Russia definitely does not want—yet."

"Turkey is a tough nut to crack. The Kremlin will think twice or oftener before they take on a people whom they may well regard as Finns with mountains—and a people who would probably get all-out U.S.—U.N. help."

"As for Yugoslavia, there would certainly be more joy in the Kremlin if this sinner were bumped off than if 99 other states threw themseleves under the Soviet paws. But Tito grew up in a tough school; he's more cat than mouse, and it will take the Red Army itself, not the Balkan satellites, to catch him."

Germany is the most toothsome potential victim of all, TIME says. "But if Russia intervenes, that would be another invitation for all-out atomic war. The Russians can take Berlin any time they so decide, but there is a lot of evidence that they now believe that the U. S. will go to war over Berlin."

Concludes TIME, "Beyond these specific trouble spots, Communism has scores of opportunities, including the great opportunity of waiting for disunion or economic depression in the free world."

This special analysis accompanies TIME's round-up report (much of it from TIME's own correspondent on the scene) on the military and political developments of the war in Asia.

Conservative M.P's Appeal To Attlee

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): British Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, is to be urged to follow President Truman's lead and tell the world about Britain's anti-Communist stand.

Mr. Leonard Gammans, opposition Conservative member, wants him to follow up the success of President Truman's broadcast speech in acquainting the world of the issues at stake in Korea.

Mr. Attlee, he says, should make a worldwide broadcast giving Britain's stand and explaining how she has fought communism in Malaya for two years.

He plans to put the appeal to Mr. Attlee in the House of Commons on July 27.

State Ownership Of Lands In Burma

'EQUAL TREATMENT IN STATE', SAYS M. P.

CALCUTTA, July 25 (PTI): Thakin Chit Maung, M.P. Assistant General Secretary of the Burma Socialist Party, told newsmen here today that all landowners in Burma, irrespective of their nationalities, would be treated on the same footing for the purpose of land nationalisation in the country.

No odiscrimination would be made in favour of any groups, he said.

Thakin Maung, who is leading a five-man goodwill delegation of the Burma Socialist Party to India, arrived here yesterday from Delhi. The delegation attended the Indian Socialist Party convention held recently in Madras and later visited several places in the country. They will leave for Rangoon tomorrow.

The Socialist leader said that less than 35 per cent of the 12 million acres arable land in Burma was owned by tillers. He added that a maximum compensation of twelve times the annual rent would be paid to landlords. A Commission was now working out the rates of compensation on an equitable basis.

POLITICAL FRONT

Referring to the political turmoil in Burma, Thakin Maung said that the Communists there were divided into three parties Red Flag, White Flag and the Union Communist Party. They were now disorganised, and Thakin Nu's peace plan had been a success.

"Save a good number of small isolated pockets, the country is now under Government control" he asserted.

Asked his Party's opinion on Karen demand for a separate state, he said that they would welcome such a state, but only within the union of Burma.

Marshall Funds For Military Use

STEP BEING CONSIDERED

WASHINGTON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter). Marshall Aid funds may be switched to European military projects. it was disclosed here yesterday.

Senator Tom Connally (Democrat, Texas) Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee told a press conference that the Truman administration was considering such a step.

Senator Connally also said there was a possibility that before Congress adjourned, it would be asked by the Government for more money for the European arms aid programme.

Senator Connally made these statements after the Committee held a closed door meeting with the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson.

Mr. Connally said that Mr. Acheson gave the Committee "very comprehensive review" of the whole situation in Korean and other danger spots in the

CHINESE REDS OPEN FIRE ON PANAMA SHIP

HONG KONG, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): Chinese Communist troops on an island in the Lapsapmei group near Hongkong yesterday opened fire with machine-guns on the Panamanian ship 'Flying Dragon' as she was about the enter the Colony's waters.

Two Chinese passengers and one ship's boy were slightly wounded.

The ship on her way to Hongkong from Formosa via Macao, bore several bulet marks on the super-structure when she berthed here today.

EXEMPTION: The Government of Bombay has directed that the exemption from payment of entertainment duty granted to all shows of 'Deevar', 'Pathan', and 'Ghaddar' staged by the Prithwi Theatres, Bombay, in the State should be continued up to July 31, 1951.

ATLANTIC PACT 'BRAINS' MEET

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): The twelve "brains" of the North Atlantic Pact organisation met here today to breathe life into the present "paper alliance" to build a balanced and co-ordinated security machine from its blue-prints.

The United Staets, at the five-day conference of the 12 Pact Deputies, was expected to submit an agenda allowing the deputies to concentrate on the urgent defence problems raised for the western world by the Korean crisis.

8 MORE WITNESSES EXAMINED

Bengal Disturbances Enquiry Body Meets

DACCA, July 25, (PTI): The East Bengal Disturbances Enquiry Commission resuming its sitting after the Id Holidays yesterday recorded evidence of eight more witnesses.

An old pleader from Noakhali said that his nephew Sashi Bhusan Das, a havildar clerk had been missing from March 10. Witness had heard from Captain Abdul Ghani of Narayanganj under whom Sashi Bhusan worked, that the latter went to Dacca on that day, but since then he could not be traced.

Replying to the Government advocate, witness said that he was definite that his nephew was not in West Bengal.

A witness from a village under Manohardi Police Station said that when his house was attacked by about 50 people on February 13, he took shelter in a field and saw the miscreants setting fire to his cattleheads. After the looters had left, witness returned to his house and found paddy, rice and molasses removed and two cattleheads sustained burn injuries. Out of ten Hindu houses in the village, only his house was looted.

An old man belonging to another village under the same police station said that about 250 persons shouting slogans and speaking through a megaphone "revenge for Calcutta and Bihar must be taken" attacked his village on February 12 and looted nine Hindu houses. Witness lodged a complaint to the thana the next day and the Thana-in-charge held investigations.

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 25.

The police watch has been removed from the gates of two mills which has informed the stock position of their mills to the Government, while watch has been still kept at one mill which has not yet declared its stock position.

DUTCH ARMY QUITTING INDONESIA TODAY

DJAKARTA, July 25. (PTI)

SIGNIFYING the complete withdrawal of Dutch military forces from Indonesia, the Commander-in-Chief of the Dutch armed forces in Indonesia, Lt. General Burman Van Vreden, accompanied by his chief of staff, will embark for Holland on July 26.

July 26 was the target date set for the evacuation of Dutch forces from Indonesia, and also for the reorganisation and disbandment of the former personnel of the Netherlands Indies Army. Most of the Dutch personnel in this army will go back to Holland, either into the regular Netherlands Army or back of civilian life. The Indonesian personnel in the Netherlands Idies Army are being refitted into the new Indonesian Army.

Although the Dutch Army Command—under whom both the Dutch Army and the Dutch Indies Army functioned till now—will officially cease to exist on July 26, there will still be some 20,000 Dutch soldiers awaiting transportation to Holland in various parts of Indonesia.

The Indonesian Premier Dr. Hohammad Hatta and the Netherlands High Commissioner, Dr. Hirschfield have agreed to set up a liquidation command on that date to expediate evacuation of these remaining forces from Indonesia.

When the Korean situation worsened and Holland promised aid to General MacArthur, it was thought likely that the evacuation of these Dutch soldiers might be delayed with a view to possible diversion to the Korean theatre. Both the Indonesian government and the Netherlands Government have discounted this possibility.

The ambonese personnel in the army have expressed open discontent with the terms of employment under the new Government. It was a part of their detachment left on the island of Ambon, which gave open vent to this discontent by deciding to break away from the Indonesian Government and set up their own "Republic of the South Moulouccas".

Alanbrooke As Tower Of London Chief

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): King George today named Field Marshal Viscount Alanbrooke, Chief the British Imperial General Staff during most of the last war, for one of the oldest official posts in the country—Constable of the Tower of London.

Viscount Alanbrooke succeeds the late field Marshal Earl Wavell.

The post is today one of honour for soldiers of distinction. Constables are installed with a historic ceremony, almost unchanged through 900 years.

HEADQUARTERS OF DUTCH ARMY

Indonesia Takes Charge

DJAKARTA (Indonesia), July 25 (PTI-Reuter): Lieutenant General D. H. Burman van Vreeden, Commander-in-Chief of the Dutch and Dutch-Indies troops in Indonesia, today handed over to the Indonesian army the headquarters buildings of his command, which now ceases to exist.

He will return to Holland early tomorrow with his Chiefs of Staff ending 120 years of Dutch army history in Indonesia.

Indonesia became a republic last December when the withdrawal of Dutch occupying troops began.

But over 8,000 Dutchmen and 12,000 Indonesians still await repatriation or demobilisation from the old Dutch East Indies army.

General Van Vreeden told them in a radio address "I am convinced you will show the same good qualities wherever you find your career—whether in the Indonesian army or the Dutch army or in civil life".

Queen Juliana of the Netherlands issued a proclamation expressing the hope that Indonesian personnel would serve their country loyally. Dutch troops, she added, would be received in Holland to the best of her ability.

A "liquidation command" is being formed by mutual Dutch-Indonesian agreement to repatriate, demobilise and rehabilitate the Dutch and Indies troops.

Drastic Action Against Mills Likely

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 25.

It is reliably learnt from well-informed sources that the Textile Commissioner Government of India has taken a very grave view of several mills of Ahmedabad carrying on cut of their 33 percent production given to them for distribution. Drastic actions are likely to be taken against these mills by Government.

On the other hand, it is learnt, Ahmedabad industrialists have placed their grievances before Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda

THE FAMOUS ASTROLOGER

Recipient of many Gold Medals and Certificates from Maharajas, Judges, and notables. Annual Life reading monthly details Rs. 5 and 3 questions, Rs. 2 Horoscope or writing time required. Pandit Kalivur M. SRINIVASACHARIAR THAPONIDHI, Thyagarayanagar, Madras 17

Swedes Lured Into Signing Red "Peace Petition"

WASHINGTON, July 25.

HUNDREDS of citizens of Malmo, Sweden, tricked into signing the so-called Stockholm Peace Petition by Communist agents, have asked that their names be deleted, according to reports received here from Malmo.

These reports said the newspaper "Sydsvenska Dagbladet" of Malmo has started a drive to assist those who wish to repudiate their signatures to the petition to take the proper action. The Communist-sponsored "Swedish Committee for Defence of Peace" insists that withdrawals require a written "application", as an obstacle to repudiation.

Officers of the newspaper reported hundreds of such applicants in Malmo alone after a one-day drive. They included one whole family where the parents, acting in good faith, also signed the names of their children between the ages of ten years and six months.

It was pointed out that this may be the reason why Communists can claim 200,000 signatories in Sweden to the "peace appeal." The Communist newspaper "Ny Dag" openly defended the system of inserting even the names of babies on appeal lists since the "Stockholm appeal is children's life insurance."

The Swedish newspaper "Morgontidningen" reported that one entire soccer team recently was lured into signing the petition by an enterprising Communist agent who appeared a few minutes before the players were scheduled to play a match. They signed in a rush what they believed to be a list of autographs and now are asking that their names be deleted.

These reports from Sweden said ruthless Communist propagandists even circulated the false impression that the petitions were being endorsed by church organisations.

The Prime Minister of Sweden has branded the so-called "peace appeal" as a "crude exploitation stunt by the Communists." He expressed strong resentment in official Swedish circles to the use of the name of the capital of Sweden in the title of the peace petition.

The so-called "Stockholm Peace Petition", calling for the outlawing of the atomic bomb, came out of a Communist-controlled conference of the "Partisans of Peace" in Stockholm last March. Capitalizing on the desires of all people for peace, the Communists even used the name of Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, on the petition. Lie has repudiated the use of his name.

BRITISH SHIP-BUILDING RECORD

LONDON, July 26. (PTI-Reuter): Over 30 per cent of the merchant shipping now under constructive in the world is in Bristish shipyards, Llyods Register of Shipping announced here today.

Figures on June 30 showed 326 ships with a gross tonnage of 1,937,101 under construction in British yards. All other shipbuilding countries in the world (except Russia, Poland, Germany and China, for which no returns were available) share between 717 ships, with a gross tonnage of 2,612,730.

BRITAIN PLANNING PROTECTION FROM ATOM BOMB

Effects Being Studied

LONDON, July 24 (PTI-Reuter).

BRITISH atomic experts back from a visit to Japan estimate that deaths there from atomic bombing were due to three causes, most victims dying from injuries and burns caused by blast.

They gave these causes of deaths::

(1) Heat flash—20 to 30 per cent.

(2) Injuries and burns caused by blast—50 to 60 per cent.

(3) Radio activity 15 to 20 per cent.

Mr. Geoffrey De Freitas, Home Office under-Secretary, told Parliament yesterday that these figures were given in an official manual on atomic warfare—"a very important document"—which would be published on Wednesday.

It is a scientific statement of a study of the problems based on the British Mission's work in Japan, he said. It would deal with points raised on every side, in perspective.

In a foreword, Prime Minister Clement Attlee says: —

"We shall not abandon our nope that an effective system of international control may ultimately be adopted by the United Nations. and we for our part will do all in our power to make such an agreement possible.

"In the meanwhile, we must proceed with our civil defence preparations on the basis that in the event of war we might be subjected to atomic attack.

Mr. De Freitas gave these facts in a debate on Britain's civil defence, which includes protection of the civilian population against atomic weapons.

He said a great deal of medical research and research on instruments for detecting and measuring radio active rays was being done. Experts were also working on the prevention of fire caused by the flash in an atomic attack.

At the end of June, there were between 47,000 and 48,000 volunteers in the civil defence and allied services. But recruiting was not fast enough.

WATCH FOR REDS

Asked whether active Communists would be excluded from the defence organisation, the Minister replied that they "are of course watched". He added that "inactive or subtle Communists" were much more dangerous.

Labour Member Raymond Blackburn, a Parliamentary authority on atomic energy, doubted whether the Soviet Union had got very far in producing the atomic bomb. The British and Americans knew from certain devices that there had been only one atomic explosion in the Soviet Union and none since last October, he said.

This supported the belief in some quarters that that explosion was the premature explosion of an atomic pile which "ran away."

Home Secretary, James Chuter Ede, said he did not think atomic bombs need be decisive in war—if reasonable precautions have been taken.

"I do not believe on any information we or anyone else has at the moment that a large number of atomic bombs can be dropped by any country", he added.

Britain should make her preparations with that in mind he said.

Mr. Ede, who is responsible for civilian preparation to defend the population from air attack said the greates weapon in he arsenal of any country was the element of surprise.

Fortunately, Britain knew enough about atomic weapons to be able to take steps to minimise their effect.

Britain had to face the fact that she was not the only arbiter of the decision whether she shall be war or not, he declared.

Former Director General Of Indian Post Office Dead

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter):—The death of Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson, a former Director-General of the Post Office of India, was announced here today.

He was 85 years old.

Sir Charles joined the Indian Civil Service in 1885, becoming Director-General of the Post Office in 1906.

In 1910 he became a member of the Viceroy's Legislative Council.

DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA

H O THODUPUZHA (TRAVANCORE)

BRANCH: 57, THAMBU CHETTY STREET, MADRAS AND OTHER BRANCHES:—

BRANCHES: ALLEPPEY, ALWAYE, ATTINGAL, COCHIN, CALICUT, CHANGANACHERRY, EDAPPALLY, ERNAKULAM, ERATTUPETTA, KAYAMKULAM, KANJAKOTTAYAM, KOTTARAKARA, KOTHAMANGALAM, KOOTHATTUKULAM, MAVELIKARA, MUNDAKAYAM, MUVATTUPUZHA, NAGARCOIL, NEYYATTINKARA, PALAI, PARUR, PERUMBAVOOR, PIRVOM, PONKUNNAM, POONJAR, PANDALAM, PUNALOOR, QUILON, SHERTALAI, THARKALA, TIRUVALLA, TRICHUR, TRIPUNITHURA, TRIVANDRUM, VAIKOM, AND VAZHAKULAM

KSHEERABALA 101 TIMES MEDICATED

A RADICAL CURE FOR ANY KIND OF RHEUMATIC COMPLAINTS IN ANY STAGE AND GIVES A GOOD STRENGTH WITHIN A SHORT TIME

OUR SPECIALITIES

CHAVANAPRASA:

An Excellent Body builder and Nervine Tonic Cures Lung and Heart Disease in Short. Use of this Chavanaprasa will rejuvenate the entire system.

OUR SPECIALITIES

DASAMOOLARISTA

A General Tonic highly excellent Tonic for Seminal Weakness, Cough, Asthma, Fever, Consumption, Piles, Vomiting, less appetite, General debility and Gastric complaints.

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE IN ENGLISH OR MALAYALAM

DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA

H.O. THODUPUZHA, (TRAVANCORE STATE)

FOR DAILY ROASTED:— OVEN FRESH

DHANA-DAL

And all kinds of 'SUPARI and delicious 'MUKHAVAS

VISIT:—

Manilal Harjivan Sopariwala

Near G. T. High School
Dadi Sheth Agiari Lane
BOMBAY 2.

THE SAFE CORRECTIVE

Allenburys

CASTOR OIL

Allenburys Castor Oil is free from harsh impurities.

Safe in action, sure in results, it causes no injurious after-effects because it's ABSOLUTELY PURE

ALLEN & HANBURYS LTD. (Incorporated in England) Clive Buildings, Calcutta.

ALLEN & HANBURYS LTD. Commissariat Bldgs., Hornby Road, BOMBAY

WEST INDIES INFLICT ANOTHER BIG DEFEAT ON ENGLAND

Ramadhin Skittles Out Home Side For 436 Runs

RAE AND STOLLMEYER HIT UP REQUIRED 103 RUNS

Victory Assures Visitors Of Test Rubber

NOTTINGHAM, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): THE WEST INDIES today won the Third Test match against England here by 10 wickets, giving them a two to one leadin the series and ensuring that with only one match left they cannot lose the rubber.

England began the last day 15 ahead with half their wickets left, and there were some who thought that they might set the West Indies something like 200 to win.

For the first hour all went well, the gay Godfrey Evans and the dour defensive John Dewes putting on 58 for the sixth wicket before Dewes was out leg before when trying his favourite leg hit.

His fall really meant the end of England's resistance. Shackleton failed to repeat his first innings success and Stollmeyer sent back Evans with a fine running catch at deep square leg.

Evans scored 63 out of 84 in an hour and forty minutes in a bright innings.

Bedser and Hollies left at the same total and at lunch England were all out for 436 leaving the West Indies to get only 102.

Sonny Ramadhin and Alf Valentine bowled unchanged today and between them in the innings set down the astonishing number of 173 overs. Ramadhin today took three for 35 for a full record of five for 135. Valentine's total of 92 overs was the most sent down by a player during one innings of any test match. He took three for 140.

Rae and Stollmeyer took a little time to play themselves in when the West Indies batted again, but they were never seriously troubled by the attack and hit off runs at a run a minute. Stollmeyer ended the match by driving Simpson to the on boundary to make the score 103—the best opening stand for the West Indies for this series.

Three hours before play was due to begin on the fifth and last day of the Third Test between England and West Indies slight rain fell at Trent Bridge.

Rain ceased after about five minutes and the pitch, protected by both ends appeared to remain good and showed little signs of wear.

The sky was overcast.

The Trent Bridge grounnd was almost deserted half an hour before the start today.

Yesterday's gate of about 35,000 was the best of the match.

The remaining English batsmen went out early for net practice.

Three thousand people were present to see England's batsmen continue the struggle against spin bowlers, Ramadhin and Valentine, and against time.

Every run, every minute was valuable to England. Dewes presented strong defensive bat, while Perky Evans accepted scoring opportunities Half an hour yielded 27 runs.

Soon after the half hour both Ramadhin and Valentine produced their best form and Dewes and Evans were groping and edging their strokes. A series of narrow escapes followed. Evans was fortunate when he edged Ramadhin to slip where Weekes dropped the ball after juggling with it. The ball was turning sharply at this period but Evans took two fours with a cut and a coverdrive.

A leg sweep by Evans off Valentine took the total to 401. Next ball he repeated the stroke and a rather lucky two gave him ten in the over. Ramadhin did not bowl well against lefthander Dewes but the stand was broken by Valentine when Dewes missed a hook stroke at 408.

The sixth wicket stand had lasted exactly an hour during which 58 were added of which Evans made 44 when Shackleton top scorer in the first innings, joined Evans England were 73 ahead. Only two runs were put on when Valentine struck the next blow causing Shackleton to edge a catch to first slip as he groped forward.

While Jenkins batted carefully Evans wasted no opportunity to score. He completed his 50 out of 66 in eighty minutes and continued to bat splendidly until a brilliant catch by Stollmeyer at deep square leg brought about his dismissal. Stollmeyer had made ground fast and caught the ball with one hand. Only a man of his height could have got to it.

The dismissal was virtually the finish of the innings which ended two runs later for 436 the last two wickets Bedser and Hollies both fell to Ramadhin at that total and lunch was taken with West Indies needing 102 to win.

Valentine and Ramadhin had again proved the danger men. They bowled unchanged today for a few minutes short of two hours.

Rae and Stollmeyer began the last innings of the match in bright sunshine.

They scored slowly against accurate bowling by Bedser and Shackleton.

Jenkins came on instead of Bedser and with his fourth ball almost dismissed Rae when he hurled himself to his left to get his out-stretched hand to a hard return, but could not hold it. The score then was 22.

Hollies had to leave the field with a damaged finger when he tired to hold a return catch from Rae at 31. With the result almost inevitable Rae deserted his usual defensive role and launched out into vigorous stroke play. England gave up their serious efforts when Simpson was put on at 91 and Stollmeyer finished the match by hitting him for boundaries off two successful bals. This gave Stollmeyer 52 out of 103 in just under an hour and threequarters. Rae was 46 not out at the close.

SCORE BOARD

ENGLAND (First Innings)	223
WEST INDIES (First Innings)	558
ENGLAND (Second Innings)	
Simpson run out	94
Washbrook c Worrell b Valentine	102
Parkhouse lbw. b Goddard	69
Dewes lbw b Valentine	67
Yardley b Ramadhin	0
Insole st Walcott b Ramadhin	23
Evans c Stollmeyer b Ramadhin	63
Shackleton c Weekes b Valentine	1
Jenkins not out	6
Bedser b Ramadhin	2
Hollies lbw b Ramadhin	0
Extras	25
Total	436

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 212; 2 for 220, 3 for 326, 4 for 346, 5 for 350, 6 for 408, 7 for 410, 8 for 434, 9 for 436, 10 for 436.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Johnson	30	5	65	0
Worrell	19	8	30	0
Gomez	11	3	23	0
Valentine	92	49	140	3
Ramadhin	81.2	25	135	5
Goddard	12	6	18	1

WEST INDIES (Second Innings)	
Rae not out	46
Stollmeyer not out	52
Extras	5
Total (for no loss)	103

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bedser	11	1	35	0
Shackletor	6	2	7	0
Hollies	7	6	1	0
Jenkins	11	1	46	0
Simpson	1.3	0	9	0

Collegiate Champ Downs Schroeder

RIVER FOREST, (Illinois) July 24 (PTI-Reuter): Herb Flam, United States collegiate lawn tennis champion, today scored a straight set victory over former Wimbledon champion Ted Schroeder in the men's singles final of the National Clay Courts tournament.

Flam beat Schroeder, who is America's top ranked amateur, by 6-1, 6-2, 6-2.

DESTINATION ANDAMANS

Calcutta Hockey And Football Sides' Visit

CALCUTTA, July 25 (PTI): Mohun Bagan Athletic Club will send a hockey and football team for a one-month tour of the Andamans at the invitation of the Andaman and Nicobar Sports Association, at the end of September next, it was learnt.

"We will not be able to spare our first eleven football players in view of our other commitments, but we assure the citizens of the place a good soccer treat with whatever we can put before them", said Mr. B. D. Chatterjee, football coach of the club.

NINE TEAMS FOR SANTOSH TROPHY

Tournament Starts On Aug. 4 At Calcutta

CALCUTTA, July 25 (PTI): The Inter-State Football Tournament for the Santosh Memorial Trophy will be held in Calcutta from August 4, Mr. M. Dutta Ray, General Secretary of the All-India Football Federation, announced here today.

Nine teams have so far entered for the championship. They are:

West Bengal, Bombay, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Services Eleven, Rajputana, Trivandrum, Hyderabad and Delhi.

Mysore, Madras and Assam have not yet sent in their entries.

The tournamen twill be played off before August 15 so as not to clash with the I.F.A. Shield which is due to begin somewhere in the third week of the month.

G. I. P. RAILWAY FAIL TO IMPRESS AGAINST GYM.

Chiplin Records Another Good Performance In Goal

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

GREAT Indian Penninsula Railway's "A" team scored an odd goal in three win over the lowly placed League side, Bombay Gymkhana in the Senior Division of the Harwood Football League at at the Cooperage this evening.

Bombay Gymkhana's robust forwards were hardly able to impress and it was a mere snap goal that enabled them to open their account. They did have several gilt-edged chances, but not a single forward used his head. The defence was well served by Boncier and Francis who used his head more than his feet to get the ball away, but he did it somehow Chiplin saved the Gymkhana side from an utter rout.

Bombay Gymkhana surprisingly opened the scoring account first through Richenberger, their right inner who deftly placed the ball in the right hand corner of the net which caused Sukhlal to strike his head against the post in the fifteenth minute of play.

Straight from centre, G.I.P. started on their quest for the equalizer and it came their way immediately when right inner D'Mello scored from close in. Two minutes later Bhickoo was himself surprised when he collected a rebound from full back Francis and dribbled his way in by gradual stages to put the Railway in the lead and score the all important goal of the match.

The second session was more eventful than the first, though it was goalless

In the fifteenth minute Sukhlal, the Railway goalie was injured when Smithers tackled him and his injury neccessitated his removal for medical attention, but Delgardo who took his place hardly handled the ball as the defence was on the alert.

Soon Sukhlal returned and did his little bit with some difficulty and the match ended in a win for the Railway.

The teams were:—

G.I.P. Railway: — Sukhlal; Panna, R. Almeida, A. Duncan, Gulab Singh, Delgardo, S. James G. D'Mello, Tulley, Shiva, Bhickoo.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:— Chiplin, Francis, P. Mullock, Stuff, Boureier, Smollet, Smithers, Richenberger, Jones, Milligan, Mullock S.

Referee:— T. S. Mani.

Dockyard "B" Held To A Draw

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Dockyard 'B' and Lever Sports 'A' shared four goals and points in the second division of the Indian Football League at St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel this evening.

Dockyard scored both their goals in the initial half through Michael D'Costa and Joseph D'Souza, while Levers gained both their goals in the second period through Ramaswami and Gomes.

In the other game in the same tournament and venue Elphinstone Mills beat National Electrical Industries by two goals to nil, Bolaram and Gandhi scored. **One goal was scored in each half.**

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-40 p. m. Goan Sports vs St. Francis Goans. (Harwood League Division I).

St. Xaviers College Ground, Parel.

4-30 p. m. Goan's S.C. "B" vs Indian Culture Leagu e"B".

5-30 p. m. I. N. Dockyard "A" vs Happy Friends (Harwood League Division II).

G. I. P. Railway Ground, Parel.

4-30 p. m. St. Xavier's "B" vs Globe "B" (Indian League Division II).

TABLE TENNIS

St. Xavier's College Hall.

6 p. m. Third round ladies singles.

6-30 p. m. First and second round of mixed doubles.

7-30 p. m. Second and third round of Consolation singles.

BADMINTON

Bandra Gymkhana.

6 p. m. Suburban Open Tournament.

C. C. I.

6-30 p. m. Suburban Open Tournament.

Dyer Lucky To Survive

VYAS THROWS AWAY 3 MATCH-POINTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Young Yatin S. Vyas, with a heap of past performances to his credit, who was considered by the Tournament Committee of the St. Xavier's College Open Table Tennis Tournament not to be good enough to be seeded among even the first sixteen in the men's singles, very nearly came to providing the first major upset of the Tournament, when this evening in the fifth round of the men's singles with three match points in his favour he failed to pull out against second-seeded Ossie Dyer, and lost to him in five thrilling games over the extra points.

With a lead of two games to one and twenty-seventeen in the fourh, Vyas made the mistake of taking the easy way out of the match to victory by trying to hit his opponent out with a winner. In this he committed a Himalayan blunder, for the 'ace' continued to elude him till the very last, and in his attempt he lost the one opportunity of a brilliant and well-deserved success.

Young Lulla was seen to gery great advantage, and extended the seeded K. N. S. Narayanan to full five games before going down.

Kumar Ghosh and S. L. Shroff playing against Surendra and Bhatkal conceded one game to their opponents before qualifying for the third round.

In the best men's doubles match of the evening, the Collegiate champions V. M. Nadkarni and N. B. Mistry were taken to four games by V. Prabhu and S. B. Jog.

The following are the results:

MEN'S SINGLES (Fifth round)

V.B. Jog beat S. N. Gandhi 22-20, 18-21, 21-14, 24-22, H. M. Kanchand beat P.S. Sandha Valia 21-10, 21-12, 21-11; S.N. Motiwalla beat R.J. Dawde 21-8, 20-22, 21-18, 21-9; D.H. Kapadia beat A. Benjamin 21-13, 21-7, 21-4; B. A. Laljee beat M. M. Samuel 21-13, 23-21, 14-21, 22-20; N.B. Mistry beat S.V. Gaoker 14-21, 17-21, 25-23, 21-14 22-20; A.S. Amladi beat M. Shinde 21-17, 18-21, 22-20 21-17; D.P. Somaya beat D. Hathiramani 21-14, 21-16, 21-13; S.K. Thackersey beat A. H. Desai 21-16, 21-19, 21-15; Kumar Ghosh beat S.L. Shroff 21-19, 21-17, 21-18; V.M. Nadkarni beat P.A. Vaidynathan 21-13, 19-21, 21-19, 21-17; D.P. Sampat beat N.J. Nensey 21-13, 21-17, 21-7; Ossie Dyer beat Y. S. Vyas 17-21, 24-22, 14-21, 22-20, 21-19; M.M. Dalvi beat K.S. Cooper 21-13, 21-16, 21-14; GC.. Velkar beat N. Krishnamurthi 2-11, 21-11, 13-21, 21-11; K.N.S. Narayanan beat M. L. Lulla 19-21, 21-11, 21-13, 17-21, 21-12.

MEN'S DOUBLES (Third round)

D.P. Sampat and D.P. Somaya beat A.S. Amladi and P. Kumar 21-14, 22-20, 21-18; B.A. Laljee and J.C. Patker beat B. Abraham and P. Abraham 21-11, 21-17, 17-21, 21-14; H. M. Kanchand and O. Dyer beat U.S. Bhangera and Y. M. Mahajan 2-17, 21-12, 19-21, 21-8 S.N. Gandhi & C.G. Velkar beat R. Seth and A.H. Desai 17-21, 19-21, 21-19, 18-21, 21-19; K. Chandorkar and M.S. Ajrekar beat N. J. Nense and A. Benjamin 2-14, 24-22, 21-11; Kumar Ghosh and S. L. Shroff beat B. Surendra and D. N. Bhetkel 21-11, 21-14, 11-21, 21-12; S. V. Gaokar and Y. S. Yyas beat N. N. Shah and S.J. Asher 25-23, 21-10, 21-19; V.M. Nadkarni and N.B. Mistry beat V.V. Prabhu and S.B. Jog 15-21, 21-10, 21-13, 21-12.

W.I.F.A. MOVE FRUITFUL

Week-End Visit Of Mohun Bagan

CALCUTTA, July 25 (PTI): Mohun Bagan, of Calcutta, will leave for Bombay by air on the night of August 4 to play two exhibition matches on August 5 and 6. They will meet the India Culture League and a representative team of Bombay State for the Inter-Provincial Tournament, during their two-day trip.

These exhibition matches had been arranged early this month at the invitation of the Western India Football Association.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL LEAGUE

CALCUTTA, July 25 (PTI): Aryans defeated Mohun Bagan by a solitary goal in this evening's First Division Football League match.

Poona Racing Season Start This Saturday

HANDICAPS FOR OPENING DAY'S PROGRAMME

POONA, July 25.

The following are the handicaps for the first day of Poona Summer Races which will be held here on Saturday, July 29th:—

THE GHORPURI PLATE—Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Pippy 9-6, Lectide 9-5, Serenade 9-5, Rim Jhim 9-4, Rana Pratap 9-3, Liberty Belle 8-12, Coup d'Etatt 8-10, My Pet 8-10, Pramila 8-8, Jawahir 8-7 National Flag 8-7, Fair Haven 8-6, Dinar 8-4, New Moon 8-4, Flight of Fancy 7-10, Downpour 7-7, Pankaj 7-6 Solata 7-2, Red Bird 7-0.

THE G. V. SHENDE PLATE—Dist. 7 Furlongs.

Full House 9-2, Bhopal Star 9-2, Courage 9-0, Neola 9-0, Independence 9-0, Baaz Bahadur 8-13, Flying Arrow 8-10, Near Image 8-6, Hapy Go Lucky 8-3, Khundli 8-3, Who's That 8-0, Shubh Laxmi 8-0, Spring Chicken 8-0 Viveca 8-0, Ghizala 7-13, Ayaaz 7-11, Dev Doot 7-10.

THE BHOPAL PLATE (Div. I.)—Dist. 7 Furlongs.

Queen Elizabeth 9-2, Black Magic 9-1, Dil-Ki-Bat 9-0, Her Excellency 9-0, Truman 9-0, Prospero 813, Makarpura 8-10, Star Saphire 8-9, Panditji 8-9, Rukshana 8-9, Find Out 8-7, Repartee 8-7, Queen of Gwalior 8-6, Pretty Town 8-5, Havana 8-5, The Duke 8-5, Salta 8-5, Imprudence 8-4, Tamasha 8-3, Gang Bhup 8-2, Royal Guard 8-1.

THE BHOPAL PLATE (Div. II)—Dist. 7 Furlongs.

Putt All 9-3, Dragon Seed 9-2, The Cavalier 8-13, Rashtrapati 8-9, Princessa 8-9, Down South 8-8, Tamanna 8-6, Pick Money 8-4, Pelion 8-4, Bihari 8-3, Don't be Silly 8-3, Morton Daisy 8-2, Indra-Mohini 8-2, Arrak 8-1 Mah-I-Neu 8-0, Lerins 8-0, Whirlwind 8-0, London Tan 7-11, Caltex 7-11, Kabir 7-9, True Love 7-7.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE NERAL PLATE (Div. I)—Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Way Out 8-12, Paper Crown 8-12, Varun 8-12, Al Hamil 8-12, Rajguru 8-12, Virvikram 8-12, Whirlaway 8-12, Acha Masala 8-12, Glamour Boy 8-12, Diamond Star 8-12, Eremitage 8-12, Mondana 8-12, Gun Drill 8-12, Mohan 8-12, Andaz 8-12, Chhote Khan 8-12, Gallant Khan 8-12, Choppy 8-12, Sajan 8-12, Moonlight and Shadow 8-12, Greek Star 8-12, Ballynahinch 8-12.

THE NERAL PLATE (Div. II)—Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Domain 8-12, New Jack 8-12, All-in-All 8-12, Hangover 8-12, Silver Pylon 8-12, Liberator 8-12, Galoping Lad 8-12, Ali Janab 8-12, Guest of Honour 8-12, Homestretch 8-12, Steno 8-12, Radio Star 8-12, Othello 8-12, Casanova 8-12, Janab-E-Ali 8-12, Inquilab 8-12, Masked Pleasure 8-12, Gipsy's Glory 8-12, Don't Boast 8-12, Hirohito 8-12, Windsor Toy 8-12, Al Mohalab 8-12.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances).

THE LONI PLATE (Div. I).— Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Chocolate Soldier 9-4, Golden Orb 9-2, Gold Street 9-0, Vagabond Queen 8-12, Aawaz 8-12, Bansiwale 8-12, Bara Mulla 8-11, Furat 8-10, Cherry Blossom 8-10, Chandroos 8-10, Modesty II 8-9, Little Star 8-8, Basilian 8-8, Carnival Queen 8-8, Marhaba 8-7, Montfort 8-7, Celerity 8-6, Salamat 8-5, Army and Navy 8-5, Pardesi 8-2, Gwalor Express 8-2, Coronet 7-10.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.

THE LONI PLATE (Div. II).— Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Honey Bunch 9-2, Hikmet 9-0, Harlem Lights 9-0, Firdaussi 8-12, Mohabat 8-12, Malabar Star 8-10, Whirlpool 8-8, Kickshaw 8-7, Steve 8-7, Princess Dominic 8-7, Repay 8-5, Yakin 8-5, Madras 8-5, Mah Khurshid 8-5, Aroma 8-5, Cool and Collected 8-4, Santinella 8-1, Ati's Pride 7-12, Indian Gem 7-12, Mirella 7-12.

(To be ridden with allowances by Apprentice Jockeys who have not ridden 20 or more winners).

THE LONI PLATE (Div. III).— Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Neemphool 9-5, Gipsy Flower 9-0, Maniana 9-0, Koko Boy 8-13, Chanchal 8-13, Parker Prince 8-8, Marvel 8-3, Queen of Hearts 8-3, Kantaka 8-3 Pirkhan 8-2, Dry Day 7-13, Romantic Kiss 7-12, Miss Pierrot 7-10, Sparkling Star 7-7, Mimma 7-7, Won Thousand 7-7, Lily 7-6.

(To be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances).

Seconderabad Accetapnce

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) July 24.

The following are the acceptances for the seventh day's Secunderabad Races to be run on Wednesday, July 26. The first race starts at 2 p. m.

MAHDI JUNG MEMORIAL PLATE —Div. II 6F

Indian Flower 9/4; Maha 9/3; Abu Muslim 9/3; Barq Dahman 8/10 Golshan 8/9; Mamluk 8/8; Rabie al Khair 8/4; Kitty Hawk 8/2; Hormazdiyar 8/0; Romp Home 7/12.

MAHDI JUNG MEMORIAL PLATE Div. 1: 6F

Dahman Ahmed 9/4; Sanjagh Su'ad 9/3; Amal al Shabab 9/2; Naqib 8/10; Sharjeel 8/6; Head Worker 8/4; Russian Bandit 8/0; Assaf Mahamud 7-12; Mandub al Gharb 7/7; Mosaki Pasha 7/7.

SUDAN PLATE: 8F

Mars 9/4, Abjar Sulad 9/4; Black Hazard 9/1; Take It Easy 9/1, Naim al Shabab 9/0; Burhan II 8/8; Young Krush 8/4; Nassar Daud 8/3; Al Ameen II 8/1.

EPSOM PLATE II: 7F

D. Day 9/4; Hooded Terror 8/12; Trunk Call 8/10; Kubaira 8/9; Jadugar 8/8; Tajik 8/2; Very Little 8/1; Flora 7/12! Libalee 7/11; Akash Deep 7/11; Great Lady 7/10; King's Dream 7/10; Royal Boy 7-9; Fowzia 7/8; Princess Padma 7/6; Hurry On 7/5.

KANPUR PLATE III: 7F

Gipsy Lore 9/4; Battle Song 9/2; Pure Emerald 8/13; Sunlight 812; Past the Post 8/10; Dulhan 8/10; Blue Flame 8/9; Domnic's Girl 8/9; Golden Boy 8/9; Brilliant Sunshine 8/7; Robin Adair 8/5; Taron 8/5; Merry Go Round 8/5; Harlem Day 8/4; Little Prince 8/4; Shangrilla 8/3.

LUCKNOW PLATE: 6F

Sweet Bee 9/4; Golden Hind 9/4; Belle Syme 9/3; Aerex 9/3; Red Cross Boy 9/2; Desert Queen 9/1; Al Kajora 9/0; Slap and Tickle 8/11; Win Again 8/11; Davi Dayal 8/6; Penicillin 8/5; Sea Log 8/3; Moon Dust 8/2; Miss Pop 8/2; Happiness 7/8; Forward Bloc 7/6.

EPSOM PLATE I: 7F

Yearling 9/4; Wet Bob 8/10 Marie Louise 8/10; Ganga Singh 8/10; Pessu Pasha 8/9; Windsor Knight 8/8; Nuralia 8/7; Triumph 8/7; Georgie 8/6; Blue Train 8/0; Amelia 7/11.

KANPUR PLATE I: 7F

Atomic 9/4; King's Parade 9/4; Alma 9/2; Black and White 8/13; Fashion Parade 8/13 Zedai 8/12; Just It 8/11; Piarehind 8/9; Wedding Day 8/9; Bold Attempt 7-13.

KANPUR PLATE II: 7F

Reshone 9/4; Chetna 9/2; Mayfair Lady 8/13; Fair Gold 8/9; Chrissie Darling 8/8; Queenie 8/4; Post to Post 8/4; Princess of Hindustan 8/4; Gay Count 8/2; Plucky Princess 8/1; R.A.F. 7/13; Palmy Days 7/10; Crown of Kolhapur 7/10; Miss Prestige 7/6— PTI.

B. P. O. A. STRIPPED OF ITS POWER

"Ad Hoc" Committees Formed For Athletics And Cycling

(By Our Athletics Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

IT was a black day in the life of Bombay Provincial Olympic Association when the requested meeting saw the four resolutions tabled being carried by an absolute majority. The B.P.O.A. have been stripped of their power with the formation of two "ad hoc" Committees—one for Athletics and the other for Cycling.

The following were the resolutions tabled:—

(1) This meeting of the B.P.O.A. herely resolves that the control of Athletics and Cycling in the state of Bombay be transferred from today to two separate State Associations controlling these branches of sport.

(2.) That the members present here today, form themselves into the Bombay State Athletic Association and the Bombay Cycling Association.

(3.) That two 'ad hoc' Committees, consisting of persons to be elected at the meeting, be formed for framing the constitution of these two associations and for carrying on the work of these two associations till the first General Meeting is held.

(4.) That these two 'ad hoc' Committees shall covene a meeting of their respective associations within three months of this date for the approval of their their constitution.

According, two 'ad hoc' Committees have been formed. The one for cycling is as follows:—

Comdr. C. B. Sethna (convenor) Mr. Dungor (Sr.), Mr. J. Irani, M. Darukhanawalla, Mr. Nalaseth, Mr. J. R. Kapadia, Mr. R. J. Irani, Miss D. Darukhanawalla, Mr. Dungor (Jr.) Mr. C. Univalla, Mr. Dhun Mistry as members.

The "ad hoc" committee for Athletics is as follows:—

Khan Bahadur Shiwax Mehta (Convenor); J. Jameson, Ullal S. Rao, A. F. S. Talyarkhan, R. S. Bhivandewalla, C. S. Nayar, Jal Pardiwalla, K. Choksi, S. J. Dalal, Russi Colah, J. C. Maitra.

The Athletics Committee is meeting on Thursday to adopt its constitution.

The general surprise was that no member of the Olympic Association could be nominated to the new bodies Mr. Lohana presided at the first meeting, but Mr. Wally Obraham took over at the next meeting. Only two members opposed the resolutions.

3000 METRES RUN BY B. J. A. CLUB

BOMBAY, July 25 (PTI): The Bombay Junior Athletes Club will hold an open 3,000 metres run on Sunday, July 30 at 7 A.M. The race will be run from the Cross Maidan to the Bandstand and back.

The organisers have fixed no age limit for the event and on-the-spot entries will be accepted.

Competitors will assemble at the Scout Hall, Dhobi Talao.

HOMAI DUBASH'S FINE VICTORY

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Miss Homai Dubash by her magnificent victory this evening over Miss Vasumati Oak in the singles of the Suburban Open Badminton Tournament avenged the defeat that the latter inflicted on Homai in the same Tournament last year. Homai was in a devastating mood today and practically outclassed her opponent.

Another interesting match—also in the women's singles—resulted in a very good recovery by Mrs. Nobina Lewis, when after being 1-9 down in the second game against Miss T. Dandige, she won eleven points off the rell to claim the game and the match. In the first game Miss Dandige made the mistake of tossing in the mid-court, which Mrs. Lewis speedily turned to her advantage, but in the second game Miss Dandige continuously dropped in both the corners near the net, and ran into a big lead, but Mrs. Lewis playing superbly made a determined effort not to let the match go into three games, and succeeded.

The following were the results:—

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Mrs. Nobina Lewis beat Miss T. Dandige, 11-6, 12-9; Miss Betty Farias beat Miss P. D. Shroff, 11-5, 11-3; Miss Homai Dubash beat Miss Vasumati Oak, 11-4, 11-8.

MEN'S DOUBLES

George Lewis and Motiram Desai beat K. K. Jhala and M. K. Fezi, 15-2, 15-9; M. S. Patil and M. K. Bhopardikar beat P. M. Nadkarni and M. R. Swamy, 15-2, 15-7. N. V. Sirsat and T. N. Damu beat W. Gomms and T. Fernandes, 1-15, 18-17, 15-9; H. K. Talyarkhan and Henry Ferreira w.o 'B' Pair; R. Panvelkar and B. Bhagat w.o. M. P. Desai and D. N. Dhongade; S. R. Ruia and Devinder Mohan beat M. J. Pansare and S. J. Daniel, 15-4, 15-2; L. R. Agaskar and V. C. Raikar beat T. Mahadevan and B. M. Pradhan, 15-7, 15-12; D. G. Mugwe and Bala Ullal beat V. S. Parab and M. M. Ashtakar, 15-2, 15-7; V. A. Madgaskar and M. G. Mangalvedhekar beat B. S. Kalyanpur and S. S. Kohrady, 15-4, 15-2; Ng Boon Gee and Hwa Kien Fu w.o. G. S. Kalyanpur and C. P. Merchant.

STEWARDS' CUP FOR RAJPIPLA

GOODWOOD, (Sussex), July 25. (PTI-Reuter):

The Maharajah of Rajpipla's First Consul won the Stewards' Cup here this afternoon. Mr. H. E. Morriss' Blue Book was second and Mrs. W. Armstrong's The Bite third. Twenty-one ran.

Betting was one hundred to nine First Consul; One hundred to nine Blue Book; One hundred to eight The Bite.

Decorum was 15 to two against favourite. Won by one length with neck separating second and third. Runners Jockeys identical as probables except that F. Durr and not Cliff Richards rode Empress of Prunes.

The Bombay Chronicle

DECENTRALISATION

It is a happy sign that the centre of gravity in the Government administration is shifting towards the people and that in persuance of their policy of decentralisation of authority, the Bombay Government are abolishing the century-old posts of divisional commissioners on August 15 so that greater responsibility would devolve on district collectors. Announcing this, to a conference of the Collectors of the State, Mr. Morarji Desai, Bombay's Home and Revenue Minister, hoped that this would eliminate delays by removing an intermediary between the Secretariat and the district heads. Greater powers were benig given to district collectors to take decisions on the spot, instead of referring matters to the commissioner, as in the past, and carrying out his orders when received. Decentralisation would give greater latitude to the district officer to listen to people's grievances and grant immediate redress where deserved. This, it was hoped, would reduce the distance between the people and officials and make the latter realise that the people were masters now and "not merely ryots." In the past power flowed from above. The Governor laid down the policy to the divisional commissioners, who were the sides, as it were, of the iron frame of the Indian Civil Service. It was the responsibility of the district collectors to see that it was implicitly executed. Outside that they could not move but their dignity was maintained by their being the representatives of the ruling power and they kept aloof from the people. Now the situation has been completely reversed. They are the representatives of the people's Government and their masters are right on their door-steps, instead of being far away at the provincial capital.

No doubt the new position gives the public an opportunity for presenting their problems for immediate redress. But there is also a disadvantage to it. There have been reports that with the coming of independence th elocal leaders from the ruling party have tried to interfere and influence district revenue and police officials to their own advantage, under the threat of reporting them to the ministers. If this is allowed under the grab of bowing to public opinion, then the officials will only become tools in the hands of local politicians. There is already a directive from the Congress organisation to its members not to interfere with or intimidate local officials and the Government must also see that they back an official, when he is in the right, against local busybodies. It will be necessary to give clear directives to district collectors and superintendents of the police that, while they are to be available and sympathetic to what the people have to say, they must not deviate from the path of duty for political considerations. The filtering down of power to 'the very lowest rung of hierarchy' bristles with another danger. The village panchayats will have now undue importance and every one knows to what extent ignorance and caste prejudice still linger in many villages. It should be seen that local panchayats do not use their newly acquired powers to persecute or keep down any section of the village population. The district officers will have the additional duty of seeing that this decentralisation reform is not abused at any stage and that the purpose of democracy is not defeated

Piling Up Confusion

The report from Washington that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's further communication to Mr. Acheson was "a secret message explaining his motives" in making his original proposal is beautifully naive. It runs, "Pandit Nehru was reported to have urged that America should abandon her attitude that the North Koreans must stop fighting and withdraw to the 38th Parallel before China's membership in the United Nations could be considered. Officials (at Washington) said that, if America agreed to admit Communist China to the United Nations and then Russia refused to end the Korean fighting, it would be bad for the Russians before world opinion...American officials were pleased to know more about Pandit Nehru's motives, but they were not expecting to change their position." The assumption on which this curious story is based is evidently that the Indian Prime Minister is an innocent abroad. No Indian who has had experience of political ways in this country for the past three decades would be gullible enough to believe in the supreme qualities of world opinion. Relying on this magic, Nationalist India has been led so often up the garden path that she might well refrain from recommending other nations to cultivate and woo world opinion.

If Communist China and Soviet Russia both came into the U. N. Council, it would be very much a problem whether the United Nations Security Council could secure the adoption of a resolution to stop aggression with two vetoes in place of one. As for "world opinion" it might be wise to recognise that there are two worlds and both of them have already taken sides to such an extent that there can be neither addition nor subtraction to it. If the suggestion is that Russia's refusal to induce the North Koreans to withdraw behind the 38th Parallel would lose it its present friends and supporters, we would ask these optimists to glance at the comments of the Communists on the Korean question and disillusion themselves. The general trend of feeling among the Reds is that the Americans in South Korea are intruders and should have no business to be there, that the U. N. ought to ask them first to remove themselves instead of harassing the North Koreans, and that after all, as Korea is admittedly one country, the Northeners are in the South as of right.

The report is calculated to embroil with Soviet Russia, presumably because of a needless fear that Indo-Russian relations are too smooth for Western comfort. The Indian support extended to the two resolutions of the U. N. Security Council are commitment enough and it would be prudent if doubts are not expressed about India's attitude. But the insinuation that India has sen a secret message to America the effect that she is really on the side of America is calculated to undo any Indian influence with Russia and to throw her out of the orbit of Russian politics, with allowing her a choice in the matter at all. Apart from the fact that India has to a great extent invited this attitude from America by her own doubtful policy, there is a section of American opinion which desires India and other countries, to follow the American lead without hesitation or questioning The "New York Times" comment, for instance, on Pandit Jawaharlal's better occupying his time in attending to the Kashmir problem. If it is not a puerile "mind-your-business" gesture smacks dangerously of political blackmail.

Not A Civil War

Mr. Koni Zilliacus, the rebel labourite and former M. P., is reported to have declared at a meeting of the National Peace Council in London that the war in Korea was a civil war complicated by a clash between United States and Russian power politics and that to treat it was international aggression contrary to the United Nations Charter was the worst possible way of handling the situation. Mr. Zilliacus is quite right when he says that the Korean war is complicated by a clash between United States and Russian power politics. But to suggest that it is a simple civil war, which is nobody else's affair or that the Northern invasion is not an international aggression is to refuse to face facts, however much he may dislike them. The position is that Korea was divided, as Germany, between two zones. The northern came under Soviet control and the southern under American. Later the United Nations made it its own concern and despatched a Commission for various purposes. Since then Korea and the relations between North and South have constituted an international question. But the north Koreans have defied the U. N. Commission's authority even to the extent of not allowing entry to the commission beyond the 30th Parallel. The South, however, has accepted the authority and jurisdiction of the Commission. The non-recognition of the U. N. Commission by North Korea the latter actually invaded South Korea, which is not only American but a U. N. zone, the invasion certainly became an international aggression contrary to the U. N. Charter. When advocates of peace like Mr. Zilliacus ignore this fact, it means that what they are concerned with is not genuine peace but a partisan peace on northern Korean and Communist terms.

Thought For The Day

You may be arrested by mistake; you will not be released by mistake.

(Chinese Proverb)

Tete-a-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT.

Government deserve credit for the way they have been able to maintain absolute secrecy even when talks reached three days.

The President gave a banquet tonight in honour of Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Mr. Owen Dixon, Cabinet Ministers and high officials of the External Affairs Ministry have been invited to the banquet. The Pakistan High Commissioner, too was present.

It is the first time when officials and the Ministers would be in a position freely to mix with the distinguished visitors from Pakistan.

Some definite indication about the discussions are likely to be available tomorrow.

—From a recent issue of a local contemporary.

* * *

Apropos of the report about a "secret personal appeal" by Pandit Nehru to Mr. Dean Acheson, American officials, Reuter says, were pleased to know more about the Indian Prime Minister's motives, but they were not expected to change their position.

India is deeply grateful and even more deeply relieved. Especially because India was shaking from north to south and east to west in sheer nervous fright since the rebuke administered to Pandit Nehru by the "New York Times."

* * *

Press report: The five-day conference between the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan and Sir Owen Dixon for exploring avenues of settlement of the Kashmir problem has proved inconclusive.

As the official communique puts it so revealingly more "avenues" were unexpectedly opened during the talks and they need to be sort of surveyed before being explored.

* * *

Another New Delhi report about Sir Owen Dixon's plans tells us that after his talks with both Governments, Sir Owen would see if any common ground could be found out to lighten the discussion of the next Nehru-Liaquat Ali meeting scheduled to be held in Karachi.

That, for us, is a wide enough avenue to an understanding of the actual upshot of the last meeting.

* * *

ONLY DEO SO FAR
Congress Presidential Election
—Headlines.

Wait, wait. Shri Purshottamdas Tandon is COMING.

* * *

In a tribute to the late Mr. Mackenzie King, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan says that his long Parliamentary career was an inspiration to all those who believe in a democratic way of life.

We hope this tribute dispels pessimism in Pakistan.

* * *

The "New York Times" predicts that the U.S. might restrict Marshall Aid supplies because of the Korean war.

We shouldn't be surprised if this kind of brilliant strategic diversion did take place.

Homage To Meherally

By Farid Ansari

THE SECOND of July, 1950 shall remain one of the darkest days in the history of India. For it was on this day that nature delivered that unkind blow not only to the people of India but to the movements for social and economic emancipation throughout the length and breadth of our country, which took away from us Yusuf Meherally one of the most universally respected and adored of India's heroes.

It was distressing to see him struggling with death. For eight years he faced the agony with stoic stubbornness. The lathi blow he received inside the jail during the 1942 Rebellion, in the region of heart proved fatal at last, despite the sustained and untiring efforts of the best medical talents in Bombay and his own gallant fight.

LAST MOMENTS

When Jayaprakash, Purshottam Trikamdas and I reached his bedside that unhappy morning, he was taking his last breaths. And yet none of us realised that in a twinkle Yusuf Maherally would plunge us into the depths of sorrow. This was not sorrow. This was not so much because he had till then triumphed over each crisis that occurred during his long illness, but more so because we just could not and would not contemplate his parting from us. Somehow all his old comrades and colleagues with the exception of Kamaladevi, Acharya Narendradev and Ganga Saran Sinha were all there, as if to receive his goodbye. And when it happened it left every single individual there in tears.

The tragic news went over Bombay like lightening. Then there was a stream of mourners. They came from all classes and all walks of life to have the last look of the MAN who was so dear and near to him. An old Parsi lady came sobbing, gently knelt down before his bed with folded hands, bowed before the body and went out with tears streaming down her eyes. That was typical of the mourning homage paid to the physical remains.

When he died Meherally was only 47 years of age, and age when life just begins to span out to its fullness and to blossom. Even at an early age Meherally had shewn unmistakable promise of greatness. He moved from success to success but just when he appeared to reach the pinnacle destiny robbed him from us.

SOCIALIST BY CHOICE

Meherealy though lawyer by training was a servant of the people by deliberate choice and a Socialist by deep conviction. Therefore it was that he sacrificed that profession in which success awaited him and joined the national struggle during the early twenties in response to Gandhiji's call and never looked back, never faltered. In 1933 when he saw the movement for national emancipation waning, his quick vision and foresight at once grasped the real cause of the damping of the people's spirit. To him it was crystal clear that unless the exploited section of the Indian pepole participated in the struggle for independence, the goal could not be reached. To him that was only possible when the struggle was based on the social and economic demands of the teeming millions, who needed freedom from exploitation and freedom from want as much as freedom from foreign bondage. It was, therefore, inevitable that he should be, as indeed he was, one of the founder members of the Socialist Party.

In 1933, when Gandhiji after his epic fast called a meeting of the A. I. C. C. members at Poona, to hear reports of the 1932 movement, Meherally pleaded for the gingering up of the movement. At that time he was canvalescing in the Nature Cure Clinic. Those of us who felt the historic necessity of forming a Socialist Party in India met to get her there and decided to go ahead with the work. Of course Meherally as I have already said was the moving spirit and was entrusted with the task of drafting the memorandum for the formation of such a party.

From the very inception of the Socialist Party he was its chief draftsman. He was also the party's chief negotiator because of his tremendous persuasive ability, disarming reasonableness and unrefutable logic. His knowledge of human character was so perfect that he could win over the opponents to his side without difficulty. During parleys and discussions he showed so much patience with opponents that even his best friends and comrades used to get annoyed. But that was his trump card, his unique strength.

OPPOSED TO COMMUNALISM

In 1935 at the first Conference of Nationalist Muslims, Merereally opposed the official resolution on safeguards for Muslims in India. His contention was that the best safeguard for Muslims was their wholehearted participation in the struggle for emancipation against British Imperialism. Meherally was opposed to admixture of religion with politics. As such he was opposed to communal poltics. To him India's unity was the most previous thing. He was dead against the partition of the country. To him partition was the sure road to misery, privation and ruin. And when it came his heart bled at the uprooting of millions, as a result of that mad

(Continued on Page 7)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

A Blow For Secularism

Though garlanding a statue or portrait need not amount to deification, Shri Shankerrao Deo, General Secretary of the Congress and reported nominee for the Presidentship, erred on the right side during a recent visit to Nagpur in refusing to garland a portrait of Gandhiji on the ground that it was a form of worship or deification and as such out of place in a secular State. It may well cost him the Congress Presidentship but we hope that his example will be more widely followed and even extended to other fields. When responsible Ministers indulge in religious ceremonies on public occasions like the opening of a bridge or the inauguration of a tank or the planting of a tree, it is a flat contradiction of the official declaration that religion will be kept as a carefully guarded private concern not intruding into public affairs. We realise that garlanding is as much a part of our public life as speech-making. But it is time that someone started to protest and it is a happy omen that that someone should have been Mr. Shankerrao Deo. There is a report that Nagpur is outraged at his act and contemplates greeting him the next time with black flags and other tokens of dislike. That too is not a bad thing. It is good to have someone shake us out of our complacency.

Madhyabharat Capital

It is difficult for people who live outside the Union to appreciate the strength of feeling which actuates the leaders of the various factions in Madhyabharat in the matter of the location of the capital of the Union. The controversy is now very old, and it has defied solution by eminent personalities whose sole interest in the problem was to find a fair and impartial solution. Prejudice and passion have been imported into the controversy and a Minister of the Union has resigned on the ground that he has been vilified by a newspaper which has attributed base motives to him. It is pathetic to find people who have been fighting shoulder to shoulder till the other day for the attainment of freedom now quarrelling among themselves when the objective is attained. It will be difficult to adjudge the rights and wrongs of the various points of view of the representatives of Indore and Gwalior, nor is it necessary. If only the leaders could agree to abide by the verdict of the people, and decide the question purely from the point of view of the well-being of the people considered as a whole, there need be no two opinions on the subject.

Well-Meaning Resolutions

Many naive and idealistic members of the British Labour Party send well-meaning resolutions for consideration by the annual conference. They invariably get crowded out or otherwise nicely killed. The managers and leaders see to it. The three resolutions on South Africa's racial policy and the duties of the British Government and British Socialists regarding, respectively, the Protectorates, which Malan wants to annex, and a common Socialist policy to be worked out in consultation with representatives of colonial peoples are well meaning and desirable. But we are quite sure they are not going to progress further than appearing now on the preliminary agenda of the Labour Party Conference to be held in October. They will meet with the fate of all such resolutions at almost every previous conference. But we do very much wish that they were taken up if only to be rejected by the conference on the orders of the "Platform". Even a brief debate will be welcome because it will expose Britain's so-called Socialists and champions of democratic equality.

Intelligent Invasion

Whoever has credited a buffalo with intelligence? That long-suffering beast of burden has been the butt of ridicule by an ungrateful public which has never taken into account its stolid contribution to the prosperity of the land, and its stoicism which has helped it to bear the slings and arrows of the elements with unperturbed calm. But even a buffalo will turn, and obviously the Nowgong buffalo has had enough of being the beast of burden. We are told that "wild" baffaloes, which have allied themselves with rhinos, invade fields green with paddy and jute crop and, after working havoc during the night, retire to the officially sponsored sanctuary where they are free from the troublesome bullet of the shikari. It only shows how mistaken the world has been about its buffalo; here is an animal which we have all along been describing as the very epitome of stupidity, adopting tactics which even the Americans in retreat in Korea may adopt with advantage. And their alliance with the rhinos bespeaks of a skill scare among humans. We would not be surprised if we are to be told that the buffaloes advance with the rhinos leading the vanguard, for the rhinos have a very thick skin which should prove itself useful against the prying shots of amateur big-game hunters, who, we see, are to be armed with muzzle-loading guns to be supplied by the Provincial Government. The world will watch with interest the further progress of this titanic struggle.

Food Minister's Challenge

Some days ago, Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Bombay's Food Minister, is reported to have promised immunity to any one who could produce one thousand tons foodgrains from the black market. Now he clarifies that his challenge pertains to any one specified area and not to the whole State. A certain Manordas Narielwala, through a local newspaper column, is said to have accepted the original challenge to produce the named quantity of foodgrains from the black market, if transport was provided and immunity guaranteed. The Food Minister states that he has yet to receive the reported offer. According to Mr. Desai's estimate the black market in Bombay city could not yield more that a hundred tons of cereals and in the whole of the State not more than 10,000 tons. The condition of his challenge, he clarified, was 1,000 tons from Greater Bombay and not from the black markets of the whole State. The point Mr. Desai wants to disprove is that there was a sufficiency of foodgrains but most of it was in the black market. Apart from this we fail to see why the Food Minister should confine his challenge to a limited area. Foodgrains recovered from any black market is so much gain to ease the situation and whether the quantity is small or big, collected from the city or the whole of the State, it should be welcome. If the police cannot ferret it out on their own then the Government must accept the offer of citizens to produce it from the black market. We only hope that the offer is serious and not made by one of those habitual writers to newspapers, who rejoice in using words with no meaning.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Solution To Housing Problem

"EXPERT SOLUTION TO HOUSING PROBLEM":--Under this heading I was very much interested to read in your paper about the debate at the meeting of the Institute of Engineers. In the debate, Mr. C. R. Desai gave various figures and reasons for the shortage of housing accommodation and expressed his fear that private investors might not finance more than a third of the housing programme and was pessimistic about the Government finding funds for housing schemes on an appreciable scale.

Mr. K. T. Divecha who spoke next dealt on what private enterprise could do in providing capital for housing schemes and stated such enterprises were primarily concerned with safety for capital investment and getting a reasonable return on their investment for the life of the building, but in present times these involved financial risks and therefore private enterprise was shy in coming forward to provide the much needed housing. Mr. Divecha further pointed out that within 10 years' time the value of the properties built now will depreciate to 50% and the premium or 'Pugree' as it is called is nothing else but to cover the capital loss which an investor in property today will have to bear in 10 years' time. Moreover, the restrictions on rent on one hand and the income-tax laws on the other hand which only allowed statutory deductions such as maximum 1/6 of the rents for repairs even though the landlord may actually spend much more and 6% for recovery of rents and not actual cost of recovery. Besides, non allowance for depreciation on properties (when computing the net income) and till recently taxes paid to the Municipality, Bombay Government were also not permitted to be deducted from gross rent by the incometax laws, did not encourage private enterprise to come forward to provide new housing or even to maintain the old premises in proper repairs as the investors were not charitable institutions but they will only invest their moneys in immoveable properties if they are satisfied it will bring them reasonable return and that such activity will not result in their capital loss.

Looking to all this, in my opinion, the best solution for tackling the housing problem and for the improvement of properties in Bombay will be to form Housing Corporations as it is decided by the Government and to treat these Corporations for taxation purpose as business concerns. Moreover, the Corporations should be empowered to take up existing properties of such owners who wish to merge their property into such Corporation at the present market value and are ready to accept shares of the Corporation of it's equivalant value. The Government should guarantee minimum 4% interest on investment in the Corporation and I am sure many crores of rupees will be subscribed by public in no time. Besides, the old properties could be improved rapidly and (a) the question of 'Pugree' (b) complaint about not carrying out repairs by the landlord (c) prosecution by the Municipality for not carrying out requisition and many other similar complaints will all disappear because the Corporations will be a semi-government body with adequate funds to meet all expenses and sufficient staff for the proper maintenance of the properties.

I hope the Government as well as public will seriously consider this suggestion and will take early steps to develop not one but many Housing Corporations for solving this difficult problem.

— A. R. M. YUSUF

"Capital And Middle Class"

Your correspondent-reader Shri Natvarlal Ratilal, Jt. Hon. Secretary, Bombay Shop-Assistants' Federation deserves congratulation for bringing before the public through your esteemed paper the misdeeds and dishonest ways and means of exacting money adopted by those in charge of Company affairs.

It is clear therefrom how the present prices of consumers' goods such as cloth, sugar and other necessities of life have been unduly inflated by producers. If Government wants to bring down the same and to reverse the vicious circle of inflation and also to eradicate corruption, influence, etc. which is the crying need of the day, it is essential not to take these deeds lightly as has been done hitherto but to check the same by immediate issue of ordinance with provisions to punish wrong doers with imprisonment. In the land of rule of law such things should not be allowed to continue further for a moment and the culprits must be brought to book. The Ordinance should vest in Government powers to take over management of such concerns immediately in the interest of the industry and country. It seems no action has been taken so far though the Income-tax Investigation Commission has vividly brought out such misdeeds. Case of Sholapur Mills is a clear instance. It is earnestly hoped the things would be amended before it is too late and "before evidence is destroyed."

— H. R. N.

TRUMAN ASKS FOR MORE

WASHINGTON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter).

President Truman yesterday asked Congress for 10,486,976,000 dollars in new military appropriations.

In a letter to Congress leaders, the President also asked for 20,000,000 dollars for further conscription needs and 10,000,000 dollars for funds which the President is himself empowered to sue for emergency purposes.

His letter said the new appropriations were for a two-fold purpose: "First, to meet the immediate situation in Korea, and second, to provide for an early but orderly build up of our military forces to a state of readiness designed to deter further acts of aggression"

'UNLAWFUL WARFARE' CRIES BULGARIA

Protest Against Bombing Of Koreans

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): The Central Committee of the Bulgarian Red Cross in a proclamation yesterday protested against "gross infringements of the Geneva conventions and the bombing and slaughtering of civilian population in Korea." It demanded that an International Red Cross Commission be immediately sent to Korea to stop unlawful warfare.

CONCESSION TO FOREIGNERS

RAJKOT, July 25. (PTI): Foreign tourists entering Saurashtra can bring with them foreign liquor upto seven units from anywhere in India into the State according to a press note issued today.

This permission has been allowed upto March 31, 1951.

Colour For Vanaspati

By K.G. Mashruwala

SHRI Satish Chandra Das Gupta is as great a scientist as he is a great Sarvodaya worker. In the midst of his manifold activities, he took up the challenge of finding a suitable material for colouring Vanaspati. He has named two substances which satisfy the conditions of health, easy detection and difficult removability.

One of the colours suggested by him is carbon ground to a particular fineness. An addition of 1: 14000 (or 1 gram in 2 lbs. of Vanaspati) gives the hydrogenated oil a faint grey colour. The colour is less dark than a new corrugated iron sheet. It can be got rid off only by passing the mixture through a filter-paper—a process which cannot be done on a large scale. The Ministry was satisfied that it passed the prescribed tests, but thought that the colour was not pleasing to the eye and would be unacceptable to customers.

Thereupon Shri Das Gupta experimented again and suggested another colour-red oxide of iron, a substance which is cheap and easily available in the market. An addition of 1: 1000 (7 grains to a pound) gave the Vanaspati a red tinge, as if a little dry chilli powder had been mixed with it. But an addition of even 1: 5000 (7 grains to 5 lbs.) would also do. This gave to the Vanaspati a faint rosy tinge, such as is often given to icecreams. It was in no way repulsive to the eye. Shri Satish Babu claims the same qualities for it as for carbon. The opinion of the Food Ministry on this is awaited.

SAVE THE COW

This is in answer to the opinion of the experts that no satisfactory colour was available. On the merits of the question Shri Satish Babu says:

"Government should have the courage of sacrificing the revenue of Rs. 4 crores, in the interest of public health, and to save the cow. Otherwise the income of Rs. 4 crores will be more than counter-balanced by the loss of the cow, resulting in the loss of milk, ghee and the bullock and, so, food and agriculture as also.

"But we have lost the capacity of right thinking, and have become victims of inertia. For instance, it is very important to make use of non-edible oil seeds; but we make no effort in that direction. Instead of inspiring us to new forms of creative activity, Independence has made us indolent. Take another instance; the stone of 'jamun', if given in a crushed form, is a very nourishing food for cattle. So also the stone inside the kernel of the mango-seed. It can be eaten even by man after giving it a good wash. But we do not feel interested in such experiments."

Shri Das Gupta opines that to the extent Vanaspati is needed for soap and other industries, its manufacture might be permitted provided it is made unfit for human consumption.

"This can be done by the addition of red oxide of iron, 1:1000. As it is, certain things have to be added to the hydrogenated oils, when employed for industrial purposes. Cheap parafin oil can be well mixed. Or, Vanaspati could be further hydrogenated so as to raise its melting point, and white oil might be mixed in it while it is hot.

"You have rightly objected to the giving of an artificial aroma to Vanaspati. Doing so would lead to the destruction of the manufacture of ghee."

VANASPATI PROPAGANDA

He writes further,

"A strong propaganda is being carried on in favour of Vanaspati. Agents have been asked to take signatures from people on forms which say that since Vanaspati is cheaper than ghee, its manufacture should not be prohibited. One of the advertisements says that if Vanaspati was prohibited, ghee would become three times more costly. I wonder how the Food Ministry allows such false advertisements to be published. Please refer to this in "Harijan"."

I do not know how this calculation has been arrived at. But price is not the essence of the question. The important thing is Truth: What should he people eat, and what does the Government and the Industry make them eat? This is the question they have to answer.

Starvation Deaths Increase In Bihar

SITUATION ALARMING IN TWELVE VILLAGES

PURNEA, July 25 (UPI):

TWENTY FIVE deaths from mal-nutrition have occurred at Pararia Tolk, Madhuban and Patni, it is learnt.

Mr. Somnath Shah, a member of the District Board, in a statement says that starvation deaths are occurring in various parts of this sub-district.

Mr. Shah adds: "the general health of the people has greatly deteriorated, and there has been total unemployment of labourers where lands are still under rain water.

"Prices of all commodities except food grains have tremendously gone down. In the Biharigunj bazar many people are bringing ornaments for selling or keeping them as security against loan, advance sale of jute is being made between Rs. 12 and Rs. 15 per maund. The current price of jute is Rs. 32 per maund at Biharigunj. Prices of land have also gone down."

The worst affected villages are situated in the north of the Kishanganj Thana. They are Gamkil, Mohanpus, Hathiondha, Madhukechak, Pararia, Sorainj, Goalpar, Basnahi, Sarsandi, Anantpusa, Belahi Gangousa, Jhalkpi.

The food situation in many villages in Kishanganj is also reported to be alarming. It is stated that many people are having one meal after an interval of three or four days. Farmers are keeping watch to protect their jute leaves from hungry people.

Famine Conditions In Bhagalpur

PATNA: Acute food scarcity has been reported from Naugachchai Bihpur and Gopalpur Thanas of Bhagalpur District, adds a PTI message.

According to Mr. Raghavendra Prasad Singh, President of the Bhagalpur District Congress Committee, scarcity conditions are prevailing in these areas and there has already been one death due to starvation in village Ranga in Gopalpur Thana.

The Chief Minister of Bihar, Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, stated at a press conference on Friday last that food scarcity prevailed only in Kishungana Alamganj and Sonbarsa Thanas in Saharsa sub-district of Rupauli, Dhamda Ha, Barai and Korah Thans in Purnea district. He confirmed six starvation deaths had taken place in Purnea district but had said that there had been no reports of such deaths from Saharsa sub-district.

Mr. Raghavendra Prasad, in a statement, said the Government had not given their "due attention" towards the famine conditions prevailing in Naugachchia, Bihpur and Gopalpur Thanas. Rabi crop last year and the maize crop this year had been a failure. And despite constant rains from the very beginning this year, he added, "there seems almost no prospect of a good crop".

He said "starvation has begun stalking these areas of the district and there has already been one death due to starvation in Ranga village in Gopalpur Thana.

Cases of looting of food have also been reported.

FOOD MINISTER DENIES REPORTS

Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Bihar's Food Minister, told Press Trust of India that he was not in a position to confirm or deny the reports of 25 starvation deaths in Sharsa Sub-District. "I am more inclined to deny the report", he said, as previous reports of 17 starvation deaths had on investigation been found to be "due to other maladies than starvation."

He said that he proposed to make on-the-spot enquiries about the situation in the areas from where food scarcity had been reported. He would visit Bhagalpur, Purnea, Darbhanga, Monghyr and Saharsa.

HANDS OFF ASIA COMMITTEE: There will be a public meeting to support the Korean peoples struggle against foreign aggression at VANAMALI HALL, Dadar (BBCI) on WEDNESDAY 26th July at 8-30 p.m. Dr. MULK RAJ ANAND will preside.

Stop Press

IN KOREA TO STAY

LAKE SUCCESS, July 25, (PTI-Reuter): General Douglas MacArthur, Commander-in-Chief of United Nations forces in Korea in a report to the Security Council said: "We are now in Korea in foce and we are there to stay until the constitutional authority of the Republic is fully restored."

MORE TAXES IN U. S.

WASHSINGTON, July 25, (PTI-Reuter): President Truman asked Congress today for a prompt 55,000,000,000 dollars increase in taxes, to be collected partly from individuals and partly from business.

EUROPEAN DEFENCE: A NEW SYSTEM

French Support Assured

PARIS, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): Prime Minister Rene Pleven said today that the French members of the North Atlantic Deputies Council in London would support a plan for a new financial system for European defence.

"Common defence must be paid for by the institution of a common fund to which each country will contribute according to its possibilities", he said.

"The initial contribution would be made by the United States, the only country in a condition to make it".

RAJA OF ATHGARH ARRESTED

Signatory To Alleged Unauthorised News Sheet

CUTTACK, July 25. (PTI): The Raja of Athgarh was arrested at Puri yesterday in connection with the publication of an alleged unauthorised news sheet of which the Raja is stated to be the signatory. He was later released on bail.

The Raja's house was searched before his arrest and copies of the news sheet were seized.

The news sheet was stated to be in connection with the recent sadhu-police clash in Puri.

Swami Karapatraji of the Ramarajya Parishad of Delhi, who was at Puri during the car festival, left by air for Bhubaneswar yesterday. Before the swami left, the police seized from him several copies of the news sheet.

JOINT PROTEST TO RUSSIA

Territorial Claims Refuted

MOSCOW, July 25. (PTI-Reuter): The Swedish Ambassador M. Rolf Sohlman, and Danish Charge d'Affaires Hans Muller, yesterday made a joint demarche to the Soviet Government on the latter's claims to a 12 mile territorial limit in the Baltic sea.

An official Danish announcement in Copenhagen on the joint protest said that the Soviet Government attention was drawn to the recent detention of fishing vessels in the Baltic.

"Denmark has never recognised any right of any of those states with Baltic coastlines to claim a sea territory of 12 miles," the announcement added.

Match Factory In Hubli

HUBLI, July 25 (PTI): The Governmnt of Bombay has given permission to a local firm to start a match factory. The factory it is learnt will be established at an early date somewhere between Hubli and Dharwar.

4 MORE SQUATTERS CONVICTED

(Continued from page 1)

Part 4 of the Indian Constitution can afford an act of lawlessness". The accused did commit the offence of trespassing into the palace.

Taking into consideration the ill health of the accused who was admitted to the J. J. Hospital since his arrest, the Court did not think fit to pass a heavy sentence.

One day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 was also imposed on Shanti G. Patel, Dr. A. D. Navre, a Municipal Corporator, and Ramchandra Vinayak for trespassing into the palace.

Breakdown In Jail Telephone Line

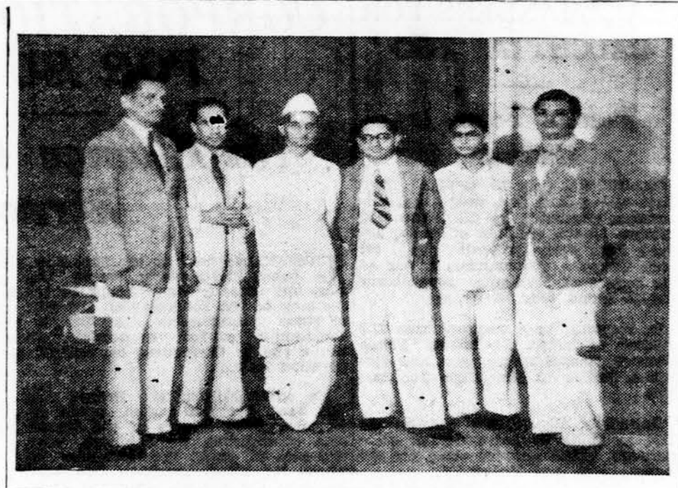
BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Breakdown in the telephone line to the Worli prison here today resulted in the non-production in Court of Mr. G. G. Mehta, Socialist Municipal Corporator charged with tresspass into Gwalior House here on July 22 along with others.

The Presidency Magistrate had at first refused to see Mr. Mehta produced in Court, stating he would not agree to hear a hungry man there. But on a plea by the counsel for the accused that Mr. Mehta was "quite fit" the Magistrate had agreed to communicate with the Prison authorities, directing Mr. Mehta to be brought to the Court. His telephone message did not reach the jail authorities owing to breakdown of the line.

"The hungry man" Mr. Mehta, was reported to be fasting inside prison as a protest against the refusal of the authorities to return him the book seized from him earlier.

Later, Mrs. Mehta represented to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Oscar Brown, for an assurance that Mr. Mehta would be produced in Court tomorrow. This it is understod, has been granted.



INDIAN EXPEDITION TO HIMALAYAS: The Hikers' Club, Bombay held a meeting at the BEST Conference Hall Monday at 6-30 p.m. ot form a new expedition to the Himalayas Mr. V. L. Mehta presided. Photo shows the party of hikers organized by the Club who previously ventured some of the peaks of the Himalayas. On the right side of Mr. Mehta is Mr. Rusi P. Gandhy, Secretary of the Hikers' Club.

Madras Rice Stock Dwindling

STATE ASKS HELP FROM CENTRE

MADRAS, July 25 (PTI): The stocks of rice with the Madras Government are "fast dwindling", according to a spokesman of the State Food Department.

He said today: "Government have a stock of about 1,43,000 tons of rice, sufficient to meet the rationing requirements of the state for about five weeks. A supply of 80,000 tons of rice is still awaited from the Governmen tof India, who have been pressed to further increase the rice allotment to the State.

"The State Government have received complaints from the districts of Chingleput, Tinnevelly, Ramnad, Madura and Pudukottah that ration shops in rural areas have, of late, been unable to maintain the supply of foodgrains to rationcard holders. To facilitate quicker transport of food to scarcity areas, Government have represented to the railways to allot additional wagons.

"Local officials have been instructed by Government to inspect ration shops in the villages of the affected districts and arrange for regular supply of foodgrains to the public".

A Saurashtra Government press note states that the Government of India have decided to allow export of salt to Japan freely for a period of three months from July 1 to September 30, 1950.

FOOD POSITION IN KARWAR GOOD

Sugar Quota Reduced

(From Our Corrspondent)

KARWAR July 25: Food supply position in the Karwar District is satisfactory, said Mr. M. K. Jadhav, Collector of Karwar, at his montly press conference. The total foodgrain holdings of 7,893 tons consist of 6,427 tons of rice, 938 tons of wheat, and 528 tons of jowar, with the monthly offtakes in rice standing at 1,200 tons, the current stock of rice will carry the District for the next five months, while wheat and jowar offtakes which stand at 350 tons and 200 tons respectively, will suffice for the coming two months and a half he added.

The Government had so far purchased 21,939 tons of paddy, about 82 percent of the target fixed for the District

Imports of wheat to the tune of 435 tons and jowar, 200 tons, are yet to come into the District, he added.

Sugar supply has been reduced by two ounces per head, for a fortnight, in the District, and this cut has been enforced since the current fortnight.

RED DETENUS

Asked whether any Communist detained from this District was affected by the recent decision of the High Court and the subsequent orders of the Government to release many of the detenus in the Bombay State, the Collector said that one Mr. Dharma Veera Singh, a communist leader who was active in the Karwar District some three years ago and later detained by the Government, has since been set free under the orders of the Government from the Yeravda Prison.

GANDHIAN CREED ALONE WILL SAVE HUMANITY

President's Talk With Students From America

NEW DELHI, July 25 (UPI): The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad today received a party of sixty American professors and students who are on a study tour of the world under the auspices of the Lafayette College, Eastern Pennsylvania.

Welcoming the party the President observed that India was an ancient and yet a young country. It had a hoary civilisation but her present independence was not yet 3 years old and her republic was in its sixth month.

They could thus see together the new and the old Delhi with its monuments of the past and this house which is about 25 years old, combined n itself quintessence of thousands of years of Indian history. He hoped that the party would no doubt be visiting the many monuments testifying to the glory that was India but he also hoped that they would be able to see that this country was striving to solve its modern problems and difficulties.

GANDHIAN CREED

On the request of a member of the party, the President told them that it was difficult for one who did not know what India was in n1915 to realise hof Gandhiji by his precepts and practice had initiated a revolution not only in the political but also in other spheres of Indian life.

On the request of another member of the party the President told them that the Gandhian creed of non-violence required in its votaries a type of courage which was of a much higher order than that required by ordinary soldiers.

True non-violence required that he must not entertain even an evil thought towards his oppoent. This required a rock bottom of faith. he said.

He said he knew that people did not have this faith at the present moment but it was his conviction that the cultivation of this faith would alone save humanity from its present troubles.

FREEDOM STRUGGLE

The President said: 'It is now history that India came to attain its independence through non-violence after a struggle spread over thirty years. In no other freedom struggle of the world was the loss of life among the oppressors so little as had been in India. This was because Gandhiji taught us not to have any malice towards our opponents. Ultimately non-violence helped to free India and it was his faith that this would also be the experience of other nations and the world as a whole".

After this, the visitors were entertained to tea and the President passed some time talking to the individual members of the party. The party were then taken round the Government House.

PRISON EDUCATION

Prime Minister Pandit Nehru told the 60 American Youth Argosy students here today he received surprisingly little education in Cambridge compared to the education during his many years of prison under British rule, adds PTI.

In an informal chat with them he said he was so busy now he had hardly any time to think. It was a pity he would no longer have an opportunity of going to prison where he could think.

The leader of the American party said they were amused to hear from the Prime Minister that he stood on his head a few minutes every morning.

Philippine Freighter Sinks

HONG KONG, July 25. (PTI-Reuter): The Philippines freighter San Antonio, 1,960 tons, sank almost immediately yesterday after striking a mine near the mouth of the river Yangtse.

All aboard reached the shore safely, although three members of the Chinese crew were seriously injured, according to a Shanghai report to the ship's charterers.

The San Antonio was bound for Shanghai from Hong Kong.

TALKS OF FAMINE ARE BASELESS

No Cause For Panic Says Mr Munshi

NEW DELHI, July 25.

THE Food and Agriculture Minister Mr. K. M. Munshi, said today that there was no cause whatsoever for panic in regard to India's food situation.

In a statement he described the talks of impending famine as 'baseless", and added: "It is such talks that provide the opportunity for hoarding and profiteering, thus creating the very conditions which we want to avoid."

Mr. Munshi said India was comfortably placed in regard to wheat, though there was a "serious" shortfall in rice supplies. In Madras, West Bengal and Bihar where difficulties had arisen, the governments were meeting the shortage by the supply of wheat and coarse grain.

Six starvation deaths had been reported by the Bihar Government who had since assured him that the situation was under control, he said. The eCentral Government had increased the allocation for Bihar by 20,000 ton and special trains were moving supplies into the deficit pockets.

WHEAT PROCUREMENT

There has been very good procurement of wheat in PEPSU and Punjab. PEPSU he said has offered an additional wheat surplus of 46,000 tons, and Punjab has offered 87,000 tons, though under the basic plan, it was not expected to export any wheat. In addition, Punjab has agreed not to ask a replacement of 15,000 tons of seed-wheat which had been promised by the Central Government.

The total surpluses declared so far by these two areas amount to 225,000 tons, which is in excess of their export quota for the year by 125,000 tons. Uttar Pradesh has procured a much larger quantitf of wheat than last year.

The main rice exporting States the Minister said are Assam, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh. As against an export target of about 100,000 tons for the year, Assam has so far been able to supply a little over 10,000 tons only, the shortfall being attributed by the Government of Assam to the disturbed conditions in the State during the peak period of procurement and the influx of refugees.

Orissa's procurement is proceeding according to schedule, and it is now the main rice supplying area for deficit States. Orissa has already supplied about 100,000 tons of rice to the deficit areas.

RICE DEFICIT

The Madhya Pradesh Government were expected to make available to the deficit States 250,000 tons during the year; so far only about 110,000 tons have been exported he added. An additional 50,000 tons maf be exported before the next kharif harvest.

Uttar Pradesh has also fallen short of its rice export target by 45,000 tons. The cumulative effect of these failures has been to disorganise the food budgets of the rice-eating deficit States.

West Bengal position as reviewed by the Chief Minister of Bengal and himself yesterday, he said showed that there was enough stock of rice with the State to meet its imediate needs. Procurement is going on and further steps will be taken to intensify it.

The allocation to Madras had to be increased from three lakh tons to 5.5 lakh tons, because of the difficult situation created by the failure of the monsoon in some parts of the State last year. As only a portion of the increased quota consists of rice, Madras has been compelled to reduce the rice quantum of the ration from 8 ozs. a day to 7 ozs.

Representations have also been received from Bombay, Hyderabad and other States for additional allotments of foodgrains. These are being given very careful consideration, he concluded.

WAR WILL BRIDGE DOLLAR GAP!

WASHINGTON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): A United States Government spokesman said today that Britain's dollar problem would be ended by expenditures proposed under President Truman's mobilisation bill.

He said that with the 2,000 million dollar authority for preclusive buying contained in the measure, Western Europe debit balance in trade with dollar countries would be wiped out.

Preclusive buying is buying to exclude other countries from the market. This involves such measures as buying a country's whole output of an essential raw material to prevent any going to an enemy or potential enemy.

Administrative officials definded preclusive buying as the buying of materials that might be used by the Soviet Union for war purposes, for example rubber, tin, copper, manganese, and other raw materials.

Talks On Removal Of Salt Control Order

NEW DELHI, July 25, (UPI): The Government of India is understood to be in correspondence with the State Governments on the question of the removal of Salt Control Order and abolition of district nominee system. A conference of the Government representatives is likely to be held early to arrive at a decision.

ONE OF GREATEST STATESMEN

U.S. View Of Nehru

NEW DELHI, July 25 (PTI): The party of sixty American young men and women, now here on a three-day visit on their round-the-world study tour, met Prime Minister Pandit Nehru at his residence this evening.

The leader of the party, Mr. Ernest Lefever said that the meeting was was very cordial and they were very happy to meet the Prime Minister. Americans, he added, regarded Pandit Nehru as 'one of the greatest statesmen of our times.'

Members of the party asked Pandit Nehru a number of questions on Indian and international political situatio. Asked whether he thought the Soviet Union would ever start aggression against India, Pandit Nehru replied in the negative.

He reiterated his attitude towards the Korean situation. As regards his peace efforts, the Prime Minister told the young Americans that they had not yet brought about the desired results.

CABINET RESHUFFLE IN MADHYA BHARAT

Ministers May Be Sworn In Today

(From Our Correspondent)

GWALIOR, July 25.

It is understood tha tMr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya, Chief Minister of Madhya Bharat has, this evening, submitted his note to H. H. the Rajpramukh, recommending the acceptance of the resignations tendered by the ministers on April 2 and reconstitution of a fresh Cabinet comprising (1) Shri G. K. Vijayavargiya, Chief Minister, (2) Shri Liladhar Joshi, (3) Shri Jagmohanlal Srivastava, (4) Shri Shamlal Pandviya, (5) Shri Kaluram Virulkar and (6) Dr. Premsingh.

He also recommended the appointment of Mr. Syed Hamid Ali and Mr. Sunnulal as deputy ministers.

Consultations had already been held with the States Ministry in this connection. It is expected that the ministers will be sworn in tomorrow.

Dollars For Gold Coast

ACCRA, July 25. (PTI-Reuter): The United States Consulate here announced today that the Gold Coast would receive 314,000 dollars Marshall Aid out of a million dollars the Economic Co-operation aid allotted to seven British territories for road-building.

HOMAGE TO MEHERALLY

(Continued from Page 6)

decision of the Congress High Command.

Extremely secular in outlook, he did not render mere lip service secularism as is common with many Congress leaders, but practised it all through his life. Meherally was the synthesis of Indian culture. He was the embodiment of true Indian culture and inherited its best traditions. If only our leaders were to follow in the footsteps of Meherally. I am sure the present chaos in our cultural life would end. Meherally was a student of Hindu, Budhist, Jain and Muslim mythology. He admired all the great Indian teachers and sages who have made lasting contributions to the spiritual heritage of India.

LOVER OF BOOKS

He was an intellectual giant and a great scholar. He loved books. To him books constituted one of the most essential and vital necessities of life. Very few good English books published in the world escaped his critical attention. He possessed a rare gift in the choice of books. His private library contains I believe, one of the finest collections of books on various subjects. He was a vigorous writer and gifted with deep and sympathetic knowledge of human character. As such his pen pictures of the "Leaders of India" are both exhilerating reading and penetrating studies of contemporary men and women who made history. He had a keen intellect and his book "A Trip to Pakistan", that he wrote in the Lahore Central Jail during his incarceration in 1940, shows what a correct political judgment he possessed.

Meherally was most loyal to the Party of which he was a philosopher, guide and builder. He was closely attached to every member of the Party all over India. But at the same time he enjoyed close relations and intimate friendship with men of other political persuasions in India too. In 1935 when relations between Congressmen and Socialists in Bihar had become very strained, it was Mehrally who undertook the difficult task of negotiating a reconciliation and handling some of the bitterest critics of the Party.

In 1938 during the Lahore session of the C. S. P. the Communists made a well prepared and concerted attempt to capture the Party. They even prepared an alternative list for the membership of the National Executive. It was only Meherally's resourcefulness and personal contact with each and every delegate to the Conference that frustrated the Communist move.

BEFITTING MEMORIAL

I pay my respectful homage to the memory of one who by his dedicated life taught us the lesson of universal friendship and service to mankind. He has left a void in our public life that cannot be filled. In the words of Asoka Mehta on whose shoulders has fallen the mantle of this great man "none can ever take his place. His mantle can be borne, if at all, by the movement as a whole." So let all of us dedicate ourselves to the consolidation and success of that movement. For that would be a befitting memorial to Yusuf Meherally.

A SOUTH AFRICAN CONDEMNS MALAN ADMINISTRATION

INDIA AND U. N. MUST DO MORE THAN PASS RESOLUTIONS

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): The aparthied policies pursued by the Malan Government in South Africa were strongly condemned today by Mr. E. S. Sachs, a trade union leader from South Africa, at a press conference here.

Mr. Sachs is General Secretary of th eGarment Workers' Union of South Africa, a member of the national executive of the South African Labour Party and a member of the National Executive Committee of the South African Trades and Labour Council, the equivalent of the British Trade Union Congress.

Mr. Sachs said, "There is not a single law passed by the nationalist Government, there is not a single administrative measure enforced by nationalist ministers; there is not a single speech of nationalist leaders in South Africa relating to non-Europeans which is not designed to oppress, insult, humiliate and degrade the 10,000,000 non-European people, Bantu, coloured and Indian."

RUINING INDIANS

Condemning the Group Areas Act, Mr. Sachs said that the Act was particularly designed to ruin the 250,000 Indians in South Africa so as to compel them to repatriate "voluntarily." He also criticised the recent Suppression of Communist Act as really "a suppression of liberty act".

If these 250,000 Indians in that country were to be saved from ruin and destitution, he said the Indian Government should do very much more than pass resolutions. Similarly, he said, if the 10,000,000 non-European people of South Africa were not to be condemned to eternal oppression and slavery, and if the creation of a racial volcano was to be prevented on the African continent, the United Nations organisation "will have to do very much more than merely passing resolutions."

He did not go into details regarding possible concrete action by the United Nations, but said that there were enough provisions in the U. N. Charter to enable the body to take strong and decisive action against such gross breach of fundamental human rights.

Mr. Sachs said that the masses of Africans had been very disappointed at the attitude of the British Government and the British press to the policies and actions of the South African Government.

FRENCHMEN INTERNED IN VIET-NAM

PARIS, July 25 (PTI-Reuter).

French Red Cross headquarters in Indo-China said yesterday they had a list of 285 French civilians interned by Communist-led Vietminh insurgents, according to an Agency France Press report from Saigon.

The list of names included those of 55 women, about 100 children and 58 French missionaries.

These civilians were interned by the insurgents at the time of the December 1946 rising which marked the beginning of the present guerilla war in Indo-China.

No figures were available for French troops captured by Vietminh forces the Red Cross authorities added.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 25.

Previous Closing	37-86
Today's Opening	38-00
Difference	+14
Today's Closing	38-08
Difference	+22

Cabinets May Come And Go

BUT FRANCE DIGS HERSELF IN

Remarkable Economic Recovery Effected

PARIS, (PTI-Reuter).

OFFICIAL statistics revealing that in the past five years France has achieved an economic and financial recovery more extensive than that following the First World War have just been published here.

The statistics were issued during the recent cabinet crises when two governments fell within a week and at a time when a major political crisis loomed.

The French are their own severest critics and perusal of the newspapers in recent weeks could well have given foreign visitors an impression that the country's affairs were in chaos and the nation headed for ruin.

In fact, M. Robert Buron, who, when he issued his report on French economic recovery, was Secretary of State for Economic Affairs, declared: "France's financial recovery is now an established fact. The economic recovery of France has been more rapid since the last war than following World War one."

HIGHEST IN EUROPE

W. Maurice Petsche, Minister of Finance in recent Governments likewise commented: "France is one of the countries of Europe whose production index is the highest in comparison with prewar figures....This has been achieved in spite of certain political crises the gravity of which seemed at times to endanger her very regime."

In his report, M. Buron outlined French economic history since 1945.

WAR DAMAGE

War damage in France in 1945, he said, was far worse than that which resulted from the First World War. Industry, agriculture and transport were disrupted and partly destroyed. The real estate patrimony of the nation had been gravely undermined. There was a great need for consumer goods and equipment.

M. Buson said that the country's recovery would have been impossible without first Lease-Lend material and later aid from the Marshall Plan.

Full employment had been practically maintained since the liberation and production last year caught up with prewar figures.

Investments in the modernisation of industry were regulated and priorities determined by the Monnet Plan, a five-year-plan adopted in 1947 and aimed at making France independent of American aid when the Marshall Plan ends in 1952.

By 1948, French industries were supplying the colonies and exports were rising rapidly.

By 1949, French seaports were handling more than their prewar quantity of traffic. Railway rolling stock and road transport carried more than their prewar loads. The merchant and fishing fleets caught up with and in some cases exceeded prewar tonnage, and the production capacity of shipyards, was adequate for practically all foreseen needs.

INDUSTRIAL ACHIEVEMENT

Achievements in individual industries included:

Oil refining—capacity in 1945, less than 2,000,000 gross tons (25 per cent of 1938 output of black products.)

Motor industry—60 per cent immobilised at the end of the war as a result of bombardments and German looting. Production capacity now back to prewar level and machinery modernised.

Tyre industry—production 60 per cent down in 1945. Now 50 per cent ahead of prewar figures.

Electrical industry—up to requirements this year but with 125 thousand million francs (£125,000,000) per annum of expenditure planned for future expansion.

Coal—Deep mining output nearly back to 1938 level. Modernisation of equipment and improvement of working conditions going ahead.

Agriculture—Rationing ended last year and harmonisation of prices and development of exports are now being achieved. France is now exporting wheat although in 1946 she was obliged to import it.

Iron, steel and coke—the subject of special State planning, to increase the production of advanced products and to improve quality.

The steel and coal industries are now the vital pivot on which turn hopes for future European economic unity with the Schuman Plan as the basis.

FRANC STEADY

The solidity of French recovery, M. Buron observed, was reflected in the now recognised steadiness of the franc.

The main blot now remaining on the page of France's postwar history is, M. Buron added, the housing shortage is a first necessity for raising the general standard of living in France, which is still too low, he declared.

THE HILL MAN HAS HIS POINTS

Assam Governor's Advice To Welfare Workers

SHILLONG, July 25. (PTI): Mr Jairamdas Daulatram, Governor of Assam, inaugurating here yesterday a conference of welfare organisations working among the tribal people, said: "If we wish to work among the people in the hills, we must not approach them with a feeling of superiority".

The Governor said that certain innate virtues which had been weakened by modern civilization in urban areas were still ruling the life of a hill man in his pristine richness.

MADHYABHARAT CAPITAL CRISIS

What Congressmen Quarrel About

INDORE, July 25. (PTI).

Mr. V. S. Khode, former Deputy Premier of Madhyabharat, said in a statement yesterday that Indore Congressmen had never demand that Indore be made the permanent capital of Madhyabharat.

"They have merely asked such important controversial issues be left over for the final decision by the first Madhyabharat Legislative Assembly to be elected under the new friends are bent upon having these constitution," he said.

Mr. Khode said that "some Gwalior questions decided immediately with a view to making Gwalior the permanent capital". Congressmen not only from Indore, but also from a number of former small states now included in Madhyabharat and even a few from some of the districts of former Gwalior State could not agree to such "arbitrary procedure". Indore Congressmen would be only too happy to co-operate with Mr. Vijayavargya's cabinet if "conditions favourable for offering such co-operation are again created", Mr. Khode added.

ASSAM-EAST BENGAL BOUNDARY LINE

Talks On Demarcation

SHILLONG, July 25 (UPI): Demarcation of boundary line between Assam and East Bengal in terms of the Bagge Award was the subject of discussion at a conference held in Shillong last week-end between experts of the two governments.

The Pakistan Delegation, which included Khan Bahadur Majid, Director of Land Records and Survey, East Bengal and Mr. Alkuddin, Deputy Director, Surveys, was headed by Col. Wilson, Surveyor-General, Government of Pakistan. The Assam spokesmen included Mr. S. P. Desai, Chief Secretary and Mr. P. Dutt, Deputy Director of Surveys.

The conference also discussed the question of demarcation of other portions of boundary line between East Bengal and Assam besides disputed parts which were covered by the Bagge Award.

Protest Against Increase In Tuition Fees

GAUHATI, July 25 (PTI): Students of the local Cotton College, a Government institution, abstained from their classes today as a protest against the Government's decision to increase tuition fees.

They paraded the main streets of the town in a procession raising slogans demanding reduction in the fees. Later, a meeting held by them at the college compound urged the Government to revise the decision.

Helping Cause Of U. N.

KOREA COMMISSION EXPLORING WAYS

TOKYO, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): Senor Sochez Marin, el Salvador, Chairman of the United Nations Commission in Korea, said last night that the Commission was "exploring every possibility of helping the cause of the United Nations and cause of the people of Korea."

In a broadcast speech from Commission Headquarters at Pusanmain American supply port in Korea—Senor Marin said "the issues were being settled in one sense at the military fronts. But from the long range viewpoint they will have to be settled on moral and political front if the results are going to be enduring and stable."

Senor Marin, whose speech was broadcast over all South Korean stations, said a liaison group was at Taegu working with the South Korean Government.

MAKING FLYING SAFER

LONDON, July 25. (PTI-Reuter): Radar search beams projected ahead of the aircraft and capable of detecting storm clouds as far as 40 miles away, will soon be making flying safer for travellers with the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

Orders for this beam-throwing equipment—latest product of the radar scientists—have been placed with a British Radar firm, the Corporation announced today.

The Corporation plan to instal it in their Dehavilland Comet and other aircraft.

SALAMANDERS FOR CALCUTTA ZOO

Present From Jap Children

CALCUTTA, July 25 (PTI): Two three-and a half feet long giant salmanders, presented by the Ueno Zoo (Tokyo) to the children of India, arrived here early yesterday by air from Tokyo. Salamander is one of the largest of all living amphibians and is found only in Japan.

In response to a request from the children of Tokyo, the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, sent and elephant, Indira to the Ueno Zoo last year.

Calcutta's Alipore Zoo will be the first in India to possess giant salamanders. The animals stood the air journey well and looked fit.

A special enclosure with a stream and a cave has been constructed at the Alipore Zoo to make the salamanders feel at home here. "Khas khas" screens and ice water will keep down the temperature in their new home below 77 degrees during the summer.

Refugee Relief In Korea

LAKE SUCCESS, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): Colonel Alfred G. Katzin, personal representative of the United Nations Secretary General in Korea, is making plans to handle the urgent refugee and relief problems in South Korea.

Rehabilitation Of DPs Going On Well

MINORITY MINISTERS ON GOODWILL TOUR

CALCUTTA, July 25.

MR. C. C. BISWAS, and Dr. A. M. Malik, Indian and Pakistani Ministers for Minorities started their third round of their goodwill tour with a visit to Hooghly district today. Later they will tour Barisal.

At Bhadrakali, the first place they visited, the two Ministers were told that about 80 per cent of the Muslims refugees had since returned and majority of them had got back their jobs and home.

ASSURANCE

Mr. Biswas explained the Government policy regarding the granting of relief and loans for the purpose of resettlement of refugees and assured that the Government would do everything possible to give them back their houses at the earliest opportunity.

Dr. Malik expressed his satisfaction at the present improvement in conditions and hoped that the two communities would live peacefully as they did in the past.

In Rishra, a mill area, the Ministers held informal discussions with the managers of jute mills and Muslim employees. The managers informed the Ministers that that almost all the Muslim workers, who had returned within the prescribed date, had been reinstated and the rest had been kept in the waiting list. The Ministers told the workers to submit a list of those still unemployed so that they might pass them on to the mill authorities for necessary action.

At Serampore they addressed the Municipal Commissioners and leading citizens.

WHY EXODUS CONTINUES

Dr. Malik said that people might be anxious to know why the exodus from East Bengal was still continuing. They were going to enquire into the causes and after their present tour they would go to Barisal. He, however, asked the people not to despair, but to work steadfastly for peace and bring back happiness in the two Bengals.

Later, at Chinsurah, Mr. Biswas and Dr. Malik met the members of the Minority Board and explained to them what exactly they were expected to do for instilling confidence in the minds of minorities.

Replying to questions at a students' meeting at the Hooghly Mohsin College, Mr. Biswas said that at no stage he had asked the Hindus to go back to Pakistan. All that he and Dr. Malik had said was that they should combine to create conditions which would make it possible for the minorities to live in peace, honour and with a sense of security.

He added that many reports of

HAY LICENCES FOR CATTLE OWNERS

BOMBAY, Tuesday: As complaints were received by the Government of Bombay that some persons, who are not cattle owners, purchase hay with a view to selling it in blackmarket, it has issued instructions to Inspectors, licensed commission agents and retailers to issue hay only to genuine consumers on production of the license already issued to them by the Milk Commissioner in respect of milch cattle and the municipal license in respect of horses and bullocks. Intending purchasers of hay are, therefore, advised to produce these documents for their requirements.

Collectors' Conference Concludes

BOMBAY, Tuesday: The two-day conference of the Collectors of Districts of the Bombay State concluded at the Secretariat, Bombay, today. The Minister for Home and Revenue, Shri Morarji Desai presided.

Various problems connected with the day-to-day administration in the districts were discussed at the conference with a view to arriving at a common line of approach to them throughout the State. The opportunity was taken to draw attention of the Collectors to the Government policy regarding food, kerosene, tagai loans to cultivators, co-operation, minor and major irrigation works and the running of village panchayats.

At an informal meeting of the Collectors, which was held in the afternoon, under the chairmanship of Shri M. D. Bhat, Chief Secretary to Government, the progress made in the work of printing of electoral rolls, the proposal regarding delimitation of constituencies, retrenchment in general and absorption of the personnel of the services in the merged States, etc., were reviewed.

LOVES AND HATES CAN CAUSE US ILLNESS

British Doctor's View

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON—**MODERN ailments cannot be measured by stethoscope alone. The doctor has got to dispense humanity with his medicine.**

The symptoms of trouble may be the thumping heart, the tremulous knees, the cold sweat. But perhaps, the causes are a man's loves and hates, man's passions and fears, his worries and anxieties.

There has been almost whirlwind advance in our scientific knowledge of disease, its prevention and control. But Sir Henry Cohen, in his presidental address to the British Medical Association, met at Liverpool, told his fellow doctors not to forget that human life is full of imponderables, for man is not a physical being only.

"Medicine is not all science, he said, "There are indeed many medical problems which defy measurement. Human life is full of imponderables for man is not a physical being only. He has emotions and appetites which cannot be measured though they profoundly influence his physical welfare. Bodily disturbances may be, and commonly are, the expression of his loves and hates, the weak and tremulous knee of fright being but a simple example of this unity of body and mind."

SOCIAL BEINGS

"The greatest danger to which medicine in the scientific age has been exposed is that of overlooking that men, both patient and doctor are sentient social beings, and of forgetting that however sensitive and specific our laboratory tests, and however elaborate and complicated our instrument methods of investigation may be they are not in ends in themselves", he warned.

When Moynihan declared that "we have made surgery safe for the patient; we must make the patient safe for surgery", he little thought that the ensuing few years would bring achievement so close to the goal.

"Yt," said Sir Henry Cohen, "the advances in surgical craftsmanship and technical skills, and and of measures to control infection stock and heamorrhage, will avail but little if we obscure the need to foster sympathy and kindness without which no surgeon is safe for the patient".

Recent years have given the doctor increasingly more potent weapons of diagnosis and treatment: but it is by the understanding and wisdom with which he uses them that he will he judged.

CORPORATION BUDGET FOR SUBURBS

No Change In Taxation Structure

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

TODAY, we have to see that the suburban residents are not given any cause to complain about the slackening of their existing amenities, but actually they should be made to enjoy at least some benefits on merging of the suburbs with the city. Considered from the point of view of these requirements, the Budget provides adequately for the needs of the moment as far as possible," observed Shri B. A. Dalal, Chairman of the Standing Committee on Budget Estimates 'D' for 1950-51 at the Corporation today.

He admitted that the Budget as had been presented lacked certain details regarding figures of the income and expenditure, for the last year, approval of plans and estimates of works for which provision had been made in the Budget, statement showing total cost of establishment, debt charges, and other items.

He made an appeal to tackle the new problems with practical vision structure in the suburbs had no uniand foresight. He drew their attention to the fact that the Taxation formity and varied from place to place.

TAXES

The Commissioner, he said, had rightly thought not to suggest any increase in the present taxes, except in the cases of licensing of trades etc., and as such the estimates of income had been prepared on the basis of existing rates of taxation and the totol income from various sources was estimated at Rs. 71.83 lacs.

The total estimated expenditure was placed at Rs. 69.94 lacs leaving a balance of Rs. 16.82 lacs. The cost on account of the Establishment amounted to about Rs. 29.49 lacs including Dearness Allowance of Rs. 9 lcs. In the absence of a statement showing the total costs of Establishment, debt charges and other services, it was difficult at a glance to know the estimated expenditure under these heads.

When the income level in the suburbs was brought on par with that of the city, the Corporation would be in a position to show better results, but for the present, Shri Dalal added that they would have to ret content with what the Commissioner had provided for.

Referring to the Loan Works Budget, he said that the amount available in the Loan Funds was Rs. 0.24 lacs. Government contribution towards the Loan Funds amounted to Rs. 2.71 lacs and the Commissioner proposed to raise a loan of Rs. 30 lacs during the year 1950-51 for meeting expenditure on different items. The total amount thus available came to Rs. 32.95 lacs.

Concluding he said that if past experience was any guide, he was not at all sanguine that the Executive would be able to utilize the several provisions proposed in the Budget. He, however hoped that they would try to do their best.

UNEVENLY CAST

Shri Homi Taleyarkhan commenting on the Budget remarked that it was an unevenly cast budget. He made a plea for uniform taxation in the suburbs as it looked absurd for Municipal areas to have different rates. On side of expenditure a larger share should have gone to Medical Relief and Public Health which had been notorious for their neglect in the suburbs.

Shri Dharia said that he was dissatisfied with the Budget as it provided no amenities for the poor and even existing ones had deteriorated. The markets wer ein unsanitary condition and needed prompt attention in view of the outbreak of cholera. He asked as to why two separate budgets had to be prepared one for the city and the other for suburbs. He also criticised the Budget for being a 'surplus' one. In the context of woeful lack of amenities, it should have been a deficit budget.

Dr. B. R. Nayen, on the contrary held that it was prudent on the part of the Commissioner to present a small surplus budget. However, he stated that more funds should have been allocated to Medical Relief and Hospital improvements.

GOVERNMENT HELP

Shri Rohit Dave deplored the serious lacunae as regards vital statistics in the Budget. In the context, it was difficult to have a clear picture of the entire situation. In view of the fact that the Corporation could not spare any funds from its income to provide amenities in the suburbs, the only source was a grant from the Government. He wanted to know the exact position in this matter.

Shri N. C. Pupala remarked that if the suburbs were to be properly developed they would provide a highly profitable source of revenue to the Corporation. He warned that unless the haphazard growth of industries in the suburbs were checked the Greater Bombay Plan would be meaningless.

Shri Nathalal Parikh emphasised the need of concentrating their attention on first things first. First priority, he said, was good drainage. The next was removal of encroachments on the roads. If these two things were achieved it would go a long way to mitigating the real hardships of the people of the suburbs. Other plans could wait, he said, for the times when new and adequate sources of revenue had been found.

The next meeting of the Standing Committee will be held tomorow.

Kripalani Too Stands For Congress Presidentship

NEW DELHI, July 25 (UPI): Acharya J. B. Kirpalani, former President of the Indian National Congress, has been nominated for the Congress presidential election by 12 A.I.C.C. delegates today, it is reliably understood.

Acharya Kripalani's is the second nomination received so far at the A.I.C.C. headquarters, the first one being that of Shri Shankerrao Deo.

RAZVI'S URDU SPEECHES

Gramaphone Records Received

HYDERABAD, July 25. (PTI).

The Chairman of the Special Tribunal, Mr. J. A. Pinto, trying Syed Kasim Razvi and two others in the "Shoebullah Khan Murder Case" today told accused Kasim Razvi that consignment of 'gramaphone records' presumably containing his Urdu speeches delivered in the State before 'Police Action' had been received by the Chief Secretary to the Hyderabad Government from his (Razvi's) relatives in Pakistan. He added the accused will be given an opportunity to play them 'outside the court' and hear. The Chairman also said that he will get these speeches rendered into English after playing them in his chamber.

Continuing his defence argument, Syed Kasim Razvi said that the prosecution had "mixed up" the talks he was supposed to have had with approver Aseer on three previous occasions at long intervals and had made them appear "as a conspiracy to murder Mr. Shoebullah Khan".

Syed Kasim Razvi argued that the "conspiracy charge" based on the 'talks' he was believed to have had with approver Aseer seven or eight days before the occurrence of the crime and also some three or four months back, was directly in contradiction with the statement made by the approver in the court.

Mohamed Usman, defence witness for Nazir Ali, A-3, was examined by the Special Tribunal in the Babinagar dacotly case today, (add the U.P.I.).

The witness stated that he knew Syed Nazir Ali as Tehsildar of Kopak Jagir where he was in the police as jemadar. He was acquainted with his handwriting and signature. A few letters were then shown to him which he identified to be in the handwriting of the accused.

Cross-examined by the Advocate-general witness said that he was a dismissed employee of the Police Department. The accused was once attacked by Communists. Answering another question, witness stated that the accused used to carry a pistol and .303 rifle wherever he went.

Inoculation Against Cholera

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Socialist Party (Bombay) announces that the following Doctors will be available for free innoculation against cholera:

Dr. A.R. Ranghekar, Ahmed Chambers, Lamington Road, Dr. D.R. Majrekar Oppo. Gamdevi Temple, between 12 and 1 p.m., Dr. N.V. Adyanthaya, Opp. Chokesey Bldg. Gamdevi, Dr. K. J. Pathare, Kandewadi, Dr. D. M. Kulkarni, Wagle Memorial Clinic, near Minerva Cinema, Grant Road, Dr. M.A. Ranade—between 9 and 11 a.m. and 6 & 7-30 p.m. near Grant Road, Station, Dr. Bhasker S. Rege, Rematabi Bldg. Arthur Road, Dr. D. K. Oak, 12th Khetwadi Lane, between 2 and 3 p.m.

Assembly By-Election

AHMEDABAD, July 25: Mr. S. R. Vasavda, Secretary of the Textile Labour Association, was declared elected today in the by-election for the one seat in the Bombay Legislative Assembly from Ahmedabad textile labour constituency. The vacancy was caused by the resignation of Mr. Khandubhai Desai. Mr. Vasavada polled 5663 votes while his oppenent Mr. Balavasta (Scheduled Caste Federation) 1,889 votes.

People IN THE NEWS

SOUTHERN COMMAND CHIEF

OOTACAMUND, July 25 (PTI): Lt.-General Rajendra Singhji, G.O.C. Southern Command, arrived here yesterday from Coimbatore and left this morning for Bangalore en route to Poona.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE

HYDRABAD (Dn)., July 25 (PTI): Mr. Harilal Kania, Chief Justice of India, who arived here this afternoon is staying at the Bolarum Residency as the guest of Mr. M. K. Vellodi, Chief Minister of Hyderabad.

The Chief Justice of India is expected to stay in Hyderabad till July 28.

MR. C. R. SRINIVASAN

MADRAS, July 25 (PTI): Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, President, All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, returned to Madras today by air from Bombay after his tour in the United States of America and Canada.

Indian Magician Honoured

NEW DELHI, July 25, (UPI): According to reports reaching here, Indian magician, Mr. P. C. Sorcar, was honoured by the German Magic circle 'Magischer Zirkel von Deutschland" started in 1912 by giving testimonial dinner parties and special magic shows on July 13 and 14 at Munich.

The President of the Magic Circle, Dr. Emil Thoma, presented him with the special royal decoration of the Magic Circle. It is the highest honour of the German Magic Circle given at different times to the world's best magicians. Mr. Sorcar is the first man from Asia to receive this honour.

Mr. P. C. Sorcar created a great sensation in Germany with his wonderful magic show.

INDUCING BURMA TO RELAY BBC

Efforts Fail

LONDON, July 25. (PTI-Reuter).

Major Tufton Beamish, Conservative, yesterday urged the Government in the House of Commons to ask Burma to reconsider her refusal to relay British Broadcasting Corporation's Burmese language programmes.

He urged this, he said, as Burma had received a very considerable Commonwealth loan designed to help her in her struggle against Communism.

Mr. Ernest Davies, Foreign Under Secretary, said the B. B. C. were still in touch with the Burmese Broadcasting authorities for a resumption of relays which ended in April 1949.

The loan Mr. Beamish referred to involved no conditions about broadcasting, he said.

"We have made approaches to the Burmese Government and we are hoping that eventually there will be resumption of these relays. At present we have not succeeded", he added.

UN COMMAND SET UP

WITH GENERAL MACARTHUR'S HEADQUARTERS FOR KOREA, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): A communique from General MacArthur today said that a United Nations Command with General Headquarters in Tokyo has been officially established with MacArthur as Commander-in-Chief.

General MacArthur's announcement was described as "general order number one from General Headquarters of United Nations Command".

Sholapur MLA's Decision

SHOLAPUR, July 25 (PTI): A meeting of the Sholapur members of the Bombay Legislautre held here yesterday decided to recommend that Sholapur District should be divided into thirteen constituencies for the purposes of the forthcoming general elections.

Each of the eleven talukas in the District should form a constituency; Sholapur City should have two constituencies, the meeting said.

NOMINATED: The Rajpramukh of Hyderabad has nominated Shri L. N. Gupta as President of the Hyderabad Municipality in place of Mr. Amir Ali Khan who has retired from service. Shri L. N. Gupta is at present the Jagir Administrator, Hyderabad Government.

SIX PROPOSALS FOR ERITREA'S FUTURE

LAKE SUCCESS, July 25. (PTI-Reuter.

SIX more countries defined their attitude towards proposals for the future control of the former Italian colony of Eritrea, yesterday when the General Assembly's interim committee resumed debate on possible solutions to Eritrea's future.

The Committee comprises all the United Nations with the exception of the Soviet group who have boycotted it since its inception.

Proposals advanced by the six nations today were:

Netherlands supported partition of Eritrea between Ethiopia and the Anglo-Egyptian Sudan; Guatemala proposed that all of Eritrea should be given a status of independence after a ten-year trusteeship under the United Nations; Australia suggested a modified trusteeship for Eritrea with Ethiopia as the administering power "a trusteeship not necessarily committed to the granting of eventual independence."

As a second choice, Australia said she would vote for federation with Ethiopia.

France opposing both independence or a United Nations Trusteeship for Eritrea would "actively co-operate with other countries in finding a solution which would, preferably, be acceptable to both Ethiopia and Italy."

Argentina, while favouring independence would agree to a federation of Eritrea with Ethiopia.

Israel said that if a general agreement were reached on a federation plan "it would seem essential that adequate safeguards under United Nations auspices must be provided to secure that Federation in fact as well as in word."

STEEL SHARES MOVE UP AFTER EARLY DECLINE

Premier Constructions Improve And Mills Steady

BOMBAY, July 25.

After yesterday's general rise in speculative counters, the local Stock Exchange ruled steady with mixed business. There was more disposition to buy on declines but at the rise there was modest realising. Bombay Burma Shares again ruled quiet but Steels and textiles were steady.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at a loss of Rs. 10|- at Rs. 1750 and declined at Rs. 1747|8 under scattered selling. At this level a feeble attempt was made to push up prices and Defds. advanced at Rs. 1755|- but failed to attract further buying support and steadied at Rs. 1752|8. Ordinary Shares were placed at Rs. 338|-. Indian Irons improved at Rs. 31|8 and Bengal Steels came in business at Rs. 23|6.

Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1021|- and declined at Rs. 1017|8 but firmed up at Rs. 1025|- on renewed buying and steadied at Rs. 1023|- Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 314|- Simplex Shares were steady around Rs. 227|8 while Svadeshi Mill Shares changed hands at Rs. 274|-.

There was increased activity on Scindia Shares. At the opening Scindia Shares were quoted at Rs. 14|1 but sharply declined at Rs. 13|12. At this level there was renewed buying and rallied at Rs. 14|1. Bombay Burma Shares were easy at Rs. 453|12 but Belapur Sugar Shares were steady at Rs. 234|-.

Thereafter Tata Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1747/8 and Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 337/8. Indian Irons stood at Rs. 31/6 and Bengal Steels changed hands at Rs. 23/5. Central Indias were quoted at Rs. 243/12 while Gokaks were done at Rs. 255. Associated Cements were done at Rs. 160/10 and Scindias were quoted at Rs. 13/13. Central Bank Shares were placed at Rs. 87.

TATA STEEL DEFDS.
After the close of the market Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1,785.

Towards the close there was active buying in Tata Steel Defd. Shares which firmed up at Rs. 1765/- and steadied at Rs. 1763/12. Ordinary Shares also improved at Rs. 341. Premier Constructions hardened at Rs. 106. Mill Shares were also steady. Closing tone was fairly firm.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	1028 12
Kohinoor Mills (21)	317 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	275 8
Central India Mills (6)	243 0
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	229 0
New Great Eastern (3-2)	155 0
Indore (8-3)	121 14
Gokak Mills 12)	254 8
Century Spinning (15	263 12
India Bleaching (8)	153 0
Swan (20)	310 0
Finlay Mills (15)	259 0
Morarji Goculdas (4-8)	177 8
Edward Sassoon	250 0
Meyer (12)	81 4
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	3 2
India United Ord (0-12-6)	11 4
India United Defd (0-2-0)	1 14
Madhusudan (15)	175 0
Podar (9)	136 0
Khatau (5)	145 10
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord (14)	340 8
Tata Steel Defd (64-15)	1767 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	146 4
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (6)	161 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	455 0
Belapur (9)	2 237 8
Shivrajpur (1-8)	41 8
Scindia Steam (0-8)	14 4
Premier Construction (4)	108 0
Tata Chemical	14 6
Tata Oil (2)	41 8
India Iron (0-11)	31 12
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	23 10
British India Corp (0-9)	9 8
India Copper	2 13 6
Wimco (11)	237 8
Alcock (28-2)	330 0
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Power (25)	1577 8
Andhra Valley (30)	1422 8
Tata Hydro (3)	156 8

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	60 0
Phoenix (6)	125 0
Indian Mfg (40)	2950 0
Kuria XI	105 0
Colaba (12)	91 0
New City (11)	150 0
Minerva (12)	135 10
Bradbury	560 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat (2)	32 8
Mysore Defd (4)	170 0
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14 4
Model Mills (12-8)	155 10
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	600 0
Vishnu Cotton (6)	206 4
Western India (40)	3005 0
Standard (15)	227 4
Sholapur (200)	3000 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	19 8
Hindustan Mills (40)	2925 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	48 8
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	240 0
Sassoon Silk (3)	38 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	16 12
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	162 8
Rata Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar	256 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	118 12
Ahmedabad New XD	112 0
Surat Electric (5)	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 1
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126 4
Bombay Suburban (3)	155 0
Bombay Suburban New	151 14
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (40)	1922 8
Imperial Bank P (10)	476 4
Central Bank (2)	86 8
Central Bank New (1-8)	86 4
Bank of India (4)	185 0
Union (0-5)	7 13
Baroda (2-8)	137 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-2)	47 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (2)	66 4
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	41 8
Universal (0-4)	9 0
B.I.C.	16 4
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	19 8
All India 9	9 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
G. P. (1-14) XD	111 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	265 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	152 8
Burma (Petrol)	1 9
Mackenzie (6)	85 0
Port Canning (3)	51 12
Kemp and Co. (20)	323 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 8
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	57 0
Mukund Iron	5 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	113 2
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	19 12
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	126 4
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Manamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	54 0
Bombay Cycle	29 0
Jost Co.	65 0
Digvijay Cement	72 0
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	203 2
Andhra Valley (7)	1221 4
Tata Power (7-8)	1332 8
Hydro Electric (7) XI	135 0
Bombay Steamer (6)	216 4
Central India (5)	652 8
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	668 12
Laxmi	270 0
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 8
Surat Electricity (3-4)	132 8
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	133 12
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100 0
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	75 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2-8-6
New Victoria Mill	2 5
New Victoria Pref	4 8
Phalton (8)	92 8
Gold Mohor (20)	285 0
New Kaiser-e-Hind	325 0
Sajjan Mills	105 0
Osmanshahi	120 0
Ajain Shahi	110 0
Air Services	4 8
Air India Tata	60 0
Hind Motor	6 2 6
India Steam	8 4

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 25

MILLS

Apollo 3-2-6 3-1-6 3-2 3-1 3-2
Bharat 32-8 32 32-8
Ahmedabad Advance 235 40
C. India 244 42 43
C. India Pref 652-8
B. Dyeing 1022-8 27-8 18-12 30 28-12
Century 262-8 65 62-8 63-12
Colaba 90 91
E. Textiles 250
Elphinstone Ord. 61 68-8 61 60
Finay 258-8 57 59-8 59
Gokak 256 54-8
I. U. Defd 1-14-3 1-13-9 1-14
I. U. Ord 11-4-6 11-5 11-2-6 11-4
Indore 126-4 20 22-8 21-14
Kohinoor 315 13-8 14-8 14 17
Meyer 83-12 81-4
Model 157-8 53-2 55-10
Mysore 170
Morarji 177-8
New Great 155
Phoenix 125
Podar 133 32 34 33
Sassoon Silk 38
Simplex 228 26-8 29
Svadeshi 274 72 76 75-8
Tata Mills 49 48-8
Vishnu 207-8 6-4
B. Steam 267-8 65
B. Steam Pref 216-4
Scindia 14-2 13-11 14-4

BANKS

Central 86-8 87 86-8
Central New 86-4
Imperial Old 1922-8
Imperial New 476-4
India 183 85
Union 7-12 7-13
U. Commercial 46-8 47

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 117-8 18-12
Andhra 1425 22-8
Surat 131-4
Hydro 156-8
Power 1575 77-8
New India 66-8 66 66-4

STEELS

B. Steel 23-7 23-5 23-10
I. Iron 31-8 31-10 31-6-6 31-12
Tata Defd 1747-8 52-8 45 67-8
Tata Ord. 337-8 38 37-8 41-8 40-12
Tata 2nd Pref 146-8 46-4

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 230 25-10 31-4 30
A.C.C. 160-8 61 60-4 61-4 61
Belapur 234 35 33 37-8
B. B. Old 458-12 61-4 53-12 56-4 55
B. B. New 151-4 52-8
B. B. Petrol 1-10 1-9
B.I.C. 9-8
Dharamsey 57
I. Bleaching 152 53 51-8 55 53
I: Copper 2-14-3 2-13 2-13-9
Port Canning 51-12
P. Construction 102 8
Shivrajpur 42 41 41-8
Tata Chemical 14-8 14-3 14-6
Tata Oil 41-8 41 41-8
Walchandnagar 142-8 40
Wimco 236-4 37-8

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 112-4 12
Vishnu Pref 670 68-12
B. Suburban Elec. New 161-4
All India Gen. Ins. 8-12
Digviay Cement Ord. 72
Mukund Iron Ord. 5-8
National Rayon Pref. 75-8 76-4

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 25.

The local bullion market was quietly steady today with limited business. Professional operators are out of the market as there is seasonal lull in the demand for both gold and silver and usual they re-enter the market prior to Diwaili. However, the market is inclined to await developments in the Korean situation.

At the opening Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 180|2 and improved at Rs. 180|8 under scattered buying and steadied at Rs. 180|5. Ready Bullion was quoted at Rs. 180|3.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 114|- and after declining at Rs. 113|14 improved at Rs. 114|4 and steadied at Rs. 114|- Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114|1 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 75|12.

Final quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	180	0	0
forward	180	2	0
Ready Gold	114	1	0
forward	114	1	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 25.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
2-1/3 per cent 1954	99	0	0
2-1/2 per cent 1955	99	13	0
2-1/2 per cent 1961	97	1	0
2-3/4 per cent 1960	99	7	0
2-3/4 per-cent 1962	99	1	0
3 per cent 1976	95	8	0
3 per cent 1986 Con	97	2	0
3 per cent 1951/54	101	2	0
3 per cent 1953/55	101	3	0
3 per cent 1957	101	7	0
3 per cent 1959/61	101	6	0
3 per cent 1963/65	100	1	0
3 per cent 1964	100	0	6
3 per cent 1966/68	99	14	0
3 per cent 1970/75	99	10	0
3-1/2 per cent 1954/59	104	0	0
4 per cent 1960/70	109	10	0
4-1/2 per cent 1955/60	109	14	0
4 per cent 1958/68	112	8	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2 per cent Bombay 1962	99	13	0
2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	2	0
3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	10	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 Per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952/53	100	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent N.W. F 1952	98	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/62	99	7	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98	8	0
4 per cent B.P.I.	109	12	0
4 per cent B Municipality	109	8	0
5 per cent B. Municipality	113	0	0
6 per cent B. Municipality 1954	112	0	0

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

Wheat Declines On Fears Of Control

CHICAGO, July 24.

GRAINS: Eased under the leadership of wheat after an irregular start partly reflecting satisfactory weather and renewed fears of price controls. The initial steadiness of wheat turned into losses on a disappointing export demand, hedging, increased receipts and slowness of flour demand. Maize sagged on smaller cash demand while oats softened on hedging.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Sept.	.....	2.30-7/8
Dec.	.....	2.34
March	.....	2.35-1/8
May	.....	2.33

NEW YORK PEPPER MARKET

Quiet With Limited Offerings

NEW YORK, July 24.

PEPPER: Prices were steady with spots at 205 cents traded and offerings held at 210 with buyers interested at 205. The market was quiet with limited offerings for shipment from India at so-called unworkable prices. According to trade source the price of pepper is expected to continue its general rise. Following are today's closing prices: Black pepper spot 2.05 traded, July 2.00 bid, August 1.80 bid, September 1.80 nom, October 1.80 nom, November 1.70 nom, December 1.65 nom, January 1.57 nom and February 1.50 nom. New Contract: all prices are same as old. White pepper spot 2.55 nom.

Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, July 24.

The pepper market was firm with the sellers price for black lampong raised five dollars to 640, while white muntok was unchanged at 1025 dollars per picul ex godown.

Amsterdam Stocks Decline With Hesitant Feeling

AMSTERDAM, July 24.

Price on the bourse eased slightly in hesitant dealings after a steady opening. Small losses were registered throughout in shippings, industrials and indonesians. Investments were weaker. An exception to the general trend was provided by indonesian and Dutch bankings which were firmer.

Paris Bourse Rules Very Quiet

PARIS, July 24.

The bourse was very quiet although there was some selling which sent prices down. The undertone, however was generally steady and, in most cases, pressure was easily absorbed. Suez advanced in forward dealings under spotty demand but industrials generally tended lower. Cash trading saw little of interest although prices were maintained. Among internationals, some kaffirs improved slightly but in most sections movements were very limited. French Rentes gained small ground.

New York Silver Sales

NEW YORK, July 24.

Demand contracted following consumers stepping up their scrap returns and sales approximated 150,000 ounces at unchanged level.

LONDON PEPPER MARKET

Absence Of Sellers

LONDON, July 24.

The pepper market was firm with prices nominal in the absence of sellers. Black lampong was at 12 shillings 3 pence, white muntok at 19 sh. 4-1/2d. shipping weight and white sarawak at 19 sh. 9d. delivered weight all July/August shipment per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar spot was indicated at 1,475 sh. July/August at 1,400 sh. per cwt., cif United Kingdom.

ACCIDENTS IN CALCUTTA

Hand-Cart Puller Killed

CALCUTTA, July 25. (PTI).

A handcart puller was knocked down and killed by a lorry on Red Road today.

In another accident in which a car and a taxi were involved at the junction of Bowbazar and Amherst Street, six persons were injured, one of them seriously. All the injured persons were admitted to hospital, but excepting one all were discharged after first aid was given.

Mixed Trading On Brussels Exchange

BRUSSELS, July 24.

Forward trading on the bourse saw mixed conditions as today was a settlement day. International factors appeared to have less influence on prices than technical considerations. Groups dealings on the cash market moved in similar fashion while bourse unique troding saw narrow movements both ways.

London Copra And Oil Markets

LONDON, July 24.

THE COPRA MARKET: Philippines July|August in bulk was unchanged at 225 dollars per ton c.i.f. Straits Dutch East Indies was firm on European enquiry. July|August at £89 sellers and £88-1|2 buyers. August|September was quoted at £88 12sh 6d. sellers per ton delivered weight c.i.f. Ceylon was nominally unchanged at £92-1|2 per ton c.i.f.

The coconut oil market was firm. Straits in drums was at £125 and in bulk at £121-1|2, Ceylon in drums was at £128 and in bulk at £123, all sellers per ton c.i.f. August shipment.

London Stock

LONDON, July, 24.

2-1|2 p.c. Br. Consols	£69-1|2
3-1|2 p.c. Conversion loan 1961	94-11|16
4 p.c. Funding loan 1960|90	107-1|4
3-1|2 p.c. War Loan on or after Dec. 1, 1952	93-3|8
Chartered Bank of India	9
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	74
National Bang of India	32-3|4

Transactions on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 7,140.

PRODUCE MARKET CLOSED
BOMBAY, July 25.

Today being a Hindu Holiday the local produce market remained entirely closed.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, 25th July 1950

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 3/32 8th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/32 to 4th Month
London Bank Building 120d/st 1/6 3/6 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month
New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs 431 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.
Banks Buying D D Rs 473 3/4 L/C. Montreal Rs. 430 1/2.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D D. Fl 79.
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T D D. Fcs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T T. D. D Fcs 1033.
Java Banks Selling T T D. D Gldg 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 83 3/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 157.
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 238 3/4.
New York/London Cross Rate dol 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10 63-68 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr 19.32-36 London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate F 10-65-68 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1 84-2/1.94 London Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 3.60-65 London/Montreal Cross Rate dol 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981 London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23-12.26
London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money: Call 3/4 per cent, 3 Mos 1 per cent 6 Mos. 1-1/4 per cent 12 Mos. 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone: Easy

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, July 25.

The following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Exchange:

GOVT. OF INDIA LOANS: Three per cen tPaper 97-2, three per cent 70-75 99-9-6, three per cent 1966-68 99-13-6.

GOVT. OF TRAVANCORE: Three per cent 1952-54 102-6.

GOVT. OF MADRAS: Three per cent 1956 100-1-6. Three per cent 1960 99-15-9.

BANKS: Travancore 14-4.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19-4.

PLANTINGS: Chembaras 5-8, Ouchterlony 6-9, Pulangode 1-11, Thirumbadi 2-13-6 T R and T Co. 6-1 Valkundam 8-12.

TEXTILES: Balasubramania Cd. 43-8, Bangalore Woollen 230, Buckingham Pref. 185-4, Camboia 11-12, Coimbatore Cm. 146-8, Coimbatore Pioneer 120-8, Coimbatore Spg. 5-12, Dhanlakshmi 230, Lakshmi 75-8, Janardhana 83, Madura 37-2, Mettur Cd. 370, Mysore Spun Cd. 7-10, Pankaja Xd. 1, Rahdhakirshna 180-8, Rajalakshmi 74-4, Ranga Vilas Cd. 96-8, Trav. Rayons 4-6, Trichinopoly 13-12, Vasantha 107-8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement Xd. 69-4, F A C T 7-2, India Cement 15-8, Indian Steel Rolling 5, Mettur Chem. 6-9, Mysor eChem and Ferts. 9-2, Mysore Paper Cd. 11-6, Spencer 12-4.

Indian Stock Exchange

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE
BOMBAY, July 25

Tata Ordinary	240 12 0
Tata Deferred	1765 8 0
Indian Iron	31 12 0
Steel Corpn. of Bengal	23 10 0
Bombay Dyeing	1028 12 0
Central India	245 10 0
Gokak	254 6 0
Kohinoor	317 8 0
Simplex	225 0 0
Swadeshi	275 10 0
Tata Power	1577 8 0
Associated Cement	161 4 0
Belapur	237 8 0
Bombay Burma (Old)	445 0 0
Scindia	14 4 0
Central Bank	86 8 0
New India	66 4 0
Tata 2nd Pref.	146 4 0

Alexandria Cotton

ALEXANDRIA, July 24.

KARNAK:	
July	deleated
November	84.75+150
January	83.55+130
ASHMOUNI:	
August	95.00—100
October	69.55+ 67
December	69.10+ 40

Calcutta Stock Exchange

ALL SECTIONS FIRM

CALCUTTA, July 25 (PTI): Firmness continued round all sections and business was large and satisfactory. Following are today's final transactions upto 3 P.M.

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent loan 1986 97/4, three per cent loan 1953/55 101/9, three per cent loan 1970/75 99/8 SL four per cent loan 1960/70 109/6.

BANKS: Bengal Central 7/11.

COTTONS: Kesoram 17/14 odd lot Muir Mills 242/- New Victoria ordy. 2/6 ditto pref 4/7.

COALS: Bengal 560 Bhalgora 9/1 Bharat Colliery 7/4 Burrakur 15/51 Dhemo Main 18/12 Central India 5/8 Katras Jherriah 38/4 New Beerbhoom 17/12 Raneegunge 9/2 Searsole 7/10 South Karanpura 27/6 Standard 24/8 Talcher 3/4 Western Bengal 6/3.

JUTES: Anglo-India 300 Auckland 165 Bally 284 Barnagore 285 Belvedere 315/- Budge Budge 225/- Champdany 211/- Cheviot 294/- Delta 267 Gourepore 532/- Ganges 340/- Hawrah 33/14 India 190 Kamarhatty 315/- Kanknarrah 210 Megna 172 National 27/3 Nuddea 78/- Reliance 23/13 Presidency 7/13.

ENGINEERINGS: Braithwaite and Co. 9/2 Burn and Co. ordy. 295/- Indian Iron 31/12 India Steel and Wire Products 49/8 Jesop and Co. 16/5 Kumardhubi Eng. 8/3 Marshalls 8/8 National Iron 5/3 Steel Corpn. 23/10 ditto Pref. 119/8 Textile Machinery 7/6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Indian Copper 2/13 Karanpura Dev 18/8 Sone Valley Cement 6/14 Alkali and Chemical 13/2 Calcutta Electric 15/3 Angelo Bros. 26/4 Bharat Airways 2/11 Bi Corpn. 9/9 Calcutta Trams 17/6 F and C Osler 5/7 Indian Alluminium 126/- Indian Cables 61/- Indian National Airways 3/1 Indian Wood Products 34/4 Jardine Henderson 174 Martin Burn 17/3 Metal Corpn. 4/14 National Tobacco 20/4 Rohtas Industry 5/6 British Burma Pet 1/9 Bengal Paper 51/- India Paper Pulp 167/- Shree Gopal Paper 12/13 Titaghur Paper 27/8 Assam Saws 8/8 India Steamship 8/6.

SUGARS: Belsund 4/12 Carew and Co. 8/13 Dyer Meakin Brewery 12/8 Ramnugger Cane 15/9.

TEAS: Banarhat 342/- Birpara 182 Dhelakhat 13/6 Dhunseri 10/- Gohpur 39/- Hattikhira 15/4 Jaybirpara 36/12 Jutlibari 10/12 Teloijan 11/4 Tengpani 24/- Tezpore 27/12.

POWER ALCOHOL PLANT IN INDIA

Viennese Firm's Offer

CALCUTTA, July 25 (UPI): Efforts are being made under the guidance of the Government of India to establish, in collaboration with some foreign firms, a large factory in India to manufacture power alcohol with a view to meeting the demand of the country, learns the UPI.

The Government of India are reported to have been approached by a Viennese firm in this regard. This firm has submitted a draft scheme for erecting a plant in India for production of power alcohol by a more efficient and cheaper process.

According to the scheme, the factory will be an independent industrial unit to produce alcohol from cane sugar molasses with a capacity of producing approximately 3.410 gallons per day.

The firm is willing to set up this plant in India in association with Indian interests. Their share of the capital will be the supply of machinery and other equipments and the know-how. Their estimate of the total cost of the mechanical equipment required in the factory is approximately Rs. 6.00,000.

The Government of India who have forwarded this proposal to the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, it is understood, have decided to give every facility in the nature of necessary exchange and other facilities required for the erection of such a plant.

MADRAS ATTITUDE TO COMMUNISTS

No Change, Says Minister

MADRAS, July 25 (PTI): Mr. K. Madhava Menon, Minister for Law and Education, said here today that the Indian Communists' new policy did not call for any change in the Madras Government's attitude towards them.

The Communist Party's intention he added, appeared to be one of "lying low till an opportune moment arises for a more effective adoption of violence."

"Our quarrel is not with Communists as such but with those who indulged in subversive activities," he said.

Red Detenus On Fast

SHAMBALPUR, July 25 (PTI): Seven Communist prisoners detained in the jail here have been on hunger-strike since July 4, it is learnt here.

The condition of one of them is stated to be causing anxiety.

Kicked His Wife To Death

(From Our Correspondent)

KARWAR, July 25. A domestic strife between husband and wife, in Honavar, it is said, made the husband lose his temper and kicking his wife, caused her death. The wife, it is stated was pregnant at the time.

American Markets

INFLATIONARY FACTORS TELL ON N. Y. COTTON PRICES

Wall Street Irregular On Corrective Profi-taking

NEW YORK, July 24.

Opened easier in fairly active dealings influenced by trade selling centred chiefly on near October. Trade reports estimating that the Commodity Credit Corporation had sold 200,000 bales from 1948 loan stocks brought out some hedging. Prices later rebounded sharply however as a scarcity of contracts developed which resulted in covering.

In the afternoon alternating periods of profit-taking versus covering based on renewed talks of price controls and other inflationary factors, the session finally closed steady with sales placed at 200,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS
NEW YORK

October	37.86
December	37.82
March	37.80
May	37.68
Middling spot	39.06

New York October highest: 37.90 at 2-54 p.m. Lowest: 37.30 at 10-30 a.m.

NEW ORLEANS

October	37.67
December	37.65
March	37.66
May	37.55
Middling spot	37 75

WALL STREET MARKET

Mildly Softer On Liquidation

Turned mildly softer with a fair profusion of losses mostly upto one dollar or so under corrective profit-taking after last week's recovery and some nervous liquidation over the tax outlook. Operators noted reports that President Truman discussed with congressional leaders today the advisability of an immediate emergency tax on both individual incomes and business firms.

At noon the averages were Industrials 207.11 and rails 60.04. Buying in the rail and rail equipment sections spread to others notably oils and rubbers where initial losses were reduced or more than erased. The market ranged mostly upto a dollar or so eitherway with gains in slight majority. Dividend news aided assorted issues with philips petroleum at a new 1950 peak of 69-1|8 on a one dollar boost in the annual dividend rate to four dollars. While rails were maintained, profit-taking in some industrial sections gave the market a rather mixed appearance leaving prices finall mostly upto a dollar or so either way. The session closed irregular.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph	150-7|8
Amerex Holding Co.	29-1|4
Anaconda Copper Mining	32-1|2
Chase National Bank	38-3|4
Firestone Tyre	62-3|8
General Electric	45-3|4
General Motors	82
Ingersoll Rand	65-3|4
International Nickel	30-3|8
National City Bank	45-3|4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14-7|8
Sinclair Corp	27-1|2
Secony Vacuum	21
Texas Co.	67-7|8
Union Carbide	42-3|4
U.S. Smelting	37-1|4
U.S. Steel Common	35-7|8
Western Union	29-1|2

Total number of Shares which changed hands during the day was 2,300,000.

Highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 35-7-8 and 35-3|8

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1865

Korean battle casualty: Evacuated by air from the battle area in Korea, an American casualty is carried on a stretcher from the ambulance plane at an airport in Japan.—Reuter Photo.

JOINT INDO-PAK DEFENCE

Need Of The Hour, Says Dr. Syed Mahmud

NEW DELHI, July 25, (PTI).

JOINT Indo-Pakistan defence is a military, political, geographical and economic necessity, pleads Dr. Syed Mahmud, Education Minister of Bihar, in a series of five articles contributed to "Indian News Chronicle."

In support of his thesis from the military view point, he quotes General Tuker to say: "India is indefensible unless the Indian Union and Pakistan work together."

Dr. Mahmud recalls Field Marshal Slim's recent observations advocating a joint defence plan, and adds that the strategic weakness of Pakistan is the strategic weakness of India.

With the increase in Chinese Communists' pressure on Tibet, Dr. Mahmud proceeds, the danger of Red infiltration into India and Pakistan from the north, through Tibet and Nepal, will increase, and this will be a common danger to both countries.

If the United States and Canada with all their differences, can have a common defence policy, Dr. Mahmud says, there is no reason why with so many close and intimate ties, India and Pakistan cannot have a common defence and a common foreign policy. The boundaries between India and Pakistan, he asserts, should not be considered lines of separation but frontiers of contact.

JOINT BODIES

Dr. Mahmud suggests the setting up of two joint orgapisations. One will be a Joint Defence Council consisting of a president from each country, who will take the chair alternately, one Chief of the Combined Staff from each country; and secretaries from the three services of each country. The other will be a Joint Foreign Office, consisting of the Prime Minister of each country; a secretary representing the two countries equally; a good Joint Intelligence Bureau; and a recommendation Committee to include subjects such as finance and communications.

"A defence policy based on co-operation", he concludes "will not only be the panacea for our present ills including the Kashmir problem; but will lay the foundations of permanent goodwill and concord between India and Pakistan. Joint defence can only be based on a common foreign policy, having for its subject non-aggression and world peace. This should imply no interference with the sovereignty of these countries; it only means co-operation in pursuit of common economic and strategic aims in the interest of the common welfare of their people."

Who Will Bell The Cat?

LONDON, July 25 (PTI-Reuter).

ATOM bomb suits are being made experimentally in Britain to protect rescue squads entering radio-active areas after an atomic attack, it was reported here today.

But they will need strong men to wear and work in them for the outfit—cloak, helmet, trousers, gloves—weighs as much as the chain mail of old.

The protective material is made from powdered lead and rubber and the suits are a development of the protective aprons worn by radiologists, according to the "Daily Mail."

But despite its weight, the material is so flexible that so small an object as a match can be picked up although to the wearer of the protective clothing there is a feeling of working in slow motion.

Korean Affair Badly Handled

BRITISH MP ON U. N. INTERFERENCE

LONDON, July 25, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Konni Zilliacus, a former Independent Labour Member of Parliament yesterday told a meeting of the National Peace Council that the war in Korea was a civil war complicated by a clash between United States and Russian power politics.

To treat it as international aggression contrary to the United Nations Charter was the worst possible way of handling the situation.

The one glimmer of light was that negotiations had already begun for all practical purposes with the mediation proposals of Pandit Nehru, the Indian Prime Minister.

Shouts of "You Wicked Man" and "Warmonger" interrupted the speech by Canon L. J. Collins of Saint Paul's Cathedral who declared that the "primary responsibility for causing the Korean conflict was the Soviet Union's."

The National Peace Council is an organisation for co-ordinating the work of a number of British societies devoted to keeping the peace.

NEED FOR ECONOMIC PLANNING

Nanda's Address At Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, July 25 (PTI): Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Deputy Chairman of the Planning Commission, said here today that the need for planning our ecoomic life could hardly be questioned.

Speaking to pressmen before his departure to Delhi he said: "the importance of the role of planning is receiving increasing recognition all over the world. Our country would have fared much better if it had started planning earlier. The existence of too many plans far in excess of the limited resources, is the negation of proper planning and demonstrates its need.

King Leopold The Third of Belgium, entered his Palace today in the midst of an armed Cavalcade including four armoured cars. He had been flown back to Belgium from Geneva after six years in exile, landing at Evere military airport, near Brussels. Keystone Photo shows:—King Leopold, followed by his two sons, Prince Baudouin and Prince Albert (right), salutes as he inspects the guad of honour at the military airfield.

BOMBS GREET LEOPOLD'S RETURN TO THRONE

Flare-Up In Belgium

BRUSSELS, July 25, (PTI-Reuter).

THIRTEEN bomb blasts cut mainlines throughout Belgium today in the biggest flare-up yet of anti-Leopold sabotage. A Dynamite explosion tore up a section of the line leading into France at Janappe, near Mons.

Two bombs blasted tracks leading out of Tournai.

Saboteurs cut 20 signal lines at Quenast between Brussels and Mons.

In Brussels itself, nails were sprinkled over a large stretch of the main road leading out to Mons.

A grid pylon was destroyed by an explosion at Roux, near Charleroi.

MAIN LINE CUT

Explosions cut the main line from Brussels to Namur in three places.

Other blasts ripped up the tracks Namur and Chaleroi, and Namur and Tirlchoni.

Nearest explosions to Brussels occurred at Boitsfort, about seven miles away.

The bomb tore a breach in a line leading into Schaerbek, huge marshalling yard in a Brusseis suburb. Workmen this morning found an unexploded bomb on the same line.

Over 18.000 workers in the Waldon (French speaking), half of Belgaum's Brabant province, struck work today in protest against King Leopold's return to the throne.

Strike leaders said the "stop work" protest would last 48 hours but workers were meeting today to decide on its exact duration.

RELEASE DETENUS OR TRY THEM

Civil Liberty Conference Demand

AMBALA, July 25, (UPI): The Civil Liberties Council, at a meeting held here under the presidency of Babu Bachan Singh, M.L.A., demanded either the unconditional release or trial in the ordinary courts of law on specific charges of all persons who had been detained without trial.

The Council demanded deletion of all acts in the constitution which were repugnant to the fundamental rights.

The Council also formed a subcommittee to draft concrete proposals for reform in police administration.

Feather For Shuttle Cocks

RAJKOT, July 25. (PTI).

The Saurashtra Government has decided to grant licences for the July—December half for the import from soft currency areas of feathers required by manufacturers of sports requisites for manufacturing shuttle cocks. The licences will cover six

GOODS TRAIN COLLISION

No Casualty In B.N.R. Accident

CALCUTTA, July 25. (PTI).

A goods train collided with some station army wagons at 3-30 p.m. yesterday on the Tata-Badampahar branch line, 193 miles from Howrah, states a communication received here from the District Traffic Officer, Chakradharpur, Bengal Nagpur Railway

There has been no casualty but the line is likely to remain blocked for about 24 hours

The cause of the collision is under investigation.

Punjab League Chief Quits

LAHORE, July 25. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Abdul Bari, President of the Punjab Muslim League, resigned from his office today.

Announcing his resignation this afternoon at the session of the Punjab Muslim League Council, Mr. Bari said that he had decided to resign as a protest against the activities of Mr. Mumtaz Daultana by which he had managed to work up the wrath of the All-Pakistan Muslim League High Command against the Punjab Muslim League.

Sentenced For Bribery

ALLAHABAD CASE

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, July 25: Holding two accused, Dhak Lal, Station Officer and Shiva Dutta, Head Constable of Dadri Police Station, Bulundshahar District, had been rightly convicted for accepting bribe, Chief Justice of the Allahabad High Court, while confirming their convictions and maintaining their sentences reduced the fine imposed on Shiva Dutta from Rs. 200 to Rs. 50.

It was a revision case arising out of the order of a magistrate convicting the two applicants and sentencing them to pay a fine of Rs 200 each and nine months' R. I.

The facts of the case are: A truck collided with a bullock cart killing the two bullocks. Both the accused demanded from the driver Rs. 1,110 to hush up the case after registering the bullock owner's statement about the death of the bullocks. A trap was laid for the accused and Shiva Dutta was caught with Rs. 600 in marked currency.

Ganja Hidden In Box Of Bangles

AHMEDABAD ARREST

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 25.

As prohibition is being enforced more and more strictly, smugglers are finding out new ways to outwit the authorities. A box of bangles searched at Ahmedabad station, was found to have a false bottom in which was discovered about 4 lbs. of ganja. The alleged smuggler, Babu Hamind was arrested when he alighted from Saurashtra Mail with this box.

Submarines Sighted Off Canada?

SEVEN REPORTS SO FAR

OTTAWA, July 25 (PTI-Reuter): The Canadian Navy has received seven reports of submarine sightings off Canada's east coast—the latest as recently as last night—a Navy spokesman disclosed here yesterday. The first of the reports was made by fishermen three weeks ago.

The spokesman said the Navy had followed up the reports, but in none of the cases was there conclusive proof that a submarine was lurking in the area.

In Halifax, Rear Admiral E. R. Mainguy, chief of the Navy's Atlantic Command announced yesterday that two frigates were searching for an unidentified submarine reported in Canadian coastal waters.

Planes of the Canadian Air Force were also believed to be on the prowl.

SPIRITED EFFECT: An anti-drink propaganda, as part of the Madhya Pradesh Social Education Scheme is having "a salutary effect" on the population, according to official reports received in Nagpur from the 22 districts of the State. Drinking habit is reported to have been given up by a large number of people in the districts of Buldana and Hoshangabad.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

IT HAS long been my habit to look at the Social and Personal after, of course and naturally, first reading "In a China Shop." But somehow I have forgotten to do this for some days and, when I have remembered, the newspaper has been whisked away from my ken. Has not the great Biglow observed that "tomorrow this sheet in which a vision was let down to me from Heaven, shall be the wrappage to a bar of soap or the platter for a beggar's broken victuals"? Around me the tempo is faster and in a matter of seconds is done what took a day for Biglow. But let that be.

I looked once again this morning at the S and P, somewhat as one who greets an ol friend. But the old pleasure was dimmed by the new styles that have crept in into that feature. And I must lodge an aesthetic protest against the present ways of presenting Court news.

"Shri Mascarenhas .... Shrimati Mendonza.... Kumari Paranjpye.... Shri Dastur ....Shrimati Ebrahim came to lunch...." reads strange to one who has been brought up in an atmosphere of Sirs and Misters and Missuses and Misses. And I am surprised that the 'majority" has not protested against the undemocratic Kumari which often hides a genial and hearty soul, or that the minority has not complained that the will of the majority is being imposed on them. After all, the concession called for is a small one: Let Shri Mascarenhas become Senhor Mascarenhas; Shrimati Mendonza Senhora Mendonza—only dropping, the 'h' to meet the Spanish need when it is required to substitute Portuguese—and all will be fit and proper. From Shri to Senhor is but a short step. As for the Ebrahim problem, I thought Jinnah had solved it or rather had it solved by Gandhiji when the name was graced with the honorific Janab with the female equivalent Begum.

That leaves only a small section to to be provided for—what for convenience sake I might be permitted to call the relic of Britain in India, the section whose past is the period just preceding with which they are completely indentified. For this section we may for the time being retain the familiar Mr and Mrs and Miss.

There is, however, much more serious implication which neither those who have initiated the change nor those who might be expected to oppose it could be quite aware of. Sometimes the obscure needs the flash of the columnist to illumine it. If, whilst using English, we stuff the language with Indian words and pharese, possibly we may, at the end of fifteen years when the time for decision again will be on us, find we are speaking Hindustani without knowing it, or rather under the belief that it is English. This, let me add, is not an original thought of mine. When the Constituent Assembly adopted the article on the National Language—"the official language of India shall be Hindi"—a business magnate who is not esteemed in other quarters as highly as he is by himself and the chosen few who have no choice in the matter, made a shrewd suggestion. "This is wrong," he shot out in his characteristic staccato style, "The article should read, "The official language..shall be called Hindi". And lest the less intelligent might have missed the meaning, he added, "Then we could have kept English itself and called it Hindi."

It was rather obvious and unbecoming a government. I cannot associate any government with the self-evident tortuousness that is common to walks of life other than administration. It is well that the method now in hand has been adopted.

There was more, much more, that I had to say on this subject but, slipping from the S and P, my mind has lighted on a news item to the effect that the Socialist G. G. Mehta who has been marched to jail for keeping company with Gwalior House squatters, has had his copy of "Marx-His Times and Ours" confiscated by the jail authorities. For long I have yearned to own a copy of this book which tempts me every time I enter a bookshop. If the jail authorities would pass the bok over to me, I can assure them that I shall put it to good use nor shall I be led stray into lawlessness by its persual. It is time that the prison authorities turned their hands to constructive no less than destructive works.

NEED OF SOCIAL FUNCTIONS

President's Advice

NEW DELHI, July 25, (UPI) The President, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, today emphasised the need for holding social functions where people of different religions and faiths could meet and develop brotherly feelings.

The President, who was addressing an Id re-union gathering arranged by the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Hind here this afternoon said that such gatherings used to take place on religious and social occasions in the past. They enabled people of different faiths and various sections of society to come together. But times had changed and such functions had become rarer nowa-days. He hoped, however, that in future people would arrange such functions where followers of different religions could meet and develop brotherly feelings amongst themselves.

EGYPT REAFFIRMS HER NEUTRAL STAND

Iran Too Not To Send Troops To Korea

LAKE SUCCESS, July 25. (PTI-Reuter).

EGYPT yesterday reiterated her intention to remain neutral in the Korean conflict saying she would continue to abstain from voting on Security Council sanctions against North Korea.

The reiteration of policy was made in a statement to the press quoting various pronouncements by Mohamed Salah el Din Bey, Egyptian Foreign Minister.

The statement said, "Certain press correspondents were under the impression that Egypt had changed her mind over the Korean conflict but the Foreign Minister's last press conference should have dispelled this impression".

India has approached the Cairo Government concerning the possibilities of recognising the Chinese Communist Government, or at least to support its admission to the Security Council, but neither request was favourable received by the Egyptian Government.

HIGHEST ESTEEM

The Egyptian Foreign Minister states, however, "I feel bound to mention that Pandit Nehru's efforts are worthy of the highest esteem"

NO TROOPS FROM IRAN

Iran has informed the United Nations that she is not in a position to offer troops to fight against the North Koreans in the United Nations' fight in support of the Korean Republic.

Mr. Trygve Lie yesterday met the chief delegates of South Africa, Brazil and Yemen separately to discuss their respective roles in the United Nations' fight in Korea.

None of the three countries has yet sent a final communication to United Nations headquarters about their attitude to Mr. Lie's urgent appeal for more aid, particularly troops to stop North Korean aggression.

THAILAND OFFER

Thailand has officially informed the United Nations that, subject to the King's approval she has decided to offer a combat team of about 4,000 officers and men to fight against the North Koreans with the United Nations forces.

This was the first official troops' offer received here in response to Secretary General Trygve Lie's urgent appeal for more aid, "particularly ground forces."

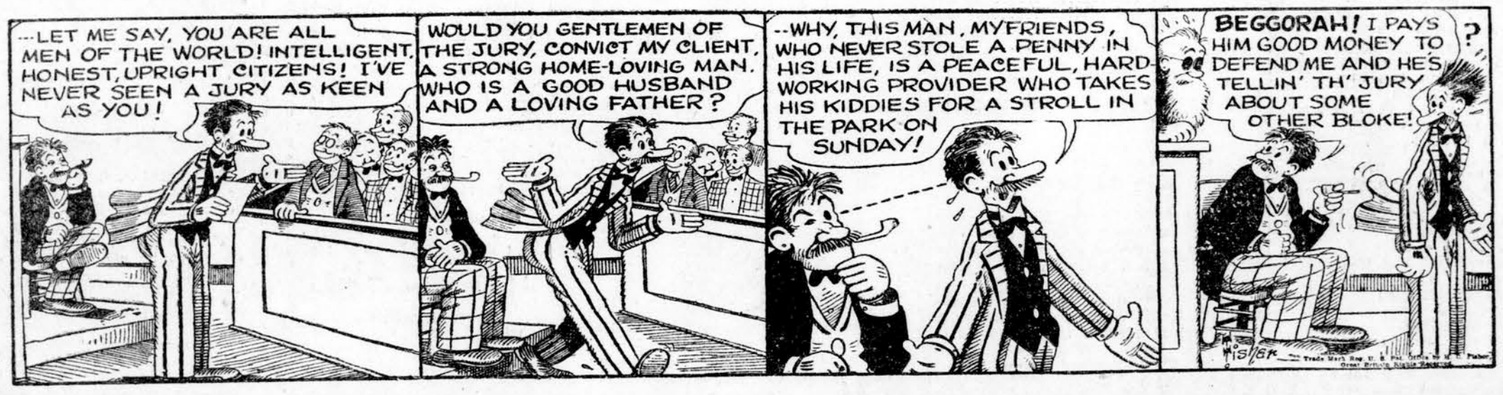
Holland has stated that she could not send troops; her army at home was indispensable while the troops still in Indonesia due for repatriation could not be used without the consent of the Indonesian Government.

Norway officially notified America today that she was ready to place merchant shipping at the disposal of the United Nations forces in Korea.

About 300 tongawalls of Ambala city are on strike as a protest against the nonavailability of gram for their ponies.

MUTT AND JEFF—Mutt Must Have His Blackstone Mixed Up

By BUD FISHER


--LET ME SAY, YOU ARE ALL MEN OF THE WORLD! INTELLIGENT, HONEST, UPRIGHT CITIZENS! I'VE NEVER SEEN A JURY AS KEEN AS YOU!
WOULD YOU GENTLEMEN OF THE JURY, CONVICT MY CLIENT, A STRONG HOME-LOVING MAN, WHO IS A GOOD HUSBAND AND A LOVING FATHER?
--WHY, THIS MAN, MY FRIENDS, WHO NEVER STOLE A PENNY IN HIS LIFE, IS A PEACEFUL, HARD-WORKING PROVIDER WHO TAKES HIS KIDDIES FOR A STROLL IN THE PARK ON SUNDAY!
BEGGORAH! I PAYS HIM GOOD MONEY TO DEFEND ME AND HE'S TELLIN' TH' JURY ABOUT SOME OTHER BLOKE!
FISHER

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay Edited by S. NATARAJAN.